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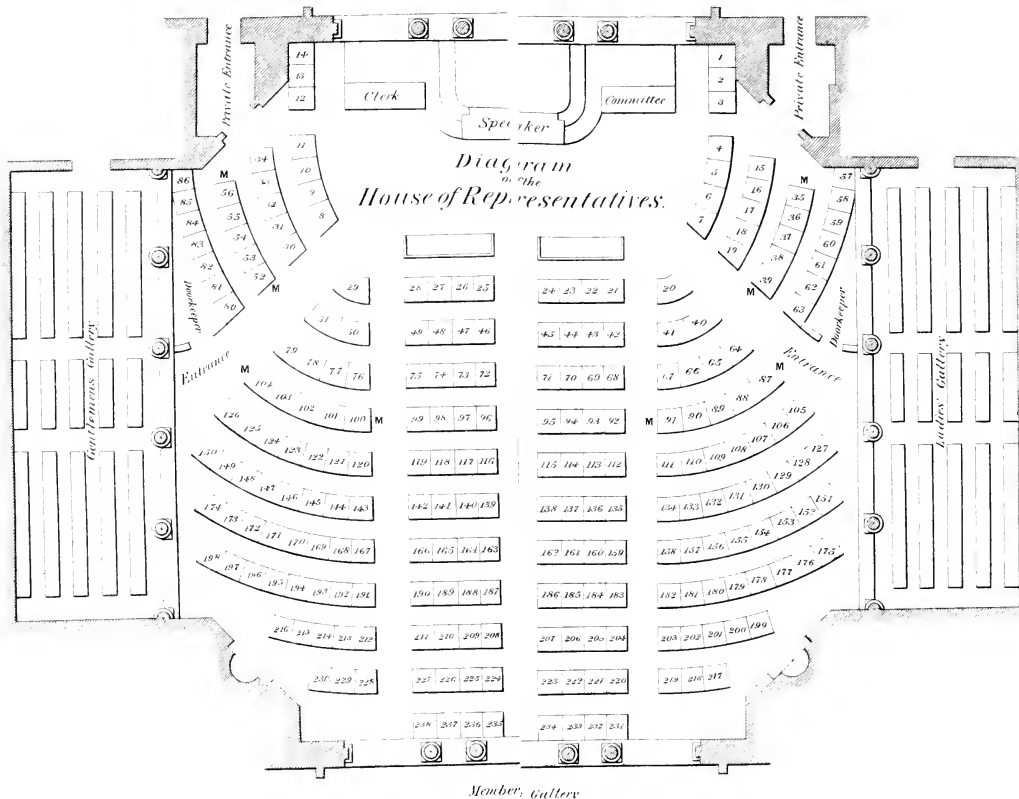
1875

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Reporters Gallery

Diagram
of the
House of Representatives.



Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

*CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT
OF THE UNITED STATES,*

AND A

LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL
DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE
INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS, COUNTY
OFFICERS, AND OTHER STATISTICAL
INFORMATION.

Prepared, pursuant to Orders of the Legislature,
BY
S. N. GIFFORD AND CHAS. H. TAYLOR.

BOSTON:
WRIGHT & POTTER, STATE PRINTERS.
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1873.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

IN SENATE, May 3, 1872.

ORDERED, That the Clerks of the two branches cause to be prepared and printed before the meeting of the next General Court, twenty-five hundred copies of so much of the Legislative Manual as may be practicable, on the general plan of the present year.

Sent down for concurrence.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, May 3, 1872.

Concurred.

W. S. ROBINSON, *Clerk.*

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 4, 1873.

ORDERED, That the Clerks of the two branches cause to be printed and bound in suitable form twenty-five hundred copies of the Rules and Orders of the two branches, with lists of the several Standing and Special Committees, together with such other matter as may be considered practicable, in a Legislative Manual.

Sent up for concurrence.

CHAS. H. TAYLOR, *Clerk.*

IN SENATE, January 6, 1873.

Concurred.

S. N. GIFFORD, *Clerk.*

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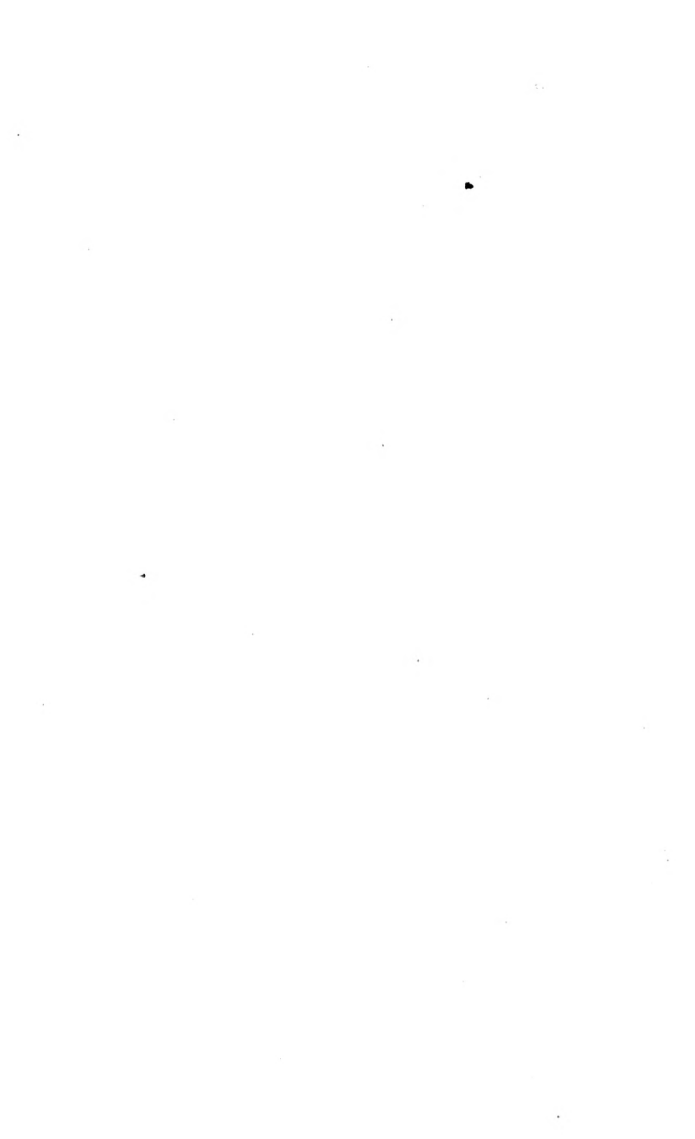
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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.



CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

PREAMBLE.

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WE, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this CONSTITUTION FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year, by the people of the several states; and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a

citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand; but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided, as equally as may be, into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year; and

of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year; so that one third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments, until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments; when sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit, under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year,

and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any

office under the United States shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SECT. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and, if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill, shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary, (except on a question of adjournment,) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and, before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power: — To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts

and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States: — To borrow money on the credit of the United States: — To regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes: — To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States: — To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: — To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States: — To establish post offices and post roads: — To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries: — To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court: — To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations: — To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water: — To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years: — To provide and maintain a navy: — To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces: — To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions: — To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia, according to the discipline prescribed by congress: — To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square,) as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by consent of the legislature of the

state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards and other needful buildings; and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight: but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privileges of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when, in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration, herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state, be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war, in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years; and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves: and they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and

certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: And if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall, in like manner, choose the president: but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the vice-president. [See Amendments, Article XII.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person, except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president; and the congress may by law provide for

the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president; and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period, any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

“I do solemnly swear, (or affirm,) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States.”

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States. He may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT. 3. He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may, from time to time, ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases

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of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state, claiming lands under grants of different states; and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations, as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state; and the congress may, by general

laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state, nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government: and shall protect each of them against invasion: and, on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened,) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two

thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, shall, in any manner, affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States, under this constitution, as under the Confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound, by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution, between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES,

In addition to, and amendment of, the Constitution of the United States, proposed by Congress, and ratified by the Legislatures of the several States, pursuant to the Fifth Article of the original Constitution.

I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

II. A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeop-

ard of life or limb; nor shall be compelled, in any criminal case, to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact, tried by a jury, shall be otherwise re-examined, in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

IX. The enumeration, in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it, to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and, in distinct ballots, the person voted for as vice-president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed: and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president; but in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a president, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-pres-

ident; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person, constitutionally ineligible to the office of president, shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states, according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crimes, the basis of representation shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the

whole number of such citizens, twenty-one years of age, in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in Congress, or elector of president or vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may by a two thirds vote of each house remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

XV. SECT. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[NOTE. — The Articles of Confederation between the thirteen United States of America were agreed upon by delegates from the states, in Congress assembled, on the 15th of November, 1777, and were finally ratified by all the states, March 1st, 1781. On the 21st of February, 1787, the Congress of the Confederation recommended

that a Convention of Delegates, to be appointed by the states, be held for the purpose of revising the Articles of Confederation. In accordance with this recommendation, delegates from the several states met together at Philadelphia, Monday, May 14th, 1787, and organized by choosing George Washington as their President. On the 17th of September, the Convention finally agreed to a proposed form of Constitution, which was transmitted to the Congress of the Confederation. By that body copies were transmitted to the several states, and the Constitution was ratified by Conventions therein in the following order :—

Delaware,	December 7, 1787.
Pennsylvania,	" 12, 1787.
New Jersey,	" 18, 1787.
Georgia,	January 2, 1788.
Connecticut,	" 9, 1788.
Massachusetts,	February 6, 1788.
Maryland,	April 28, 1788.
South Carolina,	May 23, 1788.
New Hampshire,	June 21, 1788.
Virginia,	" 26, 1788.
New York,	July 26, 1788.

Eleven states having ratified the Constitution, Congress proceeded to make all proper preparations for carrying it into effect. The first Wednesday of January, 1789, was appointed as the time for choosing electors, the first Wednesday in February as the day on which they should vote for President and Vice-President, and the first Wednesday of March as the day on which the new Congress should assemble together. The members of the two houses of the new Congress met at New York at the time appointed, March 4th, 1789. A quorum of the House of Representatives did not appear until the 1st of April, when a Speaker and a Clerk were chosen. A quorum of the Senate did not appear until April 6th, when a President *pro tempore* was chosen, for the purpose of counting the votes for President and Vice-President. On the same day, in presence of both houses, the returns of votes from the several states were opened and counted. George Washington was declared elected President, and John Adams Vice-President. The Senate then elected a President *pro tempore*, and a Secretary, and both houses, being organized, proceeded to transact public business. On the 21st of April the Vice-President assumed his seat as President of the Senate, and on Thursday, April 30th, George Washington was inaugurated President. The Constitution was ratified soon afterwards by the two remaining states; by North Carolina, November 21st, 1789, and by Rhode Island, May 29th, 1790.

On the 25th of September, 1789, Congress proposed twelve articles of amendment to the Constitution, *ten* of which (numbered in the preceding pages from *one* to *ten*) were finally ratified December 15th, 1791. The *eleventh* article of amendment was proposed by Congress March 5th, 1794, and was declared by the President, in his message of January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the requisite number of states. The *twelfth* amendment was proposed by Congress December 12th, 1803, and was adopted during the year 1804. The *thirteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States April 8th, 1864, by a vote of 33 yeas to 6 nays; and by the House on the 31st of January, 1865, by a vote of 119 yeas to 56 nays. On the 18th of December, 1865, the Secretary of State made proclamation that it had been ratified by the requisite number of states.

The *fourteenth* amendment was adopted by the Senate of the United States June 8th, 1866, by a vote of 33 yeas to 11 nays; and by the House on the 13th of June, 1866, by a vote of 138 yeas to 36 nays. On the 21st of July, 1868, the Senate and House passed this concurrent resolution:—

“*Whereas*, The legislatures of the states of Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina, and Louisiana, being three fourths and more of the several states of the Union, have ratified the fourteenth article of amendment to the Constitution of the United States, duly proposed by two thirds of each house of the thirty-ninth Congress; therefore

“*Resolved by the Senate, (the House of Representatives concurring,)* That said fourteenth article is hereby declared to be a part of the Constitution of the United States, and it shall be duly promulgated as such by the Secretary of State.”

Afterwards a proclamation was issued by the Secretary of State, in which it was declared that the amendment had been ratified, and had become a part of the Constitution.

The *fifteenth* amendment was adopted by Congress “on or about the 27th day of February, in the year 1869.” On the 30th of March, 1870, the Secretary of State proclaimed its ratification “by the legislatures of the states of North Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Maine, Louisiana, Michigan, South Carolina, Pennsylvania, Arkansas, Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Indiana, New York, New Hampshire, Nevada, Vermont, Virginia, Alabama, Missouri, Mississippi, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota

Rhode Island, Nebraska, and Texas, in all twenty-nine states," three fourths of the whole number. And the Secretary further proclaimed that it appeared from official documents on file in his department, that "the legislature of New York has since passed resolutions claiming to withdraw said ratification;" and that "the legislature of Georgia has by resolution ratified the said proposed amendment." The Secretary then certified that "the amendment aforesaid has become valid, to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States."

*
CONSTITUTION
OR
FORM OF GOVERNMENT
FOR THE
Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

Objects of Government — Right of people to alter it — Body politic; how formed — Its nature — Duty of the people.

PART I. — DECLARATION OF RIGHTS.

ARTICLE 1. Equality and natural rights of all men.

ART. 2. Right and duty of public religious worship — Protection of the subject in his own mode of worship, unless, &c.

ART. 3. Provisions in relation to public worship, election of public teachers, parochial taxes, &c., abolished by Art. XI. of the amendments.

ART. 4. Right of self-government secured — Exercise of all powers not delegated, &c.

ART. 5. Accountability of all officers, &c.

ART. 6. Services rendered to the public being the only title to peculiar privileges, hereditary offices are absurd and unnatural.

ART. 7. Objects of government; right of people alone to institute and change it.

ART. 8. Right of people to cause their public officers to retire to private life.

ART. 9. All, having the qualifications prescribed, equally eligible to office and equal right to elect.

ART. 10. Right to be protected and duty to contribute correlative — Taxation, founded on consent — Private property not to be taken for public uses, without, &c.

ART. 11. Remedies by recourse to law, to be free, complete and prompt.

ART. 12. Rights of persons held to answer for crimes — Right to trial by jury in criminal cases, except, &c.

ART. 13. Crimes to be proved in the vicinity.

ART. 14. Right of search and seizure regulated.

ART. 15. Right to trial by jury, sacred, except, &c.

ART. 16. Liberty of the press not to be restrained.

ART. 17. Right to keep and bear arms — Standing armies dangerous — Military power subordinate to civil power.

ART. 18. Adherence to fundamental principles of piety, &c., necessary — Moral obligations of lawgivers and magistrates.

ART. 19. Right of people to assemble, to instruct representatives and petition legislature.

ART. 20. Power to suspend laws or their execution — When and by whom exercised.

ART. 21. Freedom of debate in the legislature.

ART. 22. Frequent sessions, and objects thereof.

ART. 23. Taxation founded on consent.

ART. 24. *Ex post facto* laws prohibited.

ART. 25. Legislature not to convict of treason, or felony.

ART. 26. Excessive bail or fines, and cruel punishments, prohibited.

ART. 27. No soldier to be quartered in any house, unless, &c.

ART. 28. Citizens exempt from law-martial, unless, &c.

ART. 29. Judges of supreme judicial court — Tenure of their offices — Salaries.

ART. 30. Separation of executive, judicial and legislative departments.

PART II. — THE FRAME OF GOVERNMENT.

CHAPTER I. — THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I. — *The General Court.*

ARTICLE 1. Legislative department shall consist of, &c. — Shall assemble every year — Style of. [See amendments, Art. X.]

ART. 2. Governor's veto — Bill may be passed by two thirds of each house, notwithstanding. [See amendments, Art. I.]

ART. 3. General Court may constitute judicatories, courts of record, &c. — Courts, &c., may administer oaths.

ART. 4. General Court may enact laws, &c., not repugnant to the Constitution; may provide for the election or appointment of officers; prescribe their duties; impose taxes; duties and excises, to be disposed of for defence, protection, &c. — Valuation of estates, once in ten years, at least, while, &c.

SECTION II. — *The Senate.*

ARTICLE 1. Senate. [See amendments, Art. XIII., XVI., XXII.]

ART. 2. Senate the first branch — Word “inhabitant” defined — Selectmen to preside — Return of votes — Inhabitants of unincorporated plantations, who pay State taxes, may vote — Plantation meetings — Assessors to notify, &c.

ART. 3. Governor and five of the council to examine and count votes and issue summonses.

ART. 4. Senate to be final judge of elections, &c., of its own members — Vacancies how filled. [See amendments, Art. X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. 5. Qualifications of a senator. [See amendments, Art. XIII., XXII.]

ART. 6. Senate not to adjourn for more than two days at a time.

ART. 7. Shall choose its own officers and determine its rules.

ART. 8. Shall try all impeachments — Oath in such case — Limitation of sentence.

ART. 9. Quorum.

SECTION III. — *House of Representatives.*

ARTICLE 1. Annual representation of the people.

ART. 2. House. [See amendments, Art. XII., XIII., XXI.] Towns liable to fine, &c. — Mileage.

ART. 3. Elections by ballot — Freehold qualifications. [See amendments, Art. XIII., XIV., XXI.]

ART. 4. Qualifications of a voter. [See amendments, Art. III., XX.]

ART. 5. Representatives, when chosen. [See amendments, Art. X., XV.]

ART. 6. House alone can impeach — Senate to try.

ART. 7. House to originate all money bills — Senate may amend.

ART. 8. Not to adjourn for more than two days at a time.

ART. 9. Quorum. [See amendments, Art. XXI.]

ART. 10. House to judge of returns, &c., of its own members; to choose its officers and establish its rules, &c. — May punish for certain offences — Members free from arrest, &c.

ART. 11. Senate's power in like cases — Governor and council may punish — General limitations — Trial may be by committee, or otherwise.

CHAPTER II. — THE EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I. — *The Governor.*

ARTICLE 1. Governor — His title.

ART. 2. To be chosen annually — Qualifications. [See amendments, Art. VII.]

ART. 3. How chosen, &c. [See amendments, Art. II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. 4. Power of governor, and of governor and council.

ART. 5. Power as to proroguing the general court. [See amendments, Art. X.]

ART. 6. Governor and council may adjourn general court, in cases of disagreement, but not exceeding ninety days.

ART. 7. Governor to be commander-in-chief — Limitation.

ART. 8. Governor and council may pardon offences, except, &c., but not before conviction.

ART. 9. All judicial officers, &c., how nominated and appointed. [See amendments, Art. XIV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. 10. Militia officers, how elected. [See amendments, Art. V.] How commissioned — Manner of conveying the electors — Major-generals, how appointed and commissioned — Vacancies, how filled, in case, &c. — Officers, duly commissioned, how removed. [See amendments Art. IV.] Adjutants, &c., how appointed — Present division of militia to stand until altered by law.

ART. 11. Money, how drawn from the treasury, except, &c., and for what purpose.

ART. 12. All public boards, &c., to make quarterly returns.

ART. 13. Salary of governor — Salaries of justices of supreme judicial court — Salaries to be enlarged if insufficient, as the legislature shall judge proper.

SECTION II. — *The Lieutenant-Governor.*

ARTICLE 1. Lieutenant-governor; his title and qualifications — How chosen.

ART. 2. Governor to be president of council, but to have no vote — Lieutenant-governor a member of, except, &c. — To preside in governor's absence.

ART. 3. Lieutenant-governor to be acting governor, in case, &c.

SECTION III. — *The Council.*

ARTICLE 1. Council. [See amendments, Art. XVI.]

ART. 2. Number; from whom and how chosen — If senators become councillors their seats to be vacated. [See amendments, X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. 3. Rank of councillors.

ART. 4. No district to have more than two. [Obsolete.]

ART. 5. Register of council — May be called for by the legislature.

ART. 6. Council to exercise the power of governor, in case, &c.

ART. 7. Elections may be adjourned, until, &c. — Order thereof. [See amendments, Art. XVI., XXV.]

SECTION IV. — *Secretary, Treasurer, &c.*

ARTICLE 1. Secretary, &c., by whom and how chosen. [See amendments, Art. IV., XVII.] Treasurer ineligible for more than five successive years.

ART. 2. Secretary to keep records, to attend the governor and council, &c.

CHAPTER III. — JUDICIARY POWERS.

ARTICLE 1. Tenure of all commissioned officers to be expressed in their commissions — Judicial officers, except, &c., to hold office during good behavior — But may be removed on address.

ART. 2. Legislature, and governor and council, have right to require opinions of supreme judicial court, &c.

ART. 3. Justices of the peace; tenure of their office to be seven years.

ART. 4. Provision for holding probate courts.

ART. 5. Causes of marriage, divorce, &c., to be determined by governor and council until legislature make other provision.

CHAPTER IV. — DELEGATES TO CONGRESS. [Obsolete.]

CHAPTER V. — THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, &c.

SECTION I. — *The University.*

ARTICLE 1. Harvard College — Powers, privileges, &c., of the president and fellows confirmed.

ART. 2. All gifts, grants, &c., confirmed.

ART. 3. Who shall be overseers — Power of alteration reserved to the legislature.

SECTION II. — *The Encouragement of Literature, &c.*

Duty of legislators and magistrates.

CHAPTER VI. — OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c.

ARTICLE 1. Oaths, &c. [See amendments, Art. VI., VII.] How administered.

ART. 2. Plurality of offices prohibited to governor, lieutenant-governor, judge of supreme judicial court, &c., except, &c. — Incompatible offices. [See amendments, Art. VIII.] Bribery, &c., to operate as disqualifications.

ART. 3. Value of money ascertained — Property qualifications may be increased.

ART. 4. Provisions respecting commissions.

ART. 5. Provisions respecting writs.

ART. 6. Continuance of former laws, except, &c.

ART. 7. Habeas Corpus secured, and not suspended, except, &c.

ART. 8. The enacting style.

ART. 9. Officers of former governments continued, until, &c. [Obsolete.]

ART. 10. Provision for revising constitution. [Obsolete.]

ART. 11. Provision for preserving and publishing this constitution.

AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE 1. Bill, &c., not approved within five days not to become a law, if legislature adjourn in the mean time.

ART. 2. General court empowered to charter cities — Provisos.

ART. 3. Qualification of voters for governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives. [See amendments, Art. XX.]

ART. 4. Notaries public, how appointed and removed — Vacancies in the offices of secretary and treasurer, how filled, in case, &c. [See amendments, Art. XVII.] Commissary-general may be appointed, in case, &c. — Militia officers may be removed as the legislature may prescribe.

ART. 5. Who may vote for captains and subalterns.

ART. 6. Oath to be taken by all officers, or affirmation in case, &c.

ART. 7. No other oath, except, &c., required.

ART. 8. Incompatibility of offices.

ART. 9. Amendments to constitution, how made.

ART. 10. Commencement of political year; and termination — Meetings for choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, &c., when to be held — May be adjourned. [See amendments, Art. XV.]

ART. 11. Third article of Declaration of Rights annulled — Religious freedom established.

ART. 12. Representation in the legislature. [See amendments, Art. XXI.]

ART. 13. Same subject. [See amendments, Art. XVI., XXI., XXII.] Possession of freehold not required.

ART. 14. In elections of civil officers by the people, the person having the highest number of votes to be elected.

ART. 15. Meetings for choice of governor, &c., to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November — In case of failure to elect representatives a second meeting may be held on fourth Monday.

ART. 16. Councillors — Provisions for electing; districting the State; qualifications, &c.; filling vacancies — Organization of the government without delay, how provided for.

ART. 17. Secretary, treasurer, auditor and attorney-general — Provisions concerning mode of electing, qualifications, vacancies, &c.

ART. 18. School moneys not to be appropriated to schools other than those conducted according to law, and not to be appropriated to religious sects for the maintenance exclusively of their own schools.

ART. 19. Legislature to prescribe by law for election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, clerks of courts, and district attorneys by the people.

ART. 20. Reading constitution in English, and writing, necessary qualifications of voters.

ART. 21. House of Representatives — Census to be taken every tenth year, beginning in 1865 — Special enumeration of legal voters — Apportionment of representatives — Districts, how formed — Qualifications of representatives — Quorum, &c.

ART. 22. Senate — Census — Division into senatorial districts — Qualifications — Quorum, &c.

ART. 23. Residence of two years required of naturalized citizens, to entitle to suffrage or make eligible to office. [See amendments, Art. XXVI.]

ART. 24. Vacancies in the senate, how filled.

ART. 25. Vacancies in the council, how filled.

ART. 26. Article 23 of the amendments annulled.

P R E A M B L E.

THE end of the institution, maintenance and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic; to protect it; and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals; it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation, and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging with grateful hearts the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of his provi-

dence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring his direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE 1. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the SUPREME BEING, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested or restrained, in his person, liberty or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. As the happiness of a people, and the good order and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community, but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public

instructions in piety, religion and morality: therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this Commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts and other bodies politic, or religious societies to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And the people of this Commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

Provided notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the Commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law:

and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law. [See Amendments, Article XI.]

ART. IV. The people of this Commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent State; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction and right, which is not, or may not hereafter, be by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good, for the protection, safety, prosperity and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestable, unalienable and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have

a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this Commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the Commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, sub-

stantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts, in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches and seizures of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation; and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure; and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities, prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised,

the parties have a right to trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this Commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates, an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the Commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.

ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech and debate, in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.

ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties, ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people, or their representatives in the legislature.

ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.

ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.

ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.

ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subjected to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well, and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this Commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them; the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them; the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws, and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government. .

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic or state, by the name of THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives, each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year, on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved, on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May; and shall be styled, THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such, until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revision; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections

thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated, who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve: but if, after such reconsideration, two thirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law: but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the Commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the Commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, complaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the Commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same; whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon: to which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery

of truth in any matter in controversy, or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time, to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this Commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said Commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits of the several civil and military officers of this Commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments, rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said Commonwealth; and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this Commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said Commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are, or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the Commonwealth, taken anew, once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators, for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts, into which the Commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the Commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein: provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XVI.]

And the several counties in this Commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose),

and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz. : — [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Suffolk,	six.	York,	two.
Essex,	six.	Dukes County and	} . one.
Middlesex, . . .	five.	Nantucket,	
Hampshire, . . .	four.	Worcester, . . .	five.
Plymouth, . . .	three.	Cumberland, . . .	one.
Barnstable, . . .	one.	Lincoln,	one.
Bristol,	three.	Berkshire,	two.

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz. : There shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this Commonwealth, to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the first Monday in April, for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors; and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate, within the Commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant. And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word “inhabitant,” in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this State, in that town, district, or plantation, where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XIV., XV.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially, and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town

meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name; and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the Commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before the last Wednesday in May, annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May; and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates, by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Articles II. and X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves towards the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators, in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held, annually, on the same first Monday in April, at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated, (qualified as aforesaid,) who shall be assessed to the support of government, by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators, in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting, by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed, for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the last Wednesday in May, annually, the governor, with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day, he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by a majority of voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year, the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution, and shall, on the said last Wednesday in May, annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district, to be senators, by a majority of votes: and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned, elected by a majority of votes, for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for, and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the Commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the State, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, who is not seized in his own right of a freehold, within this Commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceeding.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court, with full authority, to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the Commonwealth, for misconduct and maladministration in their offices; but, previous to the trial of every impeachment, the members of the senate shall, respectively, be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to remove from office, and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this Commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be in the legislature of this Commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls, may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls, may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII. and XIII.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.

And the house of representatives shall have power, from time to time, to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; and, for one year at least, next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seized in his own right, of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds, within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles XIII. and XIV.]

ART. IV. Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this Commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate, within the same town, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town. [See Amendments, Article III.]

ART. V. The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days, at least, before the last Wednesday of that month. [See Amendments, Articles X. and XV.]

ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this Commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.

ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.

ART. IX. Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker, appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for anything said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending, the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided that no imprisonment, on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may, respectively, think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled — THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS; — and whose title shall be — *His Excellency*.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall, at the same time, be seized, in his own right, of a freehold, within the Commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion. [See Amendments, Article VII.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives, within the several towns of this Commonwealth, shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the first Monday of April, annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the last Wednes-

day in May ; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said last Wednesday in May ; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, seventeen days, at least, before the said day ; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives, on the last Wednesday in May, to be by them examined ; and in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned, the choice shall be by them declared and published ; but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons, who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for ; but if otherwise, out of the number voted for ; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected ; on which, the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor. [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.]

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this Commonwealth for the time being ; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them, at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire ; and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May ; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess ; and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the Commonwealth shall require the same ; and in case of any infectious

disorder prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the State. [See Amendments, Article X.]

And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment, or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this Commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the Commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in war-like posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this Commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprize the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this Commonwealth; and to use and exercise over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the

law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this Commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the State to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate, by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council, before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, the attorney-general, the solicitor-general, all sheriffs, coroners, and registers of probate, shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council;

and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles XIV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, of twenty-one years of age and upwards; the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor.

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains, or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court martial, pursuant to the laws of the Commonwealth for the time being. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quarter-masters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confedera-

tion of the United States it is provided that this Commonwealth appoint, — as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this Commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this Commonwealth and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the Commonwealth, and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this Commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall, once in every three months, officially and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care, respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality, and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officer shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea, or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving

the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court, by a dependence on them for his support — that he should, in all cases, act with freedom for the benefit of the public — that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns — and that he should maintain the dignity of the Commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate — it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be — *His Honor*; and who shall be qualified, in point of religion, property, and residence in the Commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of

the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor. [See Amendments, Articles III., VI., X., XV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the Commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which, by this constitution, the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of nine persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the Commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found, upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left, shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the Commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this Commonwealth.

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for, at any time, by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part

of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do and execute all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. And whereas the elections appointed to be made by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May, annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day, until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: The vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, &c.

ARTICLE I. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room. And, that the citizens of this Commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the Commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies,

for whose conduct he shall be accountable, and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I. The tenure that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution : provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace, who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates ; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the Commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts, at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this Commonwealth to the congress of the United States shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the Commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead. [Annulled by the adoption of the Constitution of the United States.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, &C.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which univer-

sity many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this, and the other United States of America, — it is declared, that the PRESIDENT AND FELLOWS OF HARVARD COLLEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers, and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been, at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College, in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college, by some other description, under several charters successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas by an act of the general court of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted

the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government, to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenant-governor, council and senate of this Commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors; who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining, to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this Commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, &c.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this Commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools, and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies, and

public institutions, rewards and immunities for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections and generous sentiments among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, &C.

ARTICLE I. Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz. :

“I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seized and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected.” [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution, and forever afterwards, before the governor and council for the time being.

And every person, chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz. :

“I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent State; and I do swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said Commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain, (as the case may be,) and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this Commonwealth; except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States; and I do further testify and declare, that no man, or body of men, hath, or can have, any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptance of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God.”

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as _____, according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the

rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the Commonwealth. So help me, GOD." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

Provided, always, that when any person, chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oaths, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, "*I do swear,*" "*and abjure,*" "*oath or,*" "*and abjuration,*" in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words, "*swear and;*" and in each of them the words, "*So help me, GOD;*" subjoining, instead thereof, "*This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.*" [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons, and in such manner, as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this Commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state, or government, or power, whatever.

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this State, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate, sheriff, register of

probate, or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the State at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court, secretary, attorney-general, solicitor-general, treasurer or receiver-general, judge of probate, commissary-general, president, professor or instructor of Harvard College, sheriff, clerk of the house of representatives, register of probate, register of deeds, clerk of the supreme judicial court, clerk of the inferior court of common pleas, or officer of the customs, — including, in this description, naval officers, — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this Commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption, in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases, where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the

persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the Commonwealth shall require.

ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor, and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the Commonwealth affixed thereto.

ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.

ART. VI. All the laws, which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.

ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall be enjoyed in this Commonwealth in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.

ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be, "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."

ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the Commonwealth, from a change of

the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments and authority; until the general court and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments.

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two thirds of the qualified voters throughout the State, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns, to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and

proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this Commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor, and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it, with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this Commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings: provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants; nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application, of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned

and holden for that purpose: and provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards (excepting paupers and persons under guardianship), who shall have resided within the Commonwealth one year, and within the town or district, in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be by law exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections.

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the Commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person, to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court. [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the Commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall

be nominated, appointed, and commissioned in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under, as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.

ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this Commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit: —

“I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God.”

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word “swear,” and inserting, instead thereof, the word “affirm,” and omitting the words “So help me, God,” and subjoining, instead thereof, the words “This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury.”

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), and no person hold-

ing any office under the authority of the United States (postmasters excepted), shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this Commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this Commonwealth (except the court of sessions), nor the attorney-general, solicitor-general, county-attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this Commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, in any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if in the general court next chosen, as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this Commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and to do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session, which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors,

senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted: —

As the public worship of God, and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this Commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses: and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members, until they shall file with the clerk of said society a written notice declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made or entered into by such society: and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the Commonwealth, shall

be equally under the protection of the law ; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.

ART. XII. In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this Commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls in each city, town and district of the Commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid : and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls, in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus : The whole number of ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred ; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any city or town, having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten, and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty ; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district, to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town and representative district, may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative: and the same shall be done once in ten years thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten years. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XIII. A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years.

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district.

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants, may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative.

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years, as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the Commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number, which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns, not entitled to a representative every year, is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the Commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in a like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor who has not been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the Commonwealth. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this Commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the

constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this Commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next State census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial State census thereafterwards, shall divide the Commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town, or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: *provided, however*, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the Commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the Commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned

by death, removal from the State, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner as soon as may be after such vacancies shall have happened. And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January, he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers.

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the

senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the State for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such moneys shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own schools.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this Commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: *provided, however,* that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any person who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect.

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the Commonwealth, equally, as near as may be, according to their relative number of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the

secretary of the Commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, — or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof, and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the Commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall con-

stitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the Commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: *provided, however,* that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this Commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the Commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXIII. No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom. [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this Commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this Commonwealth: *provided*, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof: and *provided, further*, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

[NOTE. — Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution, or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court, of 1777-8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions — Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at the time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect, was passed, and the Convention then on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns, and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed

necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that Delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a Committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House, to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court, and at the request of the latter, the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendments had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from *one to nine*, inclusive.

The *tenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years, 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people, May 11th, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people, November 11th, 1833.

The *twelfth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people, November 14th, 1836.

The *thirteenth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people, April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act, calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on

the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a Committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The *fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 23, 1855.

The *twentieth, twenty-first, and twenty-second* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 1st, 1857.

The *twenty-third* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people, May 9th, 1859.

The *twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth* Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people, May 17th, 1860.

The *twenty-sixth* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

AN ACT to regulate the Times and Manner of holding
Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legislature of each state which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress, shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said state, and the name of the person so voted for, who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock, meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said state in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each mem-

ber present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes of the said joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

SECT. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. *Approved July 25, 1866.*

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT,
POST-OFFICE, ETC., ETC., ETC.

[The following Table is copied from the "Abstract of the Census of 1860," prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth by GEORGE WINGATE CHASE, and published in 1863. The compilers of the Manual have made the alterations and additions necessary to bring the facts up to 1873.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Barnstable, . . .	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian names, Chequoeket, Coatuit, &c.
Brewster, . . .	Feb. 19, 1803,	Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham, . . .	June 11, 1712,	Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich changed, 1862.
Dennis, . . .	June 19, 1793,	East Precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham, . . .	June 2, 1646,	Indian name, Nauset. See <i>Orleans</i> .
Falmouth, . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Succanasset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, March 17, 1841. See <i>Marshpee</i> .
Harwich, . . .	Sept. 14, 1694,	Indian name, Satucket. See <i>Brewster</i> and <i>Chatham</i> .
Marshpee, . . .	May 28, 1870,	Plantation of Marshpee incorporated June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich, incorporated as District of Marshpee, March 31, 1864. See <i>Falmouth</i> and <i>Sandwich</i> .

Orleans,	Mar. 3, 1797,	Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, March 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Eastham defined, March 23, 1867. See <i>Chatham</i> .
Provincetown, . . .	June 14, 1727,	Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, March 2, 1829, and March 30, 1836.
Sandwich,	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Shaumec. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, February 26, 1811, April 1, 1859, and March 13, 1860. See <i>Marshpee</i> .
Truro,	July 16, 1709,	Indian name, Pawmet or Meeshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellfleet established, February 22, 1837. See <i>Provincetown</i> .
Wellfleet,	June 16, 1763,	Indian name, Puncnakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorporated as a District.* See <i>Truro</i> .
Yarmouth,	Sept. 3, 1639,	Indian name, Mattacheese or Nobscuset. See <i>Dennis</i> .

BERKSHIRE COUNTY, INCORPORATED APRIL 24, 1761. See *Hampshire County*.

Adams,	Oct. 15, 1778,	East Hoosuck. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Alford,	Feb. 16, 1773,	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, February 18, 1819. See <i>Egremont</i> .
Becket,	June 21, 1765,	"No. 4" Several grants of land annexed to Becket, February 3, 1798. Part of London (Bethlehem) annexed to Becket, March 1, 1810. See <i>Middlefield</i> .

* By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January, 1777, were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts incorporated subsequent to 1777, were vested with similar powers and privileges.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Boston Corner (Dist.),</i>	Apr. 14, 1838,	Incorporated as a District, from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner established, March 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.
Cheshire, . . .	Mar. 14, 1793,	From parts of Lanesboro', Windsor, Adams and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, February 6, 1798. See <i>Windsor</i> .
Clarksburg, . . .	Mar. 2, 1798,	From a Gore of unincorporated land, lying north of Adams. See <i>Florida</i> .
Dalton, . . .	Mar. 20, 1784,	Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton, February 28, 1795.
Egremont, . . .	Feb. 13, 1760,	From lands lying west of Sheffield. Boundary line between Egremont and Alford established February 6, 1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed to Egremont, February 22, 1790, and February 16, 1824; and part of Mt. Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield established, 1869. See <i>Mt. Washington</i> .
Florida, . . .	June 15, 1805,	From Barnardstone's (Bernardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington, .	June 30, 1761,	North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See <i>Alford</i> .
Hancock, . . .	July 2, 1776,	Jericho. See <i>New Ashford</i> .
Hinsdale, . . .	June 21, 1804,	Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.

Lanesborough, . . .	June 21, 1765,	New Framingham. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
Lee, . . .	Oct. 21, 1777,	From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hopland's, so called), the Glass Works Grant and part of William's Grant. See <i>Lenox</i> .
Lenox, . . .	Feb. 26, 1767,	East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, January 31, 1795, and February 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee established February 7, 1820.
Monterey, . . .	Apr. 12, 1847,	Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851.
Mt. Washington, . . .	June 21, 1779,	Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line established March 12, 1847. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>Boston Corner</i> .
New Ashford, . . .	Feb. 26, 1781,	Incorporated as a District, February 28, 1781, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See <i>Cheshire</i> .
New Marlborough, . . .	June 15, 1759,	"No. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Marlborough, June 10, 1795, and February 7, 1798, and April, 19, 1871; and parts of Tyringham, February 27, 1811. See <i>Monterey</i> and <i>Tyringham</i> .
Otis, . . .	June 13, 1810,	Town of Loudon and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1809, and the name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East 11,000 acres of unincorporated land annexed to Otis and part to Sandisfield, April 9, 1838. See <i>Bethlehem</i> .
Bethlehem (District), . . .	June 24, 1789,	North 11,000 acres. See <i>Otis</i> .
Loudon, . . .	Feb. 24, 1773,	Tyringham Equivalent. See <i>Becket</i> and <i>Otis</i> .

BERKSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Peru,	July 4, 1771,	Partridgefield incorporated July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1806.
<i>Partridgefield</i> ,	July 4, 1771,	See <i>Peru</i> , <i>Hinsdale</i> and <i>Middlefield</i> .
Pittsfield,	Apr. 21, 1761,	Indian Name, Pontoosuck.
Richmond,	June 21, 1765,	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmond in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge established March 24, 1834. See <i>Lenox</i> .
Sandisfield,	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, February 8, 1819, Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See <i>Otis</i> and <i>Southfield</i> .
<i>Southfield (District)</i> ,	June 19, 1797,	South 11,000 acres. See <i>Sandisfield</i> .
Savoy,	Feb. 20, 1797,	"No. 6."
Sheffield,	June 22, 1733,	Lower Housatonic. See <i>Egremont</i> and <i>New Marlborough</i> .
Stockbridge,	June 22, 1739,	Housatonic or Housctonic. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed, February 6, 1830. See <i>West Stockbridge</i> .
Tyringham,	Mar. 6, 1762,	"No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, February 11, 1812. See <i>New Marlborough</i> and <i>Monterey</i> .

Washington, . . .	Apr. 12, 1777,	Hartwood. See <i>Egremont, Middlefield</i> and <i>Lenox</i> .
West Stockbridge, . . .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, March 2, 1793. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, February 12, 1824. See <i>Richmond</i> and <i>Stockbridge</i> .
Williamstown, . . .	June 21, 1765,	West Hoosuek. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, April 9, 1838.
Windsor, . . .	July 2, 1771,	Gageboro' or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, February 26, 1794. See <i>Cheshire</i> and <i>Dalton</i> .

BRISTOL COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 21, 1685.

Acushnet, . . .	Feb. 13, 1860,	Northerly part of Fairhaven.
Attleborough, . . .	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham established, February 18, 1819.
Berkley, . . .	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, February 26, 1799, and parts of Taunton, February 6, 1810, and March 3, 1842. See <i>Freetown</i> .
Dartmouth, . . .	June 8, 1664,	Indian names, Apponeganusset, Acushena and Coakset. Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed, February 20, 1828. See <i>Westport</i> .
Dighton, . . .	May 30, 1712,	South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington established, February 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, February 22, 1826, and March 3, 1827. See <i>Berkley, Somerset</i> and <i>Freetown</i> .

BRISTOL COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wellington, . . .	June 8, 1814,	North part of Dighton. See <i>Dighton</i> .
Easton, . . .	Dec. 21, 1725,	Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.
Fairhaven, . . .	Feb. 22, 1812,	Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See <i>Acushnet</i> and <i>Rochester</i> .
Fall River, . . .	Feb. 26, 1803,	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, February 12, 1834. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1854. Act accepted, April 23, 1854. Part of Fall River, Rhode Island, annexed to Fall River, Mass., 1861. See <i>Freetown</i> and <i>Pawtucket</i> .
Freetown, . . .	July —, 1683,	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great River established as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River and Somerset, March 17, 1847. See <i>Fairhaven</i> and <i>Fall River</i> .
Mansfield, . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	North Precinct of Norton. Incorporated as a District. See note, page 103.
New Bedford, . . .	Feb. 23, 1787,	Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name Acushnet, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, March 20, 1845. Incorporated as a City, March 9, 1847. Act accepted, March 18, 1847. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Fairhaven</i> .
Norton, . . .	June 12, 1711,	North Precinct of Taunton. See <i>Easton</i> and <i>Mansfield</i> .

<i>Pawtucket</i> (R. I.), .	Mar.	1, 1828,	Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between Massachusetts and Rhode Island, in 1861, all of Pawtucket, except that part lying easterly of Seven Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk.
Raynham, . . .	Apr.	2, 1731,	Part of Taunton. Boundary line between the two places established, 1866.
Rehoboth, . . .	June	4, 1645,	Indian name, Seconet. See <i>Seekonk</i> .
Seekonk, . . .	Feb.	26, 1812,	[1861. See <i>Pawtucket</i> . Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island,
Somerset, . . .	Feb.	20, 1790,	Indian name, Shewanet. A part of Swanzey. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, April 4, 1854. See <i>Freetown</i> .
Swansea, . . .	Oct.	30, 1667,	Indian names, Mattapoiset, Wannamoiset and Ashuelot. See <i>Somerset</i> .
Taunton, . . .	Sept.	3, 1639,	Indian name, Tecticut, or Cohannet. See <i>Berkley</i> . Act of incorporation as a City granted, March 31, 1860; refused by the town, April, 1860. Act again granted, May 11, 1864, and accepted. See <i>Lakeville</i> (in Plymouth County); also <i>Raynham</i> .
Westport, . . .	July	2, 1787,	Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, February 25, 1793, February 28, 1785, and March 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, Rhode Island, annexed to Westport in 1861. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Pawtucket</i> .

DUKES COUNTY, INCORPORATED NOVEMBER 1, 1683.

Indian name, Cappawick or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.

Edgartown, . . .	July	8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury established, February 5, 1830; also April 23, 1862.
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DUKES COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Chilmark, . . .	Oct. 30, 1714,	Indian name, Nashuakemmiuk. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820, Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head established, March 9, 1855. See <i>Gay Head</i> and <i>Gosnold</i> .
Gay Head, . . .	Apr. 30, 1870,	Part of Chilmark.
Gosnold, . . .	Mar. 17, 1864,	That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.
Tisbury, . . .	July 8, 1671,	Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810, Tisbury included the Elizabeth Isles. See <i>Chilmark</i> and <i>Edgartown</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County.*

Amesbury, . . .	Apr. 29, 1668,	New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, March 15, 1844. Authorized by Acts of April 30, 1864, and April 2, 1870, to unite with Salisbury and become a new town, called Merrimac; both Acts rejected.
Andover, . . .	May 6, 1646,	Indian name, Coehlelawick, or Quitchichick. See <i>North Andover</i> , <i>Middleton</i> and <i>Lawrence</i> .
Boxford, . . .	Aug. 12, 1685,	Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, March 7, 1846. Boundary line between Boxford and Rowley established, June 18, 1825. See <i>Groveland</i> and <i>Middleton</i> .

Beverly, . . .	Oct. 14, 1668,	Bass River. See <i>Danvers</i> .
Bradford, . . .	— 1675,	Merrimack. Union of with Haverhill authorized June 12, 1869; Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and again rejected. See <i>Grove-land</i> and <i>Newbury</i> .
Danvers, . . .	June 16, 1757,	Village and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, January 28, 1752. Boundary line between Danvers and Salem changed, March 17, 1840. May 18, 1855, Danvers was divided into two towns; that part known as North Danvers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of South Danvers. Boundary line between Danvers and South Danvers established, May 31, 1856. Part of Beverly annexed to Danvers, April 27, 1857.
Essex, . . .	Feb. 18, 1819,	Chebacco. Second Parish of Ipswich.
Georgetown, . . .	Apr. 21, 1838,	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.
Gloucester, . . .	May 22, 1639,	Cape Ann. Indian names, Wyngaersheek and Tragabigzanda. See <i>Rockport</i> . Incorporated as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters.
Groveland, . . .	Mar. 8, 1850,	East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford annexed to Groveland, March 21, 1856.
Hamilton, . . .	June 21, 1793,	Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.
Haverhill, . . .	— 1645,	Indian name, Pentucket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present Towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson and Hampstead in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City by Act approved March 10, 1869, and vote of the people. See <i>Bradford</i> .
Ipswich, . . .	Aug. 5, 1634,	Indian name, Agawam. See <i>Boxford</i> , <i>Essex</i> and <i>Hamilton</i> .

ESSEX COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Lawrence, . . .	Apr. 17, 1847,	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorporated as a City, March 21, 1853. Act accepted, March 29, 1853. Small portion of Methuen annexed to Lawrence, April 4, 1854. See <i>Haverhill</i> .
Lynn, . . .	Nov. —, 1637,	Indian name, Sagus, or Saugus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsea defined, July 21, 1830. Incorporated as a City, April 10, 1850. Act accepted, May 14, 1850. See <i>Chelsea</i> , <i>Lynnfield</i> , <i>Nahant</i> and <i>Saugus</i> .
Lynnfield, . . .	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorporated as a District, July 3, 1872. Incorporated as a Town, February 28, 1714. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading established, April 10, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined, 1870. See <i>North Reading</i> .
Manchester, . . .	May 14, 1645,	Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead, . . .	May 2, 1649,	Marble-harbor.
Methuen, . . .	Dec. 8, 1725,	Part of Haverhill. See <i>Lawrence</i> and <i>Haverhill</i> .
Middleton, . . .	June 20, 1728,	From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford and Andover.
Nahant, . . .	Mar. 29, 1853,	Set off from Lynn.
Newbury, . . .	May 6, 1635,	Indian names, Quasacumquen and Wessacumcous. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford established, June 16, 1809. See <i>Newburyport</i> and <i>West Newbury</i> .

North Andover, . . .	Apr.	7, 1855,	North Parish of Andover.
Newburyport, . . .	Jan.	28, 1764,	Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newburyport, April 17, [1851.
Peabody, . . .	May	18, 1855,	See <i>South Danvers</i> .
Rockport, . . .	Feb.	27, 1840,	Part of Gloucester.
Rowley, . . .	Sept.	4, 1639,	See <i>Boxford</i> and <i>Georgetown</i> .
Salem, . . .	June	24, 1629,	Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorporated as a City, March 23, 1836. Act accepted April 4, 1836. Part of annexed to Swampscott, April 3, 1867. See <i>Danvers</i> , <i>South Danvers</i> and <i>Middleton</i> .
Salisbury, . . .	Oct.	7, 1640,	Colchester. See <i>Amesbury</i> .
Saugus, . . .	Feb.	17, 1815,	Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, February 22, 1841. See <i>Lynn</i> .
<i>South Danvers</i> , . . .	May	18, 1855,	See <i>Danvers</i> . Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed, April 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April, 13, 1868; approved by the people.
Swampscott, . . .	May	21, 1852,	Easterly part of Lynn. See <i>Salem</i> .
Topsfield, . . .	Oct.	18, 1650,	New Meadows. See <i>Middleton</i> .
Wenham, . . .	May	10, 1643,	Enon, or Salem Village.
West Newbury, . . .	June	14, 1820,	Parsons, a part of Newbury. See <i>Parsons</i> .
<i>Parsons</i> , . . .	Feb.	18, 1819,	Part of Newbury. Name changed to West Newbury, June 14, 1820.

FRANKLIN COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 24, 1811. See *Hampshire County*.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Ashfield, . . .	June 21, 1765,	Huntstown.
Bernardston, . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, April 14, 1838. See <i>Leyden</i> .
Buckland, . . .	Apr. 14, 1779,	"No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, April 14, 1838.
Charlemont, . .	June 21, 1765,	Plantation of Charlemont. See <i>Rowe, Heath and Shelburne</i> .
Zoar, . . .	- - -	See <i>Rowe</i> .
Coleraine, . . .	June 30, 1761,	Colrain.
Conway, . . .	June 16, 1767,	South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield and Whately defined, June 21, 1811. See <i>Buckland</i> .
Deerfield, . . .	May 24, 1682,	Indian name, Paucomtock or Pocumtuck. See <i>Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne and Whately</i> .
Erving, . . .	Apr. 17, 1838,	Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield—known as Hack's Grant—annexed to Erving, February 10, 1860. See <i>New Salem and Orange</i> .
Gill, . . .	Sept. 28, 1793,	Easterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, February 28, 1795; and Great Island, in Connecticut River, March 14, 1805.
Greenfield, . . .	June 9, 1753,	North-easterly part of Deerfield. See <i>Gill</i> .

Hawley,	.	.	Feb.	7, 1792,	Plantation No. 7. See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Heath,	.	.	Feb.	14, 1785,	North-easterly part of Charlemon.
Leverett,	.	.	May	5, 1774,	Part of Sunderland.
Leyden,	.	.	Feb.	22, 1809,	Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden.
Monroe,	.	.	Feb.	21, 1822,	From a part of Rowe, and the Gore north of Florida.
Montague,	.	.	Dec.	22, 1753,	North Parish of Sunderland. See <i>Wendell</i> .
New Salem,	.	.	June	15, 1753,	Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, February 20, 1824. See <i>Prescott, Athol and Orange</i> .
Northfield,	.	.	Feb.	22, 1713,	Indian name, Squakeag. See <i>Erving and Gill</i> .
Orange,	.	.	Feb.	24, 1810,	District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, March 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving established, February 27, 1841. See <i>Athol</i> .
Rowe,	.	.	Feb.	9, 1785,	Myrfield and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemon, April 2, 1838. See <i>Monroe and Zoar</i> .
Shelburne,	.	.	June	21, 1768,	North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemon, March 19, 1763.
Shutesbury,	.	.	June	30, 1761,	Roads-town. See <i>New Salem</i> .
Sunderland,	.	.	Nov.	12, 1714,	Swampfield. See <i>Leverett and Montague</i> .
Warwick,	.	.	Feb.	17, 1763,	Roxbury Canada.

FRANKLIN COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wendell, . . .	May 8, 1781,	Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and a Gore of land annexed to Wendell, February 28, 1803.
Whately, . . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	North part of Hatfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Whately, March 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately established, February 2, 1849. See <i>Conway</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY, INCORPORATED FEBRUARY 20, 1812. See *Hampshire County.*

Agawam, . . .	May 17, 1835,	Part of West Springfield :—The Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.
Blandford, . . .	Apr. 10, 1741,	Glasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester established, February 22, 1809, and June 13, 1810, and between Blandford and Russell, February 22, 1809. See <i>Norwich</i> .
Brimfield, . . .	July 14, 1731,	- - - - -
Chester, . . .	Oct. 31, 1765,	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See <i>Blandford, Norwich, Middlefield and Worthington</i> .
Chilcopee, . . .	Apr. 29, 1848,	Northerly part of Springfield.
Granville, . . .	Jan. 25, 1754,	Bedford. First incorporated as a District. See <i>Tolland</i> .

Holland,	.	.	July 5, 1785,	East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorporated as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Wales</i> .
Holyoke,	.	.	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of West Springfield.
Longmeadow,	.	.	Oct. 17, 1783,	Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.
Ludlow,	.	.	Feb. 28, 1774,	Stony Hill. See <i>Springfield</i> .
Monson,	.	.	Apr. 25, 1760,	Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer established, February 8, 1828.
Montgomery,	.	.	Nov. 28, 1780,	Easterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, March 6, 1792. See <i>Russell</i> .
Palmer,	.	.	Jan. 30, 1752,	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, February 7, 1831. See <i>Monson</i> .
Russell,	.	.	Feb. 25, 1792,	North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See <i>Blandford</i> .
South Brimfield,	.	.	Sept. 18, 1762,	See <i>Wales</i> .
Southwick,	.	.	Nov. 17, 1770,	Southerly part of Westfield. First incorporated as a District. See <i>Westfield</i> .
Springfield,	.	.	May 14, 1636,	Indian name, Agawam. Organized as a Town, May 14, 1636, O. S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow established, June 5, 1830. Incorporated as a City, April 12, 1852. Act accepted, April 21, 1852. See <i>West Springfield</i> , <i>Wilbraham</i> , <i>Longmeadow</i> and <i>Chicopee</i> .
Tolland,	.	.	June 14, 1810,	West Parish of Granville. See <i>Sandisfield</i> .

HAMPDEN COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wales,	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield incorporated as a District, September 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, February 20, 1828. See <i>Holland</i> .
Westfield, . . .	May 16, 1669,	Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed, March 20, 1837. See <i>Southwick, Russell</i> and <i>West Springfield</i> .
West Springfield, .	Feb. 23, 1774,	West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, March 3, 1802. See <i>Agawam</i> and <i>Holyoke</i> .
Wilbraham, . . .	June 15, 1763,	Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the Elbows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 7, 1662.

April 27, 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and February 20, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.

Amherst,	Feb. 13, 1759,	Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, February 28, 1811, February 18, 1812, and February 17, 1814.
Belchertown, . .	June 30, 1761,	Cold Stream. See <i>Enfield</i> .

Chesterfield, . . .	June 11, 1762,	New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, February 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield and Goshen established, February 7, 1797; and between Chesterfield, Goshen and Williamsburg, February 16, 1810. See <i>Williamsburg</i> .
Cummington, . . .	June 23, 1779,	Easterly Part of "No. 5, W." See <i>Plainfield</i> .
Easthampton, . . .	June 17, 1785,	Indian name, Pasacomuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorporated as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton established, February 1, 1828. Changed, February 21, 1862. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, March 13, 1841, and April 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton and Northampton established, March 26, 1855. See <i>Southampton</i> and <i>Westhampton</i> .
Enfield, . . .	Feb. 16, 1816,	Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen, . . .	May 14, 1781,	Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See <i>Chesterfield</i> .
Granby, . . .	June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granby, March 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granby and South Hadley changed, June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich, . . .	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Quabin. See <i>Dana, Enfield</i> and <i>Petersham</i> .
Hadley, . . .	May 20, 1661,	Indian name, Norwotock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amherst changed, March 1, 1815. See <i>South Hadley, Amherst</i> and <i>Northampton</i> .
Hatfield, . . .	May 11, 1670,	Boundary line between Hatfield and Williamsburg established, March 14, 1845, and March 19, 1847. See <i>Whately</i> and <i>Williamsburg</i> .
Huntington, . . .	June 29, 1773,	See <i>Norwich</i> .

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Norwich</i> , . . .	June 20, 1773,	Easterly part of Murrayfield. Parts of Chester and Blandford annexed to Norwich, April 28, 1853. Name changed to Huntington, March 9, 1855. See <i>Chesterfield</i> and <i>Montgomery</i> .
<i>Middlefield</i> , . . .	Mar. 12, 1783,	From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington and all of Prescott's Grant.
<i>Northampton</i> , . . .	Oct. 18, 1654,	Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwottock. Hockanum Meadows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, April 15, 1850. See <i>Easthampton</i> , <i>Southampton</i> and <i>Westhampton</i> .
<i>Pelham</i> , . . .	Jan. 15, 1742,	New Lisburne. See <i>Prescott</i> .
<i>Plainfield</i> , . . .	Mar. 16, 1785,	Incorporated as a District, March 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15, 1807.
<i>Prescott</i> , . . .	Jan. 28, 1822,	East Parish of Pelham and south part of New Salem.
<i>South Hadley</i> , . . .	Apr. 12, 1753,	Second Precinct of Hadley. See <i>Granby</i> .
<i>Southampton</i> , . . .	Jan. 5, 1753,	South Hampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, March 13, 1841. See <i>Easthampton</i> , <i>Montgomery</i> and <i>Westhampton</i> .
<i>Ware</i> , . . .	Nov. 25, 1761,	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, February 8, 1823.
<i>Westhampton</i> , . . .	Sept. 29, 1778,	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between Northampton, Westhampton, Easthampton and Southampton changed, March 12, 1872.

Williamsburg, . .	Apr. 24, 1771,	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Chesterfield established, June 24, 1795. See <i>Chesterfield, Hatfield and Whately</i> .
Worthington, . .	June 30, 1768,	"No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1791. See <i>Middlefield</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Acton,	July 3, 1735,	Part of Concord. See <i>Carlisle</i> .
Arlington, . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	See <i>West Cambridge</i> .
Ashby,	Mar. 5, 1767,	From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, November 16, 1792, and part to Fitchburg, March 3, 1829.
Ashland, . . .	Mar. 16, 1746,	From parts of Hopkinton, Framingham and Holliston. See <i>Hopkinton</i> .
Ayer,	Feb. 14, 1871,	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford, . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	From parts of Billerica and Concord. [defined, 1862.
Belmont, . . .	Mar. 18, 1859,	From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown and Waltham. Boundaries
Billerica, . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Shawshin. See <i>Bedford and Carlisle</i> .
Boxborough, . .	Feb. 25, 1783,	From parts of Slow, Harvard and Littleton. Incorporated as a District, February 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See <i>Littleton</i> .
Brighton, . . .	Feb. 24, 1807,	Southerly Parish of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, January 27, 1816.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Burlington,	Feb. 28, 1799,	Part of Woburn. See <i>Lexington</i> .
Cambridge,	Sept. 8, 1633,	"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, March 6, 1802, February 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorporated as a City, March 17, 1846. Act accepted, March 30, 1846. Part of Watertown annexed to Cambridge, April 27, 1855. Boundary line between Somerville and Cambridge changed, April 30, 1856, and April 29, 1862. See <i>Belmont, Brighton, Lexington and West Cambridge</i> .
Carlisle,	Apr. 28, 1780,	Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford and Billerica, incorporated as the District of Carlisle, April 28, 1780; and as a Town, February 18, 1805. See <i>Chelmsford</i> .
Charlestown,	June 24, 1629,	Indian name, Mishawum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorporated as a City, February 22, 1847. Act accepted, March 10, 1847. See <i>Cambridge, West Cambridge, Stoneham, Woburn and Somerville</i> .
Chelmsford,	May 29, 1655,	Part of Chelmsford annexed, February 17, 1865. [and <i>Westford</i> . See <i>Lowell, Carlisle</i>
Concord,	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Musquetequid. See <i>Acton, Bedford, Lincoln and Carlisle</i> .
Dracut,	Feb. 26, 1701,	See <i>Lowell</i> .
Dunstable,	Oct. 15, 1673,	Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough established January 29, 1798. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, February 25, 1793, January 26, 1796, and June 18, 1803. See <i>Groton and Tyngsborough</i> .

Everett, . . .	Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden.
Framingham, . . .	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, February 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See <i>Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton and Marlborough</i> .
Groton, . . .	May 29, 1655,	Indian name, Petapawag. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, February 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable established, Feb'y 15, 1820. See <i>Pepperell, Dunstable, Harvard, Shirley and Ayer</i> .
Holliston, . . .	Dec. 3, 1724,	Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed, March 3, 1829; and established between Holliston, Hopkinton and Medway, March 27, 1835. See <i>Ashland, Framingham and Milford</i> .
Hopkinton, . . .	Dec. 13, 1715,	Indian name, Moguncyoy. See <i>Ashland, Holliston and Upton</i> . [20, 1868.
Hudson, . . .	Mar. 19, 1866,	From parts of Marlborough and Stow. Part of Bolton annexed, March
Lexington, . . .	Mar. 29, 1712,	Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington, January 10, 1810. See <i>Lincoln</i> .
Lincoln, . . .	Apr. 19, 1754,	From parts of Concord, Lexington and Weston.
Littleton, . . .	Dec. 3, 1715,	Indian name, Nashoba. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough established, February 20, 1794. See <i>Boxborough</i> .
Lowell, . . .	Mar. 1, 1826,	Part of Chelmsford. Incorporated as a Town, March 1, 1826, and as a City, April 1, 1836. Act accepted, April 11, 1836. Parts of Tewksbury annexed to Lowell, March 22, 1832, and March 29, 1834; and part of Dracut (Centralville), February 28, 1851.
Malden, . . .	May 2, 1649,	See <i>Medford, Melrose and Everett</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Marlborough, . . .	May 31, 1660,	Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsufforage. Part of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, February 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, March 24, 1843. See <i>Bolton, Northborough, Southborough and Hudson</i> .
Maynard, . . .	Apr. 19, 1871,	Parts of Stow and Sudbury.
Medford, . . .	Sept. 28, 1630,	Indian name, Mistick or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town," October 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See <i>Charles-town and Winchester</i> .
Melrose, . . .	May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden.
Natick, . . .	—, 1762,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorporated as a District in 1762, and as a Town, February 19, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, February 7, 1820. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland established, April 26, 1850. Part of annexed to Framingham, 1871. See <i>Needham</i> .
Newton, . . .	Dec. 15, 1791,	New Cambridge. An island between Needham and Newton, annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. Part of Waltham annexed to Newton, April 16, 1849. See <i>Roxbury</i> .
North Reading, . . .	Mar. 22, 1853,	Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynnfield and North Reading changed, May 27, 1857.
Pepperell, . . .	Apr. 6, 1753,	Incorporated as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, February 3, 1803. See Groton.

Reading, . . .	May	23, 1644,	Lynn Village. See <i>Lynnfield</i> , <i>Wilmington</i> and <i>South Reading</i> .
Sherborn, . . .	May	27, 1674,	Boggestown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See <i>Holliston</i> , <i>Natick</i> and <i>Medway</i> .
Shirley, . . .	Jan.	5, 1753,	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, February 6, 1798. See <i>Lunenburg</i> and <i>Ayer</i> . [accepted by the voters. See <i>Cambridge</i> .
Somerville, . . .	Mar.	3, 1842,	Part of Charlestown. Incorporated as a City by Act of April 14, 1871; incorporated as a City by Act of April 14, 1871; See <i>Cambridge</i> .
<i>South Reading</i> , . . .	Feb.	25, 1812,	South Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, April 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.
Stoneham, . . .	Dec.	17, 1725,	Part of Charlestown. See <i>South Reading</i> .
Stow, . . .	May	16, 1683,	Indian name, Pomposetticut. See <i>Borborough</i> , <i>Harvard</i> and <i>Maynard</i> .
Sudbury, . . .	Sept.	4, 1639,	See <i>Maynard</i> .
Tewksbury, . . .	Dec.	23, 1734,	Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. See <i>Lowell</i> .
Townsend, . . .	June	29, 1732,	Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See <i>Ashby</i> .
Tyngsborough, . . .	June	22, 1789,	South and easterly parts of Dunstable. Incorporated as a District, June 22, 1789; and as a Town, February 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable annexed to Tyngsborough, March 3, 1792. Boundary line between Tyngsborough and Dunstable established June 10, 1814. See <i>Dunstable</i> .
Wakefield, . . .	Feb.	25, 1812,	See <i>South Reading</i> and <i>Lynnfield</i> .
Waltham, . . .	Jan.	4, 1737,	Westerly Precinct of Watertown. See <i>Belmont</i> and <i>Newton</i> .
Watertown, . . .	Sept.	7, 1630,	Indian name, Pigsgusset. See <i>Belmont</i> , <i>Weston</i> and <i>Cambridge</i> .

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Wayland, . . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	See <i>East Sudbury</i> and <i>Natick</i> .
<i>East Sudbury</i> , . . .	Apr. 10, 1780,	East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, March 11, 1835.
<i>West Cambridge</i> , . . .	Feb. 27, 1807,	Westerly Parish of Cambridge. Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, February 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, April 30, 1867. See <i>Winchester</i> , <i>Belmont</i> and <i>Cambridge</i> .
Westford, . . .	Sept. 23, 1729,	Westerly Precinct of Chelmsford.
Weston, . . .	Jan. 1, 1712,	Part of Watertown. See <i>Lincoln</i> .
Wilmington, . . .	Sept. 25, 1730,	From parts of Woburn and Reading.
Winchester, . . .	Apr. 30, 1850,	From parts of Woburn, Medford and West Cambridge.
Woburn, . . .	May 18, 1642,	Charlestown Village. See <i>Burlington</i> , <i>Wilmington</i> and <i>Winchester</i> .
NANTUCKET COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 20, 1695.		
		Indian name, Nautican.
Nantucket, . . .	June 27, 1687,	See <i>Sherburn</i> .
<i>Sherburn</i> , . . .	June 27, 1687,	Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.

NORFOLK COUNTY, INCORPORATED MARCH 26, 1793.

Norfolk County, as incorporated, included all the original territory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. [May 10, 1643, the Colony was divided into four Counties, viz.: Essex, Middlesex, Suffolk and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the towns of Haverhill, Salisbury, Hampton, Exeter, Dover and Strawberry Bank (Portsmouth). The four last named towns having been "taken off" upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachusetts, in 1680, the others were set back to Essex, February 4, 1680, and the original County of Norfolk ceased to exist.]

Bellingham, . . .	Nov. 27, 1719,	From parts of Dedham, Wrentham and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin and Medway established, February 23, 1832.
Braintree, . . .	May 13, 1640,	Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See <i>Quincy</i> and <i>Randolph</i> .
Brookline, . . .	Nov. 13, 1705,	Muddy River. Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, February 24, 1844. Part of annexed to Boston, 1870. See <i>Boston</i> .
Canton, . . .	Feb. 23, 1797,	Northerly part of Stoughton. See <i>Stoughton</i> .
Cohasset, . . .	Apr. 26, 1770,	Indian name, Conahasset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham, . . .	Sept. 8, 1636,	Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined March 7, 1791. See <i>Bellingham</i> , <i>Dover</i> , <i>Dorchester</i> , <i>Needham</i> , <i>Medfield</i> , <i>Walpole</i> , <i>West Roxbury</i> , <i>Hyde Park</i> and <i>Norwood</i> .
Dorchester, . . .	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and established February 21, 1820. Part of Dedham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the people of the two Cities. See <i>Boston</i> , <i>Quincy</i> , <i>Stoughton</i> and <i>Hyde Park</i> .

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Dover,	July 7, 1784,	Part of Dedham. Incorporated as a District, July 7, 1784; and as a Town, March 31, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined, March 7, 1791. Line between Dover and Walpole changed, February 27, 1872.
Foxborough,	June 10, 1778,	From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton and Stoughtonham (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon annexed to Foxborough, March 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, February 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, February 28, 1850. See <i>Sharon, Walpole, Wrentham and Everett.</i>
Franklin,	Mar. 2, 1778,	Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway established November 3, 1792, and February 23, 1831. See <i>Bellingham and Norfolk.</i>
Holbrook,	Feb. 29, 1872,	Part of Randolph.
Hyde Park,	Apr. 22, 1868,	From parts of Dorechester, Dedham and Milton.
Medfield,	May 23, 1651,	Dedham Village. See <i>Medway.</i>
Medway,	Oct. 24, 1713,	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn established, March 3, 1792. See <i>Bellingham, Franklin, Holliston and Norfolk.</i>
Milton,	May 7, 1662,	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See <i>Hyde Park.</i>
Needham,	Nov. 5, 1711,	Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed, June 22, 1797. See <i>Newton.</i>

Norfolk,	.	.	Feb. 23, 1870,	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.
Norwood,	.	.	Feb. 23, 1872,	From parts of Dedham and Walpole.
Quincy,	.	.	Feb. 23, 1792,	North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, February 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855, and a part of Braintree, April 24, 1856. See <i>Dorchester</i> .
Randolph,	.	.	Mar. 9, 1793,	Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, February 29, 1872. See <i>Holbrook</i> .
Roxbury,	.	.	Sept. 28, 1630,	Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, April 23, 1838. Incorporated as a City, March 12, 1846. Act accepted, March 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established May 3, 1850, and changed April 3, 1860. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1867, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See <i>Boston and West Roxbury</i> .
Sharon,	.	.	June 20, 1765,	Indian name, Mashapoag. Stoughtonham. Second Precinct in Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, February 12, 1792; also, March 26, 1864. Boundary line between Sharon and Roxborough established January 30, 1833. See <i>Roxborough and Walpole</i> .
Stoughton,	.	.	Dec. 22, 1726,	Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, March 31, 1847. See <i>Canton, Foxborough and Sharon</i> .
Walpole,	.	.	Dec. 10, 1724,	Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, February 28, 1804, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, March 27, 1833, and March 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole changed February 27, 1872. See <i>Foxborough, Norfolk and Norwood</i> .
West Roxbury,	.	.	May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, April 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston changed, 1870.

NORFOLK COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Weymouth, . . .	Sept. 2, 1635,	Indian name, Wessagusset, or Wessagusson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington established, March 31, 1847.
Wrentham, . . .	Oct. 15, 1673,	Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough established, February 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See <i>Attleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin and Norfolk.</i>

PLYMOUTH COUNTY, INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

Abington, . . .	June 10, 1712,	Indian name, Maranooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridgewater. See <i>Weymouth.</i>
Bridgewater, . . .	June 3, 1656,	Indian name, Nunketst. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established February 23, 1838, and March 20, 1846. See <i>East Bridgewater, Halilijar, North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater.</i>
Carver, . . .	June 9, 1790,	South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middleborough and Carver established, March 24, 1849. See <i>Plympton.</i>
Duxbury, . . .	June 7, 1637,	Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield established, June 14, 1813. See <i>Kingston and Pembroke.</i>
East Bridgewater, . . .	June 14, 1823,	Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, April 11, 1857. See <i>Bridgewater.</i>
Hanson, . . .	Feb. 22, 1820,	Westerly part of Pembroke.

Halifax,	July 4, 1734,	Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halifax, February 20, 1824, and part of Plympton, March 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton established, February 6, 1863. See <i>East Bridgewater</i> .
Hanover,	June 14, 1727,	Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined May 15, 1857, under resolves of May 31, 1856.
Hingham,	Sept. 2, 1635,	Bareovee. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See <i>Cohasset</i> .
Hull,	May 29, 1644,	Nantasket. See <i>Hingham</i> .
Kingston,	June 16, 1726,	Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, April 14, 1857.
Lakeville,	May 13, 1853,	South-westerly part of Middleborough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined, 1867.
Marion,	May 14, 1852,	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham established February 18, 1859, and February 13, 1866.
Marshfield,	Mar. 2, 1640,	Green Harbor. Rexham. See <i>Duxbury</i> .
Mattapoisett,	May 20, 1857,	Mattapoisett Precinct;—a part of Rochester.
Middleborough,	June 7, 1669,	Indian names, Assawampset, or Assawomuit and Namasket. See <i>Career</i> [and <i>Lakeville</i> .
North Bridgewater,	June 15, 1821,	Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and West Bridge-water established, January 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approval of the voters. The Act was not approved.
Plymouth,	Dec. 11, 1620,	Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpame, and Patuxet. See [Kingston, Wareham and Plympton.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Pembroke, . . .	Mar. 21, 1711,	Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeset. See <i>Hanson</i> .
Plympton, . . .	June 4, 1707,	Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plympton and Carver established, February 8, 1793. See <i>Carver</i> and <i>Hathfar</i> .
Rochester, . . .	June 4, 1686,	Indian name, Scipican, or Sippacan. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven established, April 9, 1836. See <i>Marion</i> and <i>Mattapoisett</i> .
Scituate, . . .	Oct. 5, 1636,	Indian name, Assamipi. See <i>Cohasset</i> and <i>South Scituate</i> .
South Scituate, . .	Feb. 14, 1849,	Part of Scituate. See <i>Hanover</i> .
Wareham, . . .	July 10, 1739,	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, January 20, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined, 1864 and 1866. See <i>Marion</i> .
West Bridgewater, .	Feb. 16, 1822,	Part of Bridgewater. See <i>North Bridgewater</i> .

SUFFOLK COUNTY, INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643. See *Norfolk County*.

Chelsea, . . .	Jan. 10, 1738,	Indian name, Wimmisimct. Rumney Marsh. See <i>Saugus</i> and <i>North Chelsea</i> .
<i>North Chelsea</i> , . .	Mar. 19, 1848,	Part of Chelsea. See <i>Winthrop</i> . Name changed to Revere by Act of March 24, 1871, approved by the Town.

Boston,	Sept. 7, 1630,	Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain Noddle's Island (East Boston), granted to Samuel Maverick, April 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, March 9, 1636-7. Long, Spectacle, Deer and Hog Islands granted to Boston, March 4, 1634. Dorchester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, March 6, 1804. Boston incorporated as a City, February 23, 1822. Act accepted, March 4, 1822. Boundary line between Boston and Brookline established, and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, February 22, 1825; annexed portion joined to Ward 6, March 3, 1826; Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, March 4, 1834, and annexed to Boston from Dorchester, March 25, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury established March 16, 1836; changed April 19, 1837; established, May 3, 1850; and changed, April 3, 1860. Part of Dorchester, known as Washington Village, annexed to Boston, May 21, 1859. Dorchester annexed, 1869. Part of Brookline annexed, 1870. Boundary line between Brookline and Boston changed, April 27, 1872. See <i>Roxbury, Dorchester and West Roxbury</i> .
Revere,	Mar. 19, 1848,	See <i>North Chelsea</i> .
Winthrop,	Mar. 27, 1852,	Easterly part of North Chelsea.

WORCESTER COUNTY, INCORPORATED APRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham,	Feb. 22, 1765,	Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, February 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, January 28, 1824. See <i>Ashby and Gardner</i> .
Athol,	Mar. 6, 1762,	Indian name, Paynauig, or Poquaig. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, February 26, 1806; part of Orange, February 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, February 5, 1830, and March 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See <i>Royalston, Gerry and Boylston</i> .
Auburn,	Apr. 10, 1778,	See <i>Ward</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
<i>Ward</i> ,	Apr. 10, 1778,	From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, February 17, 1837.
<i>Barre</i> ,	Mar. 28, 1753,	North-westerly part of Rutland incorporated as Rutland District, March 28, 1753. Rutland District incorporated as the Town of Hutchinson, June 7, 1774. Name changed to Barre, November 7, 1776.
<i>Hutchinson</i> ,	June 7, 1774,	See <i>Barre</i> .
<i>Berlin</i> ,	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorporated as District of Berlin, March 16, 1784; and as a Town, February 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annexed to Berlin, February 8, 1791; and part of Northborough, February 14, 1806.
<i>Blackstone</i> ,	Mar. 25, 1845,	Part of Mendon.
<i>Bolton</i> ,	June 24, 1738,	Part of Lancaster. Part of Marlborough annexed to Bolton, February 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough established, March 16, 1838. See <i>Berlin</i> ; also <i>Hudson</i> , in Middlesex County.
<i>Boylston</i> ,	Mar. 1, 1786,	North Parish of Shrewsbury. See <i>West Boylston</i> .
<i>Brookfield</i> ,	Nov. 12, 1718,	Indian name, Quaboag, Quobog, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintree established, June 10, 1791, and March 8, 1792. Part of North Brookfield annexed to Brookfield, April 15, 1854. See <i>North Brookfield</i> and <i>Ware</i> .
<i>Charlton</i> ,	Nov. 2, 1754,	West part of Oxford. See <i>Oxford</i> , <i>Southbridge</i> and <i>Sturbridge</i> .

Clinton,	Mar. 14, 1850,	Part of Lancaster.
Dana,	Feb. 18, 1801,	From parts of Petersham, Hardwick and Greenwich. Boundary line established, February 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich established, June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, February 4, 1842.
Douglas,	—, 1746,	Incorporated as a District. (See note on page 103.) Boundary line between it and Uxbridge established, April 25, 1864. See <i>Webster</i> .
Dudley,	Feb. 2, 1731,	Indian name, Chabauakongumum. From lands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See <i>Southbridge</i> and <i>Webster</i> .
Fitchburg,	Feb. 3, 1764,	West part of Lunenburg. See <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Westminster</i> . Incorporated as a City by Act of March 8, 1872, accepted by the people.
Gardner,	June 27, 1785,	From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon and Templeton. See <i>Ashburnham</i> , <i>Ashby</i> and <i>Westminster</i> .
Grafton,	Apr. 18, 1735,	Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, June 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed, March 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, March 3, 1842. See <i>Worcester</i> .
Hardwick,	Jan. 10, 1738,	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and Gore of land, February 7, 1831, and February 6, 1833. See <i>Dana</i> and <i>Petersham</i> .
Harvard,	June 29, 1732,	From parts of Lancaster, Groton and Stow. See <i>Borborough</i> .
Holden,	Jan. 9, 1740,	North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton established March 27, 1793. Part of Paxton annexed to Holden, March 19, 1831. See <i>Paxton</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .
Hubbardston,	June 13, 1767,	North-easterly part of Rutland. See <i>Princeton</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Lancaster, . . .	May 18, 1653,	Indian name, Nashwash or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling established, March 7, 1837. See <i>Berlin, Holden</i> and <i>Sterling</i> .
Leicester, . . .	Feb. 15, 1713,	Indian name, Towtoid. See <i>Ward, Spencer</i> and <i>Parton</i> .
Leominster, . . .	June 23, 1740,	Part of Lancaster. Part of No-town annexed to Leominster, April 13, 1838.
Lunenburg, . . .	Aug. 1, 1728,	South part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley established, March 3, 1846. See <i>Fitchburg</i> and <i>Townsend</i> .
Mendon, . . .	May 15, 1667,	Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squashopog. See <i>Bellingham, Blackstone</i> and <i>Milford</i> .
Milford, . . .	Apr. 11, 1780,	Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, April 1, 1839.
Millbury, . . .	June 11, 1813,	North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree, . . .	Jan. 31, 1751,	Indian name, Wenimesset. See <i>Brookfield</i> and <i>Hardwick</i> .
Northborough, . . .	Jan. 24, 1766,	North Precinct of Westboro'. Part of Marlborough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See <i>Berlin</i> .
Northbridge, . . .	July 14, 1772,	North part of Uxbridge. Part of Sutton annexed to Northbridge, February 17, 1801, and March 16, 1844. See <i>Sutton</i> and <i>Uxbridge</i> .

North Brookfield,	Feb. 28, 1812,	North Parish in Brookfield. See <i>Brookfield</i> .
Oakham,	June 11, 1762,	West wing of Rutland. Incorporated as District of Oakham, June 11, 1762.
Oxford,	—, 1713,	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, February 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed, February 6, 1807; part of Charlton, February 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, March 22, 1838. See <i>Charlton</i> , <i>Ward</i> and <i>Webster</i> .
Paxton,	Feb. 12, 1765,	South part of Rutland and north part of Leicester incorporated as District of Paxton, February 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, February 13, 1804, and April 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See <i>Holden</i> and <i>Rutland</i> .
Petersham,	Apr. 20, 1754,	Indian name, Nitchawog. See <i>Dana</i> .
Phillipston,	Oct. 20, 1786,	See <i>Gerry</i> . Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed March 29, 1837. See <i>Royalston</i> .
<i>Gerry</i> ,	Oct. 20, 1786,	From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, February 5, 1814. See <i>Athol</i> and <i>Royalston</i> .
Princeton,	Apr. 24, 1771,	Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Hubbardston annexed to Princeton, February 16, 1810; and part of No-town, April 4, 1838. See <i>Westminster</i> .
Royalston,	Feb. 17, 1765,	Royalshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, February 26, 1799, and part of Athol, March 7, 1803. See <i>Phillipston</i> .
Rutland,	Feb. 23, 1713,	Indian name, Naguecag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton established February 20, 1829. See <i>Barre</i> , <i>Hubbardston</i> , <i>Oakham</i> and <i>Paxton</i> .

WORCESTER COUNTY — *Continued.*

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, &c.
Shrewsbury, . . .	Dec. 19, 1727,	See <i>Boylston</i> and <i>Grafton</i> .
Southborough, . . .	July 6, 1727,	Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough established, March 5, 1855. See <i>Marlborough</i> .
Southbridge, . . .	Feb. 15, 1816,	From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, February 23, 1822, and part of Sturbridge, April 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge changed in 1871.
Spencer, . . .	Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling, . . .	Apr. 25, 1781,	Second Precinct of Lancaster. See <i>Lancaster</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .
Sturbridge, . . .	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Sturbridge, June 27, 1792. See <i>Dudley</i> and <i>Southbridge</i> . Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.
Sutton, . . .	June 21, 1715,	Nipmuc Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and Northbridge changed March 7, 1837. See <i>Ward</i> , <i>Grafton</i> , <i>Millbury</i> , <i>Northbridge</i> and <i>Oxford</i> .
Templeton, . . .	Mar. 6, 1762,	Narragansett, No. 6. See <i>Gerry</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Upton, . . .	June 14, 1735,	From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge and Hopkinton.
Uxbridge, . . .	June 27, 1727,	Indian name, Wacantug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed April 30, 1856. See <i>Douglas</i> .

Warren,	.	.	.	Jan. 16, 1741,	See <i>Western</i> .
<i>Western</i> ,	.	.	.	Jan. 16, 1741,	From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, March 13, 1834. See <i>Palmer</i> and <i>Ware</i> .
Webster,	.	.	.	Mar. 6, 1832,	From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas established, February 27, 1841.
Westborough,	.	.	.	Nov. 18, 1717,	Channee. See <i>Bolton</i> and <i>Southborough</i> .
West Boylston,	.	.	.	Jan. 30, 1808,	From parts of Boylston, Holden and Sterling. Part of Boylston annexed to West Boylston, February 10, 1820, and June 17, 1820. See <i>Bolton</i> .
West Brookfield,	.	.	.	Mar. 3, 1848,	Part of Brookfield.
Westminster,	.	.	.	Apr. 26, 1770,	Narragansett, No. 2. Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, February 12, 1796, and February 16, 1813; and part of No-town, April 10, 1838. Part of annexed to Princeton, April 22, 1870. See <i>Ashburnham</i> and <i>Gardner</i> .
Winchendon,	.	.	.	June 14, 1764,	Ipswich Canada. See <i>Gardner</i> .
Worcester,	.	.	.	Oct. 15, 1684,	Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, March 22, 1838. See <i>Holden</i> and <i>Ward</i> .

MILEAGE SCHEDULE,

ADOPTED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, FEBRUARY 3, 1869,
FOR THE PAYMENT OF MILEAGE TO ITS MEMBERS.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Barnstable,	80	Orleans,	100
Brewster,	95	Provincetown,	125
Chatham,	100	Sandwich,	65
Dennis,	85	Truro,	120
Eastham,	100	Wellfleet,	110
Falmouth,	80	Yarmouth,	80
Harwich,	90		

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Adams,	140	New Ashford,	150
Alford,	180	New Marlborough,	180
Becket,	140	Otis,	170
Cheshire,	160	Peru,	150
Clarksburg,	145	Pittsfield,	150
Dalton,	145	Richmond,	160
Egremont,	180	Sandisfield,	180
Florida,	135	Savoy,	145
Great Barrington,	175	Sheffield,	185
Hancock,	165	Stockbridge,	170
Hinsdale,	145	Tyringham,	160
Lanesborough,	155	Washington,	145
Lee,	165	West Stockbridge,	165
Lenox,	160	Williamstown,	145
Monterey,	175	Windsor,	155
Mt. Washington,	190		

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

	Miles.		Miles.
Acushnet,	55	New Bedford,	55
Attleborough,	35	Norton,	35
Berkley,	40	Raynham,	35
Dartmouth,	60	Rehoboth,	40
Dighton,	40	Seekonk,	40
Easton,	25	Somerset,	45
Fairhaven,	60	Swansea,	50
Fall River,	55	Taunton,	35
Freetown,	51	Westport,	65
Mansfield,	30		

DUKES COUNTY.

	Miles.		Miles.
Chilmark,	100	Gosnold,	100
Edgartown,	100	Tisbury,	100

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

	Miles.		Miles.
Amesbury,	45	Marblehead,	20
Andover,	25	Methuen,	35
Beverly,	20	Middleton,	25
Boxford,	30	Nahant,	15
Bradford,	35	Newbury,	40
Danvers,	20	Newburyport,	40
Essex,	30	North Andover,	30
Georgetown,	30	Peabody,	20
Gloucester,	35	Rockport,	40
Groveland,	35	Rowley,	35
Hamilton,	25	Salem,	20
Haverhill,	35	Salisbury,	40
Ipswich,	30	Saugus,	10
Lawrence,	30	Swampscott,	15
Lynn,	10	Topsfield,	25
Lynnfield,	15	Wenham,	25
Manchester,	25	West Newbury,	30

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

	Miles.		Miles.
Ashfield,	135	Leyden,	120
Bernardston,	115	Monroe,	140
Buckland,	125	Montague,	105
Charlemont,	130	New Salem,	95
Coleraine,	125	Northfield,	100
Conway,	120	Orange,	90
Deerfield,	115	Rowe,	135
Erving,	90	Shelburne,	125
Gill,	105	Shutesbury,	115
Greenfield,	110	Sunderland,	110
Hawley,	135	Warwick,	95
Heath,	135	Wendell,	95
Leverett,	110	Whately,	120

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

	Miles.		Miles.
Agawam,	100	Montgomery,	129
Blandford,	120	Palmer,	85
Brimfield,	85	Russell,	120
Chester,	130	Southwick,	115
Chicopee,	105	Springfield,	100
Granville,	120	Tolland,	125
Holland,	90	Wales,	100
Holyoke,	110	Westfield,	110
Longmeadow,	105	West Springfield,	100
Ludlow,	95	Wilbraham,	90
Monson,	90		

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

	Miles.		Miles.
Amherst,	100	Easthampton,	125
Belchertown,	95	Enfield,	100
Chesterfield,	135	Goshen,	125
Cummington,	140	Granby,	100

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE — *Continued.*

	Miles.		Miles.
Greenwich,	90	Prescott,	90
Hadley,	120	South Hadley,	115
Hatfield,	120	Southampton,	120
Huntington,	120	Ware,	80
Middlefield,	135	Westhampton,	125
Northampton,	115	Williamsburg,	125
Pelham,	105	Worthington,	135
Plainfield,	140		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

	Miles.		Miles.
Acton,	25	Marlborough,	35
Arlington,	5	Medford,	5
Ashby,	50	Melrose,	5
Ashland,	25	Natick,	20
Bedford,	20	Newton,	10
Belmont,	10	North Reading,	20
Billerica,	20	Pepperell,	40
Boxborough,	30	Reading,	15
Brighton,	5	Sherborn,	30
Burlington,	15	Shirley,	40
Cambridge,	5	Somerville,	5
Carlisle,	20	Stonham,	10
Charlestown,	5	Stow,	30
Chelmsford,	30	Sudbury,	25
Coneord,	20	Tewksbury,	20
Dracut,	35	Townsend,	40
Dunstable,	40	Tyngsborough,	35
Framingham,	25	Wakefield,	10
Groton,	35	Waltham,	10
Hopkinton,	30	Watertown,	10
Holliston,	25	Wayland,	20
Hudson,	35	Westford,	30
Lexington,	10	Weston,	15
Lincoln,	20	Wilmington,	20
Littleton,	30	Winchester,	10
Lowell,	30	Woburn,	10
Malden,	5		

COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

	Miles.
Nantucket,	120

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

	Miles.		Miles.
Bellingham,	30	Medway,	30
Braintree,	15	Milton,	10
Brookline,	5	Needham,	15
Canton,	15	Quincy,	10
Cohasset,	25	Randolph,	15
Dedham,	10	Sharon,	20
Dorchester,	5	Stoughton,	20
Dover,	15	Walpole,	20
Foxborough,	25	West Roxbury,	5
Franklin,	30	Weymouth,	15
Hyde Park,	10	Wrentham,	25
Medfield,	20		

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

	Miles.		Miles.
Abington,	20	Marshfield,	35
Bridgewater,	30	Mattapoisett,	55
Carver,	45	Middleborough,	35
Duxbury,	40	North Bridgewater,	25
East Bridgewater,	25	Pembroke,	30
Halifax,	30	Plymouth,	40
Hanover,	25	Plympton,	35
Hanson,	25	Rochester,	50
Hingham,	20	Scituate,	30
Hull,	25	South Scituate,	30
Kingston,	35	Wareham,	50
Lakeville,	40	West Bridgewater,	25
Marion,	50		

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

	Miles.		Miles.
Boston,	5	Revere,	5
Chelsea,	5	Winthrop,	10

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

	Miles.		Miles.
Ashburnham,	65	Northborough,	35
Athol,	80	Northbridge,	50
Auburn,	50	North Brookfield,	70
Barre,	55	Oakham,	60
Berlin,	35	Oxford,	60
Blackstone,	35	Paxton,	55
Bolton,	30	Petersham,	75
Boylston,	50	Phillipston,	75
Brookfield,	65	Princeton,	60
Charlton,	65	Royalston,	80
Clinton,	45	Rutland,	60
Dana,	80	Shrewsbury,	40
Douglas,	50	Southborough,	30
Dudley,	60	Southbridge,	70
Fitchburg,	50	Spencer,	65
Gardner,	65	Sterling,	45
Grafton,	40	Sturbridge,	70
Hardwick,	80	Sutton,	55
Harvard,	35	Templeton,	75
Holden,	50	Upton,	45
Hubbardston,	75	Uxbridge,	45
Lancaster,	45	Warren,	75
Leicester,	50	Webster,	60
Leominster,	50	Westborough,	35
Lunenburg,	50	West Boylston,	50
Mendon,	40	West Brookfield,	70
Milford,	35	Westminster,	55
Millbury,	45	Winchendon,	65
New Braintree,	70	Worcester,	45

NOTE.—The towns incorporated since 1869 are not included in this schedule.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 300 OF THE ACTS OF 1872.

DISTRICT No. 1.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Plymouth Co.</i>		<i>Barnstable Co.—Con.</i>	
Carver, . . .	1,092	Brewster, . . .	1,259
Duxbury, . . .	2,341	Chatham, . . .	2,411
Halifax, . . .	612 ^a	Dennis, . . .	3,269
Kingston, . . .	1,604	Falmouth, . . .	668
Lakeville, . . .	1,159	Falmouth, . . .	2,237
Marion, . . .	896	Harwich, . . .	3,080
Marshfield, . . .	1,659	Mashpee, . . .	348
Mattapoisett, . . .	1,361	Orleans, . . .	1,323
Middleborough, . . .	4,687	Provincetown, . . .	3,865
Pembroke, . . .	1,447	Sandwich, . . .	3,694
Plymouth, . . .	6,238	Truro, . . .	1,269
Plympton, . . .	804	Wellfleet, . . .	2,135
Rochester, . . .	1,024	Yarmouth, . . .	2,423
Wareham, . . .	3,098		
<i>Nantucket Co.</i>		<i>Bristol Co.</i>	
Nantucket, . . .	4,123	Acushnet, . . .	1,132
<i>Dukes Co.</i>		Dartmouth, . . .	3,367
Chilmark, . . .	476	Fairhaven, . . .	2,626
Edgartown, . . .	1,516	Fall River, . . .	26,766
Gay Head, . . .	160	Freetown, . . .	1,372
Gosnold, . . .	99	New Bedford, . . .	21,320
Tisbury, . . .	1,536	Somerset, . . .	1,776
<i>Barnstable Co.</i>		Swansea, . . .	1,294
Barnstable, . . .	4,793	Westport, . . .	2,724
		Population, . . .	131,090

DISTRICT No. 2.

<i>Bristol Co.</i>		<i>Bristol Co.—Con.</i>	
Attleborough, . . .	6,769	Dighton, . . .	1,817
Berkley, . . .	744	Easton, . . .	3,668

DISTRICT No. 2.—Con.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Bristol Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Norfolk Co.</i>	
Mansfield, . . .	2,432	Braintree, . . .	3,948
Norton, . . .	1,821	Canton, . . .	3,879
Raynham, . . .	1,713	Cohasset, . . .	2,130
Rehoboth, . . .	1,895	Foxborough, . . .	3,057
Seekonk, . . .	1,021	Holbrook,* . . .	—
Taunton, . . .	18,629	Hyde Park, . . .	4,136
		Milton, . . .	2,683
<i>Plymouth Co.</i>		Norfolk, . . .	1,081
Abington, . . .	9,308	Quincy, . . .	7,442
Bridgewater, . . .	3,660	Randolph, . . .	5,642
E. Bridgewater, . . .	3,017	Sharon, . . .	1,508
Hanover, . . .	1,628	Stoughton, . . .	4,914
Hanson, . . .	1,219	Walpole, . . .	2,137
Hingham, . . .	4,422	Weymouth, . . .	9,010
Hull, . . .	261	Wrentham, . . .	2,292
N. Bridgewater, . . .	8,007		
Scituate, . . .	2,350	Population, . . .	131,704
South Scituate, . . .	1,661		
W. Bridgewater, . . .	1,803		

DISTRICT No. 3.

<i>Suffolk Co.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co.—Con.</i>	
Ward 7, Boston, . . .	28,921	Ward 14, Boston, . . .	11,385
8, Boston, . . .	11,278	15, Boston, . . .	14,851
10, Boston, . . .	13,097	16, Boston, . . .	12,259
11, Boston, . . .	14,617		
12, Boston, . . .	19,880	Population, . . .	134,824
13, Boston, . . .	8,536		

DISTRICT No. 4.

<i>Suffolk Co.</i>		<i>Suffolk Co.—Con.</i>	
Ward 1, Boston, . . .	25,484	Ward 9, Boston, . . .	14,142
2, Boston, . . .	24,912	Chelsea, . . .	18,547
3, Boston, . . .	14,990	Winthrop, . . .	532
4, Boston, . . .	10,216	Revere, . . .	1,197
5, Boston, . . .	14,166		
6, Boston, . . .	11,792	Population, . . .	135,978

* New town, 1872.

DISTRICT No. 5.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Lynn, . . .	28,233	Malden, . . .	7,367
Nahant, . . .	475	Medford, . . .	5,717
Saugus, . . .	2,247	Melrose, . . .	3,414
Swampscott, . .	1,846	Somerville, . .	14,685
<i>Middlesex Co.</i>		Stoneham, . . .	4,513
Arlington, . . .	3,261	Wakefield, . . .	4,135
Belmont, . . .	1,513	Waltham, . . .	9,065
Burlington, . .	626	Winchester, . .	2,645
Charlestown, . .	28,323	Woburn, . . .	8,560
Everett, . . .	2,220		
Lexington, . . .	2,277	Population, . .	131,122

DISTRICT No. 6.

<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Essex Co.—Con.</i>	
Amesbury, . . .	5,581	Middleton, . . .	1,010
Beverly, . . .	6,507	Newbury, . . .	1,430
Boxford, . . .	847	Newburyport, . .	12,595
Bradford, . . .	2,014	North Andover, . .	2,549
Danvers, . . .	5,600	Peabody, . . .	7,343
Essex, . . .	1,614	Rockport, . . .	3,904
Georgetown, . .	2,088	Rowley, . . .	1,157
Gloucester, . . .	15,389	Salem, . . .	24,117
Groveland, . . .	1,776	Salisbury, . . .	3,776
Hamilton, . . .	790	Topsfield, . . .	1,213
Haverhill, . . .	13,092	Wenham, . . .	985
Ipswich, . . .	3,720	West Newbury, . .	2,006
Lynnfield, . . .	818		
Manchester, . . .	1,665	Population, . . .	131,289
Marblehead, . .	7,703		

DISTRICT No. 7.

<i>Essex Co.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.</i>	
Andover, . . .	4,873	Acton, . . .	1,593
Lawrence, . . .	28,921	Ashby, . . .	994
Methuen, . . .	2,959	Ayer,* . . .	—

* New town.

DISTRICT No. 7.—Con.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Bedford, . . .	849	Reading, . . .	2,664
Billerica, . . .	1,833	Shirley, . . .	1,451
Boxborough, . . .	338	Stow, . . .	1,813
Carlisle, . . .	569	Sudbury, . . .	2,091
Chelmsford, . . .	2,374	Tewksbury, . . .	1,944
Concord, . . .	2,412	Townsend, . . .	1,962
Dracut, . . .	2,078	Tyngsborough, . . .	629
Dunstable, . . .	471	Westford, . . .	1,803
Groton, . . .	3,584	Wilmington, . . .	866
Hudson, . . .	3,389		
Lincoln, . . .	791	<i>Worcester Co.,</i>	
Littleton, . . .	983	Berlin, . . .	1,016
Lowell, . . .	40,928	Bolton, . . .	1,014
Marlborough, . . .	8,474	Harvard, . . .	1,341
Maynard,* . . .	—	Lancaster, . . .	1,845
North Reading, . . .	942		
Pepperell, . . .	1,842	Population, . . .	131,636

DISTRICT No. 8.

<i>Worcester Co.</i>		<i>Middlesex Co.—Con.</i>	
Milford, . . .	9,890	Wayland, . . .	1,240
Southborough, . . .	2,135	Weston, . . .	1,261
<i>Middlesex Co.</i>		<i>Norfolk Co.</i>	
Ashland, . . .	2,186	Brookline, . . .	6,650
Brighton, . . .	4,967	Dedham, . . .	7,342
Cambridge, . . .	39,634	Dover, . . .	645
Framingham, . . .	4,968	Franklin, . . .	2,512
Holliston, . . .	3,073	Medfield, . . .	1,142
Hopkinton, . . .	4,419	Medway, . . .	3,721
Natick, . . .	6,404	Needham, . . .	3,607
Newton, . . .	12,825	Norwood,* . . .	—
Sherborn, . . .	1,062	West Roxbury, . . .	8,683
Watertown, . . .	4,326		
		Population, . . .	132,592

DISTRICT No. 9.

<i>Worcester Co.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>	
Auburn, . . .	1,178	Blackstone, . . .	5,421
Barre, . . .	2,572	Boylston, . . .	800

* New town.

DISTRICT No. 9.—Con.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>	
Brookfield, . . .	2,527	Rutland, . . .	1,024
Charlton, . . .	1,878	Shrewsbury, . . .	1,610
Douglas, . . .	2,182	Southbridge, . . .	5,208
Dudley, . . .	2,338	Spencer, . . .	3,952
Grafton, . . .	4,594	Sturbridge, . . .	2,101
Hardwick, . . .	2,219	Sutton, . . .	2,699
Holden, . . .	2,062	Upton, . . .	1,989
Hubbardston, . . .	1,654	Uxbridge, . . .	3,058
Leicester, . . .	2,768	Warren, . . .	2,625
Mendon, . . .	1,175	Webster, . . .	4,763
Millbury, . . .	4,397	Westborough, . . .	3,601
New Braintree, . . .	640	West Boylston, . . .	2,862
Northborough, . . .	1,504	West Brookfield, . . .	1,842
Northbridge, . . .	3,774	Worcester, . . .	41,105
No. Brookfield, . . .	3,343		
Oakham, . . .	860	<i>Norfolk Co.</i>	
Oxford, . . .	2,669	Bellingham, . . .	1,282
Paxton, . . .	646		
Princeton, . . .	1,279	Population, . . .	132,351

DISTRICT No. 10.

<i>Franklin Co.</i>		<i>Franklin Co.—Con.</i>	
Ashfield, . . .	1,180	Shutesbury, . . .	614
Bernardston, . . .	961	Sunderland, . . .	832
Buckland, . . .	1,946	Warwick, . . .	769
Charlemont, . . .	1,005	Wendell, . . .	539
Colrain, . . .	1,742	Whately, . . .	1,068
Conway, . . .	1,460		
Deerfield, . . .	3,632	<i>Hampshire Co.</i>	
Erving, . . .	579	Amherst, . . .	4,035
Gill, . . .	653	Belchertown, . . .	2,428
Greenfield, . . .	3,589	Chesterfield, . . .	811
Hawley, . . .	672	Cummington, . . .	1,037
Heath, . . .	613	Easthampton, . . .	3,620
Leverett, . . .	877	Enfield, . . .	1,023
Leyden, . . .	518	Goshen, . . .	368
Monroe, . . .	201	Granby, . . .	863
Montague, . . .	2,224	Greenwich, . . .	665
New Salem, . . .	987	Hadley, . . .	2,301
Northfield, . . .	1,720	Hatfield, . . .	1,594
Orange, . . .	2,091	Huntington, . . .	1,156
Rowe, . . .	581	Middlefield, . . .	727
Shelburne, . . .	1,582	Northampton, . . .	10,160

DISTRICT No. 10.—Con.

TOWNS.	Population, 1870.	TOWNS.	Population, 1870.
<i>Hampshire Co.—Con.</i>		<i>Worcester Co.—Con.</i>	
Pelham, . . .	673	Gardner, . . .	3,333
Plainfield, . . .	521	Leominster, . . .	3,894
Prescott, . . .	541	Lunenburg, . . .	1,121
South Hadley, . . .	2,840	Petersham, . . .	1,335
Southampton, . . .	1,159	Phillipston, . . .	693
Ware, . . .	4,259	Royalston, . . .	1,354
Westhampton, . . .	587	Sterling, . . .	1,670
Williamsburg, . . .	2,159	Templeton, . . .	2,802
Worthington, . . .	860	Westminster, . . .	1,770
		Winchendon, . . .	3,398
<i>Worcester Co.</i>		<i>Hampden Co.</i>	
Ashburnham, . . .	2,172	Holyoke, . . .	10,733
Athol, . . .	3,517		
Clinton, . . .	5,429	Population, . . .	132,262
Dana, . . .	758		
Fitchburg, . . .	11,260		

DISTRICT No. 11.

<i>Berkshire Co.</i>		<i>Berkshire Co.—Con.</i>	
Adams, . . .	12,090	Washington, . . .	694
Alford, . . .	439	W. Stockbridge, . . .	1,924
Becket, . . .	1,346	Williamstown, . . .	3,559
Cheshire, . . .	1,758	Windsor, . . .	686
Clarksburg, . . .	686	<i>Hampden Co.</i>	
Dalton, . . .	1,252	Agawam, . . .	2,001
Egremont, . . .	931	Blandford, . . .	1,026
Florida, . . .	1,322	Brimfield, . . .	1,288
G. Barrington, . . .	4,320	Chester, . . .	1,253
Hancock, . . .	882	Chicopee, . . .	9,607
Hinsdale, . . .	1,695	Granville, . . .	1,293
Lanesborough, . . .	1,393	Holland, . . .	344
Lee, . . .	3,866	Longmeadow, . . .	1,342
Lenox, . . .	1,965	Ludlow, . . .	1,136
Monterey, . . .	653	Monson, . . .	3,204
Mt. Washington, . . .	256	Montgomery, . . .	318
New Ashford, . . .	208	Palmer, . . .	3,631
New Marlboro', . . .	1,855	Russell, . . .	635
Otis, . . .	960	Southwick, . . .	1,100
Peru, . . .	455	Springfield, . . .	26,703
Pittsfield, . . .	11,112	Tolland, . . .	509
Richmond, . . .	1,091	Wales, . . .	831
Sandisfield, . . .	1,482	Westfield, . . .	6,519
Savoy, . . .	861	W. Springfield, . . .	2,606
Sheffield, . . .	2,535	Wilbraham, . . .	2,330
Stockbridge, . . .	2,003		
Tyringham, . . .	557	Population, . . .	132,502

District No.	Population-
1,	131,090
2,	131,704
3,	134,824
4,	135,978
5,	131,122
6,	131,289
7,	131,636
8,	132,592
9,	132,351
10,	132,262
11,	132,502
Total,	1,457,350

SENATE DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 120 OF THE ACTS OF 1866.

[Average ratio for the State, 6,189.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY—SIX SENATORS.

First District.—Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston.
Legal voters, 6,360.

Second District.—Wards Nos. 2, 3 and 6, Boston. Legal voters, 8,697.

Third District.—Wards Nos. 4 and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 6,195.

Fourth District.—Wards Nos. 8 and 9, Boston. Legal voters, 5,137.

Fifth District.—Wards Nos. 10 and 11, Boston. Legal voters, 5,109.

Sixth District.—Wards Nos. 7 and 12, Boston. Legal voters, 5,234.

ESSEX COUNTY—FIVE SENATORS.

First District.—Lynn, Lynnfield, Marblehead, Nahant, Saugus and Swampscott. Legal voters, 6,855.

Second District.—Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Peabody, Salem, Topsfield and Wenham. Legal voters, 6,215.

Third District.—Andover, Boxford, Haverhill, Lawrence, Methuen and North Andover. Legal voters, 7,111.

Fourth District.—Amesbury, Bradford, Georgetown, Groveland, Newbury, Newburyport, Salisbury and West Newbury. Legal voters, 6,267.

Fifth District.—Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Ipswich, Manchester, Rockport and Rowley. Legal voters, 6,624.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—SEVEN SENATORS.

First District.—Charlestown. Legal voters, 5,596.

Second District.—Arlington, Belmont, Everett, Malden, Medford Somerville, Waltham and Watertown. Legal voters, 6,462.

Third District.—Cambridge and Brighton. Legal voters, 5,810.

Fourth District.—Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn, Wayland and Weston. Legal voters, 6,258.

Fifth District.—Acton, Ashby, Boxborough, Carlisle, Concord, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Marlborough, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough and Westford. Legal voters, 5,828.

Sixth District.—Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Lexington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester and Woburn. Legal voters, 6,014.

Seventh District.—Chelmsford, Dracut and Lowell. Legal voters, 5,967.

WORCESTER COUNTY—FIVE SENATORS.

First District.—Worcester. Legal voters, 5,880.

Second District.—Blackstone, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge and Westborough. Legal voters, 6,883.

Third District.—Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 6,535.

Fourth District.—Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton and Winchendon. Legal voters, 6,383.

Fifth District.—Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston and Westminster. Legal voters, 6,574.

HAMPDEN COUNTY—TWO SENATORS.

First District.—Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 6,306.

Second District.—Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield and West Springfield. Legal voters, 6,024.

HAMPSHIRE, FRANKLIN AND BERKSHIRE COUNTIES— FOUR SENATORS.

Hampshire District.—Amherst, Belchertown, Easthampton, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Northampton, Pelham, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 6,350.

Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, West Stockbridge, Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield and Worthington. Legal voters, 6,099.

Berkshire District.—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Savoy, Washington, Williamstown, Windsor, Hawley and Monroe. Legal voters, 6,013.

Franklin District.—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Coleraine, Conway, Deerfield, Irving, Gill, Greenfield, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell and Whately. Legal voters, 6,987.

NORFOLK AND PLYMOUTH COUNTIES—SIX SENATORS.

First Norfolk District.—Brookline, Roxbury and West Roxbury. Legal voters, 6,235.

Second Norfolk District.—Canton, Dedham, Norwood (except that part taken from Walpole), Dorchester, Dover, Milton, Needham and Quincy. Legal voters, 6,094. [The inhabitants of Hyde Park vote with Dorchester, Milton and Dedham.]

Third Norfolk District.—Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Norfolk, Randolph, Holbrook, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole (including the voters of that part of Norwood taken from Walpole) and Wrentham. Legal voters, 6,084.

First Plymouth District.—Carver, Duxbury, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester and Wareham. Legal voters, 5,973.

Second Plymouth District.—Abington, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanson, North Bridgewater, Pembroke and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 5,878.

Suffolk and Plymouth District.—Cohasset, Hanover, Hingham, Hull, Marshfield, Scituate, South Scituate, Braintree and Weymouth. Legal voters, 5,904.

BRISTOL COUNTY—THREE SENATORS.

First District.—Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham and Taunton. Legal voters, 6,058.

Second District.—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, and New Bedford. Legal voters, 6,272.

Third District.—Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Freetown, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea and Westport. Legal voters, 6,246.

BARNSTABLE, DUKES AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES—TWO SENATORS.

Island District.—Barnstable, Falmouth, Sandwich, Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Mashpee, Tisbury and Nantucket. Legal voters, 4,558.

Cape District.—Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Harwich, Orleans, Provincetown, Truro, Wellfleet and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 5,692.

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAP. 221 OF THE ACTS OF 1866.

[Each District consists of five Senatorial Districts.]

- I.—The Island District, Cape District, First Plymouth, Second and Third Bristol Districts.
- II.—The Second Plymouth, First Bristol, Norfolk and Plymouth, Second Norfolk and Third Norfolk Districts.
- III.—The Sixth Suffolk, First Norfolk, Third Middlesex, Fourth Middlesex and Second Worcester Districts.
- IV.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Suffolk Districts.
- V.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Essex Districts.
- VI.—The First, Second, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Middlesex Districts.
- VII.—The First, Third, Fourth and Fifth Worcester Districts, and the Franklin District.
- VIII.—The Hampshire, First Hampden, Second Hampden, Berkshire, and Berkshire and Hampshire Districts.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED by the County Commissioners of the several Counties, other than Suffolk, and the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Boston, for the County of Suffolk, pursuant to the 21st Article of Amendments of the Constitution, and Chap. 103 of the Acts of 1866; with the number of Legal Voters in each District (according to the census of 1865), and the number of Representatives to which said Districts are respectively entitled.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,028 voters.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY—*Thirty-six Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Boston, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 3,530. Three representatives.
- II.—Boston, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 3,055. Three representatives.
- III.—Boston, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,050. Three representatives.
- IV.—Boston, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,076. Three representatives.
- V.—Boston, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,119. Three representatives.
- VI.—Boston, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,660. Three representatives.
- VII.—Boston, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,857. Three representatives.
- VIII.—Boston, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 2,877. Three representatives.
- IX.—Boston, 9th Ward. Legal voters, 2,260. Two representatives.
- X.—Boston, 10th Ward. Legal voters, 2,546. Two representatives.
- XI.—Boston, 11th Ward. Legal voters, 2,573. Three representatives.
- XII.—Boston, 12th Ward. Legal voters, 2,367. Two representatives.
- XIII.—Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop. Legal voters, 2,830. Three representatives.

ESSEX COUNTY—*Thirty-two Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Salisbury, Amesbury and West Newbury. Legal voters, 2,116. Two representatives.
- II.—Haverhill and Bradford. Legal voters, 2,802. Three representatives.
- III.—Lawrence and Methuen. Legal voters, 3,247. Three representatives.

DISTRICT

- IV.—Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 1,240. One representative.
- V.—Georgetown, Groveland and Boxford. Legal voters, 994. One representative.
- VI.—Newburyport and Newbury. Legal voters, 2,979. Three representatives.
- VII.—Ipswich and Rowley. Legal voters, 1,002. One representative.
- VIII.—Gloucester and Essex. Legal voters, 2,902. Three representatives.
- IX.—Rockport. Legal voters, 915. One representative.
- X.—Beverly, Manchester and Hamilton. Legal voters, 1,992. Two representatives.
- XI.—Danvers and Wenham. Legal voters, 1,092. One representative.
- XII.—Peabody. Legal voters, 961. One representative.
- XIII.—Salem, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,035. Two representatives.
- XIV.—Salem, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,036. One representative.
- XV.—Marblehead, and Salem, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,105. Two representatives.
- XVI.—Lynn, 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 1,079. One representative.
- XVII.—Lynn, 2d and 5th Wards. Legal voters, 1,220. One representative.
- XVIII.—Lynn, 3d Ward, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 1,133. One representative.
- XIX.—Lynn, 1st Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,146. One representative.
- XX.—Saugus, Lynnfield, Middleton and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,076. One representative.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—*Forty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Charlestown, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,421. One representative.
- II.—Charlestown, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,015. Two representatives.
- III.—Charlestown, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,160. Two representatives.
- IV.—Somerville, Malden and Everett. Legal voters, 3,020. Three representatives.
- V.—Medford. Legal voters, 1,031. One representative.

DISTRICT

- VI.—Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 822. One representative.
- VII.—Cambridge, 1st and 5th Wards. Legal voters, 1,247. One representative.
- VIII.—Cambridge, 2d and 4th Wards. Legal voters, 2,661. Three representatives.
- IX.—Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,244. One representative.
- X.—Newton and Brighton. Legal voters, 2,249. Two representatives.
- XI.—Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 908. One representative.
- XII.—Waltham. Legal voters, 1,032. One representative.
- XIII.—Natick. Legal voters, 1,099. One representative.
- XIV.—Holliston and Sherborn. Legal voters, 939. One representative.
- XV.—Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voters, 1,187. One representative.
- XVI.—Framingham. Legal voters, 887. One representative.
- XVII.—Marlborough. Legal voters, 849. One representative.
- XVIII.—Hudson, Stow (including that part of Maynard formerly belonging to Stow), Boxborough and Littleton. Legal voters, 904. One representative.
- XIX.—Acton, Sudbury (including that part of Maynard formerly belonging to Sudbury) and Wayland. Legal voters, 986. One representative.
- XX.—Concord, Littleton and Weston. Legal voters, 910. One representative.
- XXI.—Lexington, Bedford, Burlington and Carlisle. Legal voters, 803. One representative.
- XXII.—Woburn. Legal voters, 1,385. One representative.
- XXIII.—Stoneham, Wakefield and Melrose. Legal voters, 1,947. Two representatives.
- XXIV.—Reading, North Reading and Wilmington. Legal voters, 1,012. One representative.
- XXV.—Chelmsford, Billerica and Tewksbury. Legal voters, 1,054. One representative.
- XXVI.—Lowell, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,072. Two representatives.
- XXVII.—Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 836. One representative.
- XXVIII.—Lowell, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,174. One representative.
- XXIX.—Lowell, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,068. One representative.

DISTRICT

- XXX.—Dracut, Tyngsborough, Dunstable and Westford. Legal voters, 986. One representative.
- XXXI.—Groton, Pepperell and Ayer, except that part which formerly belonged to Shirley. Legal voters, 998. One representative.
- XXXII.—Townsend, Ashby and Shirley (including that part of Ayer formerly belonging to Shirley). Legal voters, 1,029. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY—*Thirty-one Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Ashburnham and Winchendon. Legal voters, 1,119. One representative.
- II.—Royalston and Athol. Legal voters, 1,031. One representative.
- III.—Gardner and Templeton. Legal voters, 1,114. One representative.
- IV.—Petersham, Dana, Phillipston, Hubbardston, Barre, Hardwick and New Braintree. Legal voters, 2,152. Two representatives.
- V.—Westminster, Fitchburg, Lunenburg and Leominster. Legal voters, 3,034. Three representatives.
- VI.—Lancaster, Bolton and Harvard. Legal voters, 2,996. One representative.
- VII.—Clinton, Berlin and Northborough. Legal voters, 1,058. One representative.
- VIII.—Sterling, West Boylston and Boylston. Legal voters, 1,020. One representative.
- IX.—Rutland, Holden, Princeton and Oakham. Legal voters, 1,088. One representative.
- X.—Worcester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 8th Ward and Paxton. Legal voters, 2,983. Three representatives.
- XI.—Worcester, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,053. Three representatives.
- XII.—Grafton and Shrewsbury. Legal voters, 1,104. One representative.
- XIII.—Westborough and Southborough. Legal voters, 882. One representative.
- XIV.—Northbridge and Upton. Legal voters, 993. One representative.
- XV.—Milford, Mendon, Blackstone and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 3,180. Three representatives.

DISTRICT

XVI.—Douglas, Webster, Dudley, Oxford, Sutton and Millbury.
Legal voters, 3,164. Three representatives.

XVII.—Auburn, Leicester, Spencer, Charlton and Southbridge. Legal
voters, 2,127. Two representatives.

XVIII.—Sturbridge, Brookfield, North Brookfield, West Brookfield
and Warren. Legal voters, 2,157. Two representatives.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—*Seven Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Easthampton, Huntington, Northampton, Southampton and
Westhampton. Legal voters, 2,318. Two representatives.

II.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Middlefield, Plainfield and
Worthington. Legal voters, 1,086. One representative.

III.—Hadley, Hatfield and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,092. One
representative.

IV.—Amherst and South Hadley. Legal voters, 1,090. One represen-
tative.

V.—Belchertown, Granby and Pelham. Legal voters, 1,022. One
representative.

VI.—Enfield, Greenwich, Prescott and Ware. Legal voters, 1,060. One
representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY—*Twelve Representatives.*

DISTRICT

I.—Monson, Brimfield, Holland and Wales. Legal voters, 1,102.
One representative.

II.—Palmer and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 966. One representa-
tive.

III.—Springfield, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters,
2,099. Two representatives.

IV.—Springfield, 4th and 6th Wards. Legal voters, 858. One repre-
sentative.

V.—Springfield, 5th Ward, 7th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters,
1,281. One representative.

VI.—Holyoke, Chicopee and Ludlow. Legal voters, 2,105. Two rep-
resentatives.

VII.—Granville, Southwick Agawam, West Springfield and Long-
meadow. Legal voters, 1,676. Two representatives.

VIII.—Westfield. Legal voters, 1,326. One representative.

IX.—Chester, Blandford, Montgomery, Russell and Tolland. Legal
voters, 917. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY—*Seven Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Warwick, Orange and New Salem. Legal voters, 1,008. One representative.
- II.—Montague, Sunderland, Leverett, Shutesbury and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,071. One representative.
- III.—Greenfield, Coleraine, Leyden, Bernardston, Gill, Northfield and Erving. Legal voters, 2,098. Two representatives.
- IV.—Deerfield, Shelburne, Whately, Conway, Ashfield and Hawley. Legal voters, 2,059. Two representatives.
- V.—Buckland, Charlemont, Heath, Rowe and Monroe. Legal voters, 979. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—*Ten Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford and Williamstown. Legal voters, 971. One representative.
- II.—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Florida and Savoy. Legal voters, 2,243. Two representatives.
- III.—Dalton, Pittsfield and Richmond. Legal voters, 1,923. Two representatives.
- IV.—Becket, Hinsdale, Peru, Washington and Windsor. Legal voters, 902. One representative.
- V.—Lenox, Stockbridge and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,003. One representative.
- VI.—Lee, Monterey, Otis and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,318. One representative.
- VII.—Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington and Mount Washington. Legal voters, 1,111. One representative.
- VIII.—New Marlborough, Sandisfield and Sheffield. Legal voters, 1,095. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY—(excluding Cohasset)—*Twenty-one representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Dedham.* Legal voters, 1,268. One representative.
- II.—West Roxbury. Legal voters, 991. One representative.
- III.—Roxbury, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,485. Three representatives.

[*The inhabitants of Hyde Park vote with Dorchester, Milton and Dedham. The inhabitants of that part of Norwood taken from Dedham vote in Norwood; those taken from Walpole vote in Walpole.]

DISTRICT

- IV.—Roxbury, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 998. One representative.
- V.—*Dorchester. Legal voters, 1,860. Two representatives.
- VI.—Quincy. Legal voters, 1,276. One representative.
- VII.—Braintree. Legal voters, 777. One representative.
- VIII.—Weymouth. Legal voters, 1,843. Two representatives.
- IX.—Randolph and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,261. One representative.
- X.—Stoughton. Legal voters, 1,020. One representative.
- XI.—Canton, Milton, Walpole (including that part of Walpole incorporated into the towns of Norfolk and Norwood) and Sharon. Legal voters, 1,812. Two representatives.
- XII.—Foxborough, Wrentham, Medway and Norfolk (excepting those parts of the town formerly belonging to Walpole and Franklin). Legal voters, 2,007. Two representatives.
- XIII.—Franklin (including that part of Franklin incorporated into the town of Norfolk) and Bellingham. Legal voters, 818. One representative.
- XIV.—Needham, Medfield and Dover. Legal voters, 855. One representative.
- XV.—Brookline. Legal voters, 761. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY.—*Eighteen Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Attleborough. Legal voters, 1,112. One representative.
- II.—Mansfield and Norton. Legal voters, 873. One representative.
- III.—Easton and Raynham. Legal voters, 987. One representative.
- IV.—Taunton. Legal voters, 3,086. Three representatives.
- V.—Seekonk, Rehoboth, Dighton and Berkley. Legal voters, 1,215. One representative.
- VI.—Somerset, Swansea and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,055. One representative.
- VII.—Fall River. Legal voters, 3,207. Three representatives.
- VIII.—Westport. Legal voters, 769. One representative.
- IX.—Dartmouth. Legal voters, 777. One representative.
- X.—New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,463. Two representatives.
- XI.—New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,082. Two representatives.
- XII.—Fairhaven and Acushnet. Legal voters, 950. One representative.

* See Note on preceding page.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—(with Cohasset)—*Fifteen representatives.*
DISTRICT

- I.—Cohasset and Scituate. Legal voters, 1,064. One representative.
- II.—Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 931. One representative.
- III.—South Scituate, Hanover and Hanson. Legal voters, 1,166. One representative.
- IV.—Marshfield, Pembroke and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,029. One representative.
- V.—Duxbury and Kingston. Legal voters, 985. One representative.
- VI.—Plymouth, Carver and Plympton. Legal voters, 2,034. Two representatives.
- VII.—Wareham and Marion. Legal voters, 855. One representative.
- VIII.—Mattapoisett, Rochester and Lakeville. Legal voters, 987. One representative.
- IX.—Middleborough. Legal voters, 1,112. One representative.
- X.—Bridgewater and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 1,019. One representative.
- XI.—East Bridgewater and North Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,120. Two representatives.
- XII.—Abington. Legal voters, 1,833. Two representatives.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY—*Eight Representatives.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Barnstable, Sandwich, Falmouth, Mashpee and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 3,238. Three representatives.
- II.—Dennis, Harwich and Brewster. Legal voters, 2,013. Two representatives.
- III.—Chatham and Orleans. Legal voters, 1,075. One representative.
- IV.—Eastham, Wellfleet, Truro and Provincetown. Legal voters, 2,006. Two representatives.

DUKES COUNTY—*One Representative.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Edgartown, Tisbury, Chillmark, Gay Head and Gosnold. Legal voters, 1,107. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY—*One Representative.*

DISTRICT

- I.—Nantucket. Legal voters, 809. One representative.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1872.

TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.	TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.
BARNSTABLE CO.			BERKS.—Con.		
Barnstable, . .	343	63	Washington, . .	51	35
Brewster, . .	90	4	W. Stockbridge, . .	152	113
Chatham, . .	113	39	Williamstown, . .	308	143
Dennis, . .	203	23	Windsor, . .	81	41
Eastham, . .	65	12			
Falmouth, . .	270	20	Totals, . .	6,047	3,391
Harwich, . .	184	20			
Mashpee, . .	43	—	BRISTOL CO.		
Orleans, . .	184	16	Acushnet, . .	122	—
Provincetown, . .	340	33	Attleborough, . .	621	114
Sandwich, . .	339	87	Berkley, . .	126	16
Truro, . .	93	2	Dartmouth, . .	203	9
Wellfleet, . .	226	17	Dighton, . .	252	20
Yarmouth, . .	210	11	Easton, . .	335	204
			Fairhaven, . .	280	48
Totals, . .	2,703	353	Fall River, 1/2% . .	2,100	839
BERKSHIRE CO.			Freetown, . .	125	26
Adams, . .	1,218	342	Mansfield, . .	259	117
Alford, . .	35	43	New Bedford, . .	2,311	552
Becket, . .	116	76	Norton, . .	209	46
Cheshire, . .	174	69	Raynham, . .	176	18
Clarksburg, . .	92	10	Rehoboth, . .	206	—
Dalton, . .	116	92	Seekonk, . .	91	46
Egremont, . .	106	86	Somerset, . .	179	18
Florida, . .	73	15	Swansea, . .	105	16
Gt. Barrington, . .	443	219	Taunton, . .	1,944	509
Hancock, . .	80	23	Westport, . .	260	7
Hinsdale, . .	120	130			
Lanesborough, . .	171	67	Totals, . .	10,003	2,605
Lee, . .	407	178			
Lenox, . .	159	140	DUKES CO.		
Monterey, . .	67	58	Chilmark, . .	51	24
Mt. Washington, . .	24	24	Edgartown, . .	249	40
New Ashford, . .	17	16	Gay Head, . .	16	—
New Marlboro', . .	191	149	Gosnold, . .	14	—
Otis, . .	65	66	Tisbury, . .	226	52
Peru, . .	70	20			
Pittsfield, . .	965	827	Totals, . .	556	116
Richmond, . .	62	41			
Sandisfield, . .	95	80	ESSEX CO.		
Savoy, . .	91	22	Amesbury, . .	475	195
Sheffield, . .	227	147	Andover, . .	451	130
Stockbridge, . .	207	87	Beverly, . .	779	157
Tyringham, . .	61	23	Boxford, . .	109	22
			Bradford, . .	183	111

TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.	TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.
ESSEX—Con.			FRANKLIN—Con.		
Danvers, . .	544	195	Northfield, . .	167	57
Essex, . .	205	68	Orange, . .	407	61
Georgetown, . .	257	107	Rowe, . .	85	4
Gloucester, . .	1,151	668	Shelburne, . .	250	38
Groveland, . .	194	92	Shutesbury, . .	101	4
Hamilton, . .	58	33	Sunderland, . .	133	30
Haverhill, . .	1,498	673	Warwick, . .	110	54
Ipswich, . .	322	185	Wendell, . .	78	23
Lawrence, . .	1,930	1,854	Whately, . .	101	59
Lynn, . .	2,778	1,395			
Lynnfield, . .	71	9	Totals, . .	4,335	1,030
Manchester, . .	198	58			
Marblehead, . .	745	641	HAMPDEN Co.		
Methuen, . .	362	191	Agawam, . .	126	87
Middleton, . .	91	44	Blandford, . .	103	76
Nahant, . .	41	22	Brimfield . .	128	74
Newbury, . .	111	6	Chester, . .	131	79
Newburyport, . .	1,061	491	Chicopee, . .	608	458
North Andover, . .	215	117	Granville, . .	104	57
Peabody, . .	585	172	Holland, . .	36	15
Rockport, . .	478	176	Holyoke, . .	552	509
Rowley, . .	116	60	Longmeadow, . .	146	46
Salem, . .	2,189	811	Ludlow, . .	112	21
Salisbury, . .	423	105	Monson, . .	291	125
Saugus, . .	235	127	Montgomery, . .	34	20
Swampscott, . .	181	39	Palmer, . .	268	159
Topsfield, . .	133	31	Russell, . .	53	36
Wenham, . .	110	27	Southwick, . .	113	101
W. Newbury, . .	223	71	Springfield, . .	2,502	1,447
			Tolland, . .	43	38
Totals, . .	18,522	9,083	Wales, . .	125	31
			Westfield, . .	701	530
FRANKLIN Co.			W. Springfield, . .	210	115
Ashfield, . .	173	47	Wilbraham, . .	179	76
Bernardston, . .	131	54			
Buckland, . .	186	69	Totals, . .	6,565	4,100
Charlemont, . .	191	14			
Coleraine, . .	235	35	HAMPSHIRE Co.		
Conway, . .	174	33	Amherst, . .	389	179
Deerfield, . .	377	89	Belchertown, . .	312	77
Erving, . .	92	13	Chesterfield, . .	125	25
Gill, . .	100	15	Cummington, . .	144	29
Greenfield, . .	419	167	Easthampton, . .	343	133
Hawley, . .	100	5	Enfield, . .	145	24
Heath, . .	91	10	Goshen, . .	57	2
Leverett, . .	126	34	Granby, . .	120	22
Leyden, . .	48	39	Greenwich, . .	76	-
Monroe, . .	33	-	Hadley, . .	250	41
Montague, . .	289	51	Hatfield, . .	134	15
New Salem, . .	138	25	Huntington, . .	112	56

TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.	TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.
HAMPS.—Con.			MIDDLESEX—Con.		
Middlefield,	70	12	North Reading,	116	23
Northampton,	1,013	481	Pepperell,	241	64
Pelham,	93	18	Reading,	413	93
Plainfield,	108	—	Sherborn,	110	22
Prescott,	60	12	Shirley,	152	57
South Hadley,	219	100	Somerville,	1,169	593
Southampton,	144	34	Stoneham,	531	238
Ware,	321	131	Stow,	111	33
Westhampton,	71	7	Sudbury,	138	38
Williamsburg,	271	153	Tewksbury,	122	43
Worthington,	130	32	Townsend,	251	54
Totals,	4,707	1,583	Tyngsborough,	81	34
MIDDLESEX CO.			Wakefield,	608	171
Acton,	156	63	Waltham,	873	613
Arlington,	306	182	Watertown,	395	164
Ashby,	139	29	Wayland,	170	—
Ashland,	276	81	Westford,	203	138
Ayer,	172	95	Weston,	158	13
Bedford,	106	26	Wilmington,	93	17
Belmont,	134	71	Winchester,	305	142
Billerica,	245	53	Woburn,	782	603
Boxborough,	37	33	Totals,	26,570	12,434
Brighton,	348	345	NANTUCKET CO.		
Burlington,	44	47	Nantucket,	316	22
Cambridge,	3,289	1,753	NORFOLK CO.		
Carlisle,	80	20	Bellingham,	148	17
Charlestown,	3,014	1,635	Braintree,	386	346
Chelmsford,	232	62	Brookline,	563	241
Concord,	272	72	Canton,	313	210
Dracut,	192	68	Cohasset,	241	57
Dunstable,	41	26	Dedham,	445	262
Everett,	291	101	Dover,	72	27
Framingham,	486	138	Foxborough,	339	51
Groton,	252	1	Franklin,	315	107
Holliston,	367	143	Holbrook,	234	60
Hopkinton,	348	312	Hyde Park,	482	263
Hudson,	249	89	Medfield,	118	45
Lexington,	220	79	Medway,	356	89
Lincoln,	91	9	Milton,	252	81
Littleton,	130	10	Needham,	347	116
Lowell,	3,465	1,673	Norfolk,	111	17
Malden,	752	243	Norwood,	185	54
Marlborough,	664	533	Quincy,	831	354
Maynard,	145	26	Randolph,	314	348
Medford,	673	365	Sharon,	141	55
Melrose,	377	164	Stoughton,	376	276
Natick,	683	449	Walpole,	250	106
Newton,	1,272	285			

TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.	TOWNS.	Grant.	Greeley.
NORFOLK— <i>Con.</i>			WORSTER— <i>Con.</i>		
W. Roxbury, . . .	703	518	Brookfield, . . .	320	132
Weymouth, . . .	802	383	Charlton, . . .	200	34
Wrentham, . . .	202	59	Clinton, . . .	524	298
Totals, . . .	8,526	4,142	Dana, . . .	94	7
PLYMOUTH CO.			Douglas, . . .	146	86
Abington, . . .	1,119	360	Dudley, . . .	112	144
Bridgewater, . . .	255	106	Fitchburg, . . .	1,284	429
Carver, . . .	84	42	Gardner, . . .	404	95
Duxbury, . . .	259	78	Grafton, . . .	341	78
E. Bridgewater, . . .	307	120	Hardwick, . . .	152	67
Halifax, . . .	84	27	Harvard, . . .	130	76
Hanover, . . .	184	28	Holden, . . .	225	-
Hanson, . . .	124	28	Hubbardston, . . .	168	42
Hingham, . . .	431	129	Lancaster, . . .	220	31
Hull, . . .	30	2	Leicester, . . .	269	31
Kingston, . . .	176	79	Leominster, . . .	698	123
Lakeville, . . .	100	12	Lunenburg, . . .	167	16
Marion, . . .	131	22	Mendon, . . .	89	50
Marshfield, . . .	159	7	Milford, . . .	755	492
Mattapoisett, . . .	228	9	Millbury, . . .	378	146
Middleborough, . . .	418	122	New Braintree, . . .	89	17
N. Bridgewater, . . .	1,070	272	Northborough, . . .	202	55
Pembroke, . . .	130	-	Northbridge, . . .	310	165
Plymouth, . . .	730	265	N. Brookfield, . . .	405	170
Plympton, . . .	72	59	Oakham, . . .	100	20
Rochester, . . .	150	4	Oxford, . . .	243	112
Scituate, . . .	244	112	Paxton, . . .	92	25
South Scituate, . . .	164	28	Petersham, . . .	147	38
Wareham, . . .	207	65	Phillipston, . . .	113	3
W. Bridgewater, . . .	156	37	Princeton, . . .	130	35
Totals, . . .	7,012	2,013	Royalston, . . .	200	4
SUFFOLK CO.			Rutland, . . .	117	22
Boston, . . .	15,710	10,428	Shrewsbury, . . .	204	35
Chelsea, . . .	1,907	674	Southborough, . . .	196	9
Revere, . . .	96	49	Southbridge, . . .	316	162
Winthrop, . . .	53	19	Spencer, . . .	380	71
Totals, . . .	17,766	11,170	Sterling, . . .	247	37
WORCESTER CO.			Sturbridge, . . .	184	-
Ashburnham, . . .	263	67	Sutton, . . .	184	39
Athol, . . .	532	109	Templeton, . . .	292	60
Andover, . . .	91	18	Upton, . . .	245	58
Barre, . . .	259	77	Uxbridge, . . .	223	139
Berlin, . . .	143	12	Warren, . . .	269	123
Blackstone, . . .	273	282	Webster, . . .	348	274
Bolton, . . .	220	45	Westborough, . . .	467	88
Boylston, . . .	122	-	W. Boylston, . . .	300	40
			W. Brookfield, . . .	196	79
			Westminster, . . .	245	69
			Winchendon, . . .	438	72
			Worcester, . . .	4,366	2,145
			Totals, . . .	19,827	7,153

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES—1870.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total Population.	Native born.	Foreign born.
STATES.			
Alabama,	996,992	987,030	9,962
Arkansas,	484,471	479,445	5,026
California,	560,247	350,416	209,831
Connecticut,	537,454	423,815	113,639
Delaware,	125,015	115,879	9,136
Florida,	187,748	182,781	4,967
Georgia,	1,184,109	1,172,982	11,127
Illinois,	2,539,891	2,024,693	515,198
Indiana,	1,680,637	1,539,163	141,474
Iowa,	1,191,792	987,735	204,057
Kansas,	364,399	316,007	48,392
Kentucky,	1,321,011	1,257,613	63,398
Louisiana,	726,915	665,088	61,827
Maine,	626,915	578,034	48,881
Maryland,	780,894	697,482	83,412
Massachusetts,	1,457,351	1,104,032	353,319
Michigan,	1,184,059	916,049	268,010
Minnesota,	439,706	279,009	160,697
Mississippi,	827,922	816,732	11,191
Missouri,	1,721,295	1,499,021	222,267
Nebraska,	122,993	92,245	30,748
Nevada,	42,491	23,690	18,801
New Hampshire,	318,300	288,689	29,611
New Jersey,	906,096	717,153	188,943
New York,	4,382,759	3,244,406	1,138,353
North Carolina,	1,071,361	1,068,332	3,029
Ohio,	2,665,260	2,292,767	372,493
Oregon,	90,923	79,323	11,600
Pennsylvania,	3,521,791	2,976,530	545,261
Rhode Island,	217,353	161,957	55,396
South Carolina,	705,606	697,522	8,074
Tennessee,	1,258,520	1,239,204	19,316
Texas,	818,579	756,168	62,411
Vermont,	330,551	283,396	47,155
Virginia,	1,225,163	1,211,409	13,754
West Virginia,	442,014	424,923	17,091
Wisconsin,	1,054,670	690,171	364,499
Total States,	38,113,253	32,640,907	5,472,346
TERRITORIES.			
Arizona,	9,658	3,849	5,809
Colorado,	39,864	33,265	6,599
Dakota,	14,181	9,366	4,815
District of Columbia,	131,700	115,446	16,254

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total Population.	Native born.	Foreign born.
TERRITORIES—Concluded.			
Idaho,	14,999	7,114	7,885
Montana,	20,595	12,616	7,979
New Mexico,	91,874	86,254	5,620
Utah,	86,786	56,084	30,702
Washington,	23,955	18,931	5,024
Wyoming,	9,118	5,605	3,513
Total Territories, . . .	442,730	348,530	94,200
Total United States, . .	38,555,983	32,989,437	5,566,546

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, IN 1868.

STATES.	GRANT.	SEYMOUR.	Republican Majority.	Democratic Majority.
Alabama,	76,366	72,086	4,280	-
Arkansas,	22,152	19,078	3,074	-
California,	54,592	54,078	514	-
Connecticut,	50,996	47,951	3,045	-
Delaware,	7,623	10,980	-	3,357
Florida (by Legislature),	-	-	-	-
Georgia,	57,134	102,822	-	45,688
Illinois,	250,293	199,143	51,150	-
Indiana,	176,552	166,980	9,572	-
Iowa,	120,399	74,040	46,359	-
Kansas,	31,046	14,019	17,030	-
Kentucky,	39,569	115,889	-	76,323
Louisiana,	33,263	80,225	-	46,962
Maine,	70,426	42,396	28,030	-
Maryland,	30,438	62,357	-	31,919
Massachusetts,	136,477	59,408	77,069	-
Michigan,	128,550	97,069	31,481	-
Minnesota,	43,542	28,072	15,470	-
Mississippi (no vote),	-	-	-	-
Missouri,	85,671	59,788	25,883	-
Nebraska,	9,729	5,439	4,290	-
Nevada,	6,480	5,218	1,262	-
New Hampshire,	38,191	31,224	6,967	-
New Jersey,	80,121	83,001	-	2,880
New York,	419,883	429,883	-	10,000
North Carolina,	96,226	84,090	12,136	-
Ohio,	250,128	238,700	41,428	-
Oregon,	10,961	11,125	-	164
Pennsylvania,	342,280	313,382	28,898	-
Rhode Island,	12,903	6,548	6,445	-
South Carolina,	62,301	45,237	17,064	-
Tennessee,	56,757	26,311	30,446	-
Texas (no vote),	-	-	-	-
Vermont,	44,167	12,045	32,122	-
Virginia (no vote),	-	-	-	-
West Virginia,	29,025	20,306	8,719	-
Wisconsin,	108,857	84,710	24,447	-
Total,	3,013,188	2,703,600	-	-

A LIST

OF THE COUNTIES, TOWNS AND CITIES IN THE COMMON-WEALTH, WITH THE CENSUS OF INHABITANTS IN 1865 AND 1870, AND OF LEGAL VOTERS IN 1865.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in
	1865.	1870.	1865.
BARNSTABLE.			
Barnstable,	4,928	4,793	1,118
Brewster,	1,456	1,259	311
Chatham,	2,624	2,411	641
Dennis,	3,592	3,269	872
Eastham,	757	668	204
Falmouth,	2,283	2,237	642
Harwich,	3,540	3,080	830
Mashpee,*	-	348	-
Orleans,	1,585	1,323	434
Provincetown,	3,472	3,865	828
Sandwich,	1,158	3,694	887
Truro,	1,447	1,269	367
Wellfleet,	2,296	2,135	612
Yarmouth,	2,472	2,423	593.
Totals,	34,610	32,774	8,334
BERKSHIRE.			
Adams,	8,298	12,090	1,452
Alford,	461	430	112
Becket,	1,393	1,346	254
Cheshire,	1,650	1,758	317
Clarksburg,	530	686	86
Dalton,	1,137	1,252	233
Egremont,	928	931	207
Florida,	1,173	1,322	167
Great Barrington,	3,920	4,320	737
Hancock,	937	882	179
Hinsdale,	1,517	1,695	263
Lanesborough,	1,294	1,393	250
Lee,	4,035	3,866	768
Lenox,	1,660	1,965	363
Monterey,	737	653	178
Mount Washington,	237	256	55

* Incorporated May 28, 1870.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
BERKSHIRE— <i>Con.</i>			
New Ashford,	178	208	42
New Marlborough,	1,649	1,855	307
Otis,	956	960	225
Peru,	494	455	97
Pittsfield,	9,676	11,112	1,529
Richmond,	944	1,091	161
Sandisfield,	1,411	1,482	308
Savoy,	866	861	221
Sheffield,	2,459	2,535	480
Stockbridge,	1,967	2,003	368
Tyringham,	650	557	147
Washington,	859	694	98
West Stockbridge,	1,620	1,924	272
Williamstown,	2,555	3,559	500
Windsor,	753	686	190
Totals,	56,944	64,826	10,566
BRISTOL.			
Acushnet,	1,251	1,132	286
Attleborough,	6,200	6,769	1,121
Berkley,	847	744	282
Dartmouth,	3,435	3,367	777
Dighton,	1,813	1,817	344
Easton,	3,076	3,668	601
Fairhaven,	2,547	2,626	664
Fall River,	17,481	26,766	3,207
Freetown,	1,485	1,372	353
Mansfield,	2,130	2,432	470
New Bedford,	20,853	21,320	4,545
Norton,	1,709	1,821	403
Raynham,	1,868	1,713	386
Rehoboth,	1,843	1,895	420
Seekonk,	928	1,021	223
Somerset,	1,789	1,776	385
Swansea,	1,336	1,294	312
Taunton,	16,005	18,629	3,086
Westport,	2,799	2,724	769
Totals,	89,395	102,886	18,576
DUKES.			
Chilmark,	548	476	154
Edgartown,	1,846	1,516	500
Gay Head,*	—	160	—
Gosnold,	108	99	25
Tisbury,	1,698	1,536	428
Totals,	4,200	3,787	1,107

* Incorporated April 30, 1870.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
ESSEX.			
Amesbury,	4,181	5,581	744
Andover,	5,314	4,873	804
Beverly,	5,942	6,507	1,436
Boxford,	868	847	196
Bradford,	1,566	2,014	374
Danvers,	5,144	5,600	858
Essex,	1,630	1,614	442
Georgetown,	1,926	2,088	414
Gloucester,	11,937	15,389	2,460
Groveland,	1,619	1,776	384
Hamilton,	799	790	187
Haverhill,	10,740	12,092	2,428
Ipswich,	3,311	3,720	732
Lawrence,	21,698	28,921	2,668
Lynn,	20,747	28,233	4,212
Lynnfield,	725	818	176
Manchester,	1,643	1,665	369
Marblehead,	7,308	7,703	1,675
Methuen,	2,576	2,959	579
Middleton,	922	1,010	167
Nahant,	313	475	66
Newbury,	1,362	1,430	343
Newburyport,	12,976	12,595	2,636
North Andover,	2,622	2,549	436
Peabody,*	6,051	7,343	961
Rockport,	3,367	3,904	915
Rowley,	1,191	1,157	270
Salem,	21,189	24,117	3,501
Salisbury,	3,609	3,776	887
Saugus,	2,006	2,247	426
Swampscott,	1,535	1,846	300
Topsfield,	1,212	1,213	307
Wenham,	918	985	234
West Newbury,	2,087	2,006	485
Totals,	171,034	200,843	33,072
FRANKLIN.			
Ashfield,	1,221	1,180	349
Bernardston,	902	961	197
Buckland,	1,922	1,946	387
Charlemont,	994	1,005	251
Coleraine,	1,726	1,742	380
Conway,	1,538	1,460	320
Deerfield,	3,038	3,632	525
Erving,	576	579	122
Gill,	635	653	160

* Formerly South Danvers.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
FRANKLIN— <i>Con.</i>			
Greenfield	3,211	3,589	705
Hawley,	687	672	178
Heath,	642	613	161
Leverett,	914	877	215
Leyden,	592	518	133
Monroe,	191	201	50
Montague,	1,574	2,224	327
New Salem,	1,116	987	277
Northfield,	1,660	1,720	401
Orange,	1,909	2,091	502
Rowe,	563	581	130
Shelburne,	1,564	1,582	339
Shutesbury,	788	614	162
Sunderland,	861	832	211
Warwick,	901	769	229
Wendell,	603	539	156
Whately,	1,012	1,068	250
Totals,	31,340	32,635	7,117
HAMPDEN.			
Agawam	1,664	2,001	346
Blandford,	1,087	1,026	324
Brimfield,	1,316	1,288	309
Chester,	1,266	1,253	279
Chicopee,	7,577	9,607	1,086
Granville,	1,367	1,293	328
Holland,	368	344	88
Holyoke,	5,648	10,733	747
Longmeadow,	1,480	1,342	335
Ludlow,	1,232	1,136	272
Monson,	3,272	3,204	541
Montgomery,	353	318	92
Palmer,	3,080	3,631	524
Russell,	618	635	120
Southwick,	1,155	1,100	289
Springfield,	22,035	26,703	4,238
Tolland,	511	509	102
Wales,	696	831	164
Westfield,	5,634	6,519	1,336
West Springfield,	2,100	2,606	378
Wilbraham,	2,111	2,330	442
Totals,	64,570	78,409	12,330

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
HAMPSHIRE.			
Amherst,	3,415	4,035	728
Belchertown,	2,636	2,428	607
Chesterfield,	801	811	223
Cummington,	980	1,037	332
Easthampton,	2,869	3,620	363
Enfield,	997	1,023	242
Goshen,	411	368	95
Granby,	908	863	232
Greenwich,	648	665	147
Hadley,	2,246	2,301	427
Hatfield,	1,405	1,594	249
Huntington,	1,163	1,156	232
Middlefield,	727	728	123
Northampton,	7,925	10,160	1,300
Pelham,	737	673	183
Plainfield,	579	521	170
Prescott,	596	541	142
South Hadley,	2,099	2,840	362
Southampton,	1,216	1,159	282
Ware,	3,374	4,257	529
Westhampton,	636	587	141
Williamsburg,	1,976	2,159	416
Worthington,	925	860	243
Totals,	39,269	44,388	7,668
MIDDLESEX.			
Acton,	1,660	1,593	395
Arlington,	2,760	3,261	471
Ashby,	1,080	994	276
Ashland,	1,072	2,186	363
Bedford,	820	849	156
Belmont,	1,279	1,513	218
Billerica,	1,808	1,833	392
Boxborough,	454	338	102
Brighton,	3,859	4,967	658
Burlington,	594	626	140
Cambridge,	29,112	39,634	5,152
Carlisle,	642	569	122
Charlestown,	26,399	28,323	5,596
Chelmsford,	2,291	2,374	416
Concord,	2,232	2,412	486
Dracut,	1,905	2,078	401
Dunstable,	533	471	128
Everett,*	-	2,220	-
Framingham,	4,665	4,968	887
Groton,	3,176	3,584	619
Holliston,	2,125	3,073	694
Hopkinton,	4,132	4,419	824

* Incorporated March 9, 1870.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
MIDDLESEX— <i>Con.</i>			
Hudson,*	—	3,389	—
Lexington,	2,210	2,277	385
Lincoln,	711	791	137
Littleton,	976	983	204
Lowell,	30,990	40,928	5,150
Malden,†	6,840	7,367	1,353
Marlborough,	7,164	8,474	1,182
Medford,	4,839	5,717	1,031
Melrose,	2,865	3,414	567
Natick,	5,208	6,404	1,099
Newton,	8,975	12,825	1,591
North Reading,	987	942	241
Pepperell,	1,709	1,842	379
Reading,	2,436	2,664	567
Sherborn,	1,048	1,062	245
Shirley,	1,217	1,451	272
Somerville,	9,353	14,685	1,667
Stoneham,	3,298	4,513	737
Stow,	1,537	1,813	265
Sudbury,	1,703	2,091	323
Tewksbury,	1,801	1,944	246
Townsend,	2,042	1,962	481
Tyngsborough,	578	629	132
Wakefield,‡	3,244	4,135	643
Waltham,	6,896	9,065	1,032
Watertown,	3,779	4,326	690
Wayland,	1,137	1,240	268
Westford,	1,568	1,803	325
Weston,	1,231	1,261	287
Wilmington,	850	866	204
Winchester,	1,968	2,645	351
Woburn,	6,999	8,560	1,385
Totals,	220,384	274,353	41,935
NANTUCKET.			
Nantucket,	4,748	4,123	809
NORFOLK.			
Bellingham,	1,240	1,282	271
Braintree,	3,725	3,948	777
Brookline,	5,262	6,650	761
Canton,	3,318	3,879	573
Cohasset,	2,048	2,130	492
Dedham,	7,195	7,342	1,268

* Incorporated March 19, 1866.

† Town divided in 1870.

‡ Formerly South Reading.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
NORFOLK— <i>Con.</i>			
Dorchester,*	10,717	—	1,860
Dover,	616	645	136
Foxborough,	2,778	3,057	592
Franklin,	2,510	2,562	548
Hyde Park,†	—	4,136	—
Medfield,	1,012	1,142	224
Medway,	3,219	3,721	707
Milton,	2,770	2,683	486
Needham,	2,793	3,607	495
Norfolk,†	—	1,081	—
Quincy,	6,718	7,442	1,276
Randolph,	5,734	5,642	1,261
Roxbury,*	28,426	—	4,483
Sharon,	1,393	1,508	285
Stoughton,	4,855	4,914	1,020
Walpole,	2,018	2,137	468
West Roxbury,	6,912	8,683	991
Weymouth,	7,975	9,010	1,843
Wrentham,	3,072	2,292	708
Totals,	116,306	89,443	21,525
PLYMOUTH.			
Abington,	8,576	9,308	1,833
Bridgewater,	4,196	3,660	629
Carver,	1,059	1,092	260
Duxbury,	2,384	2,341	631
East Bridgewater,	2,976	3,017	758
Halifax,	722	619	210
Hanover,	1,545	1,628	414
Hanson,	1,196	1,219	329
Hingham,	4,176	4,422	865
Hull,	260	261	66
Kingston,	1,626	1,604	354
Lakeville,	1,110	1,159	312
Marion,	960	896	245
Marshfield,	1,809	1,659	452
Mattapoisett,	1,451	1,361	375
Middleborough,	4,565	4,687	1,112
North Bridgewater,	6,332	8,007	1,362
Pembroke,	1,489	1,447	367
Plymouth,	6,068	6,238	1,539
Plympton,	924	804	235
Rochester,	1,156	1,024	300
Scituate,	2,269	2,350	572
South Scituate,	1,635	1,661	423

* In 1870, a part of Boston.

† Incorporated April 22, 1868.

† Incorporated Feb. 23, 1870.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
PLYMOUTH— <i>Con.</i>			
Wareham,	2,798	3,098	610
West Bridgewater,	1,825	1,803	390
Totals,	63,107	65,365	14,643
SUFFOLK.			
Boston,	192,318	250,526	33,890
Chelsea,	14,403	18,547	2,502
Revere,*	858	1,197	188
Winthrop,	633	532	140
Totals,	208,212	270,802	36,720
WORCESTER.			
Ashburnham,	2,153	2,172	500
Athol,	2,814	3,517	703
Auburn,	959	1,178	144
Barre,	2,856	2,572	683
Berlin,	1,061	1,016	229
Blackstone,	4,857	5,421	799
Bolton,	1,502	1,014	331
Boylston,	792	800	194
Brookfield,	2,101	2,527	496
Charlton,	1,925	1,878	429
Clinton,	4,021	5,429	518
Dana,	789	758	193
Douglas,	2,155	2,182	413
Dudley,	2,076	2,388	289
Fitchburg,	8,118	11,260	1,514
Gardner,	2,553	3,333	507
Grafton,	3,961	4,594	751
Hardwick,	1,967	2,219	338
Harvard,	1,355	1,341	342
Holden,	1,846	2,062	358
Hubbardston,	1,546	1,654	344
Lancaster,	1,752	1,845	323
Leicester,	2,527	2,768	479
Leominster,	3,313	3,894	854
Lunenburg,	1,167	1,121	282
Mendon,	1,207	1,175	263
Milford,	9,108	9,890	1,186
Millbury,	3,780	4,397	618
New Braintree,	752	640	139
Northborough,	1,623	1,504	311
Northbridge,	2,642	3,774	512
North Brookfield,	2,514	3,343	500

*Name changed from North Chelsea in 1871.

COUNTIES AND TOWNS.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
	1865.	1870.	
WORCESTER— <i>Con.</i>			
Oakham,	925	860	219
Oxford,	2,713	2,669	516
Paxton,	626	616	156
Petersham,	1,428	1,335	305
Phillipston,	725	693	150
Princeton,	1,239	1,279	277
Royalston,	1,441	1,354	328
Rutland,	1,011	1,024	234
Shrewsbury,	1,570	1,610	353
Southborough,	1,750	2,135	338
Southbridge,	4,131	5,208	546
Spencer,	3,024	3,952	529
Sterling,	1,668	1,670	404
Sturbridge,	1,993	2,101	425
Sutton,	2,363	2,699	513
Templeton,	2,390	2,802	607
Upton,	2,018	1,989	481
Uxbridge,	2,838	3,058	457
Warren,	2,180	2,625	442
Webster,	3,608	4,763	815
Westborough,	3,141	3,601	544
West Boylston,	2,294	2,862	422
West Brookfield,	1,549	1,842	294
Westminster,	1,639	1,770	384
Winchendon,	2,801	3,398	619
Worcester,	30,055	41,105	5,880
Totals,	162,912	192,716	31,780

RECAPITULATION.

COUNTIES.	No. of Towns.	POPULATION.		Voters in 1865.
		1865.	1870.	
Barnstable,	14	34,610	32,774	8,334
Berkshire,	31	56,944	64,826	10,566
Bristol,	19	89,395	102,886	18,576
Dukes,	5	4,200	3,787	1,101
Essex,	34	171,034	200,843	33,072
Franklin,	29	31,340	32,635	7,117
Hampden,	21	64,570	78,409	12,330
Hampshire,	23	39,269	44,388	7,668
Middlesex,	54	220,384	274,353	41,935
Nantucket,	1	4,748	4,123	809
Norfolk,	23	116,306	89,443	21,525
Plymouth,	25	63,107	65,365	14,643
Suffolk,	4	208,212	270,802	36,720
Worcester,	58	162,912	192,718	31,780
Totals,	338	1,267,031	1,457,352	246,182

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 259 OF THE ACTS OF 1872.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TOWNS.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Barnstable,	1,138	\$2,880,361 14	\$2 09
Brewster,	295	800,893 33	57
Chatham,	613	1,025,358 39	85
Dennis,	829	1,521,982 74	1 22
Eastham,	178	233,874 22	21
Falmouth,	650	1,293,695 74	1 01
Harwich,	827	1,083,774 41	99
Mashpee,	69	94,845 87	08
Orleans,	404	568,979 20	50
Provincetown,	1,056	2,102,071 83	1 64
Sandwich,	810	1,444,517 43	1 17
Truro,	347	298,893 69	33
Wellfleet,	583	855,929 09	74
Yarmouth,	579	1,610,171 50	1 14
Total,	8,378	\$15,815,348 58	\$12 54

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams,	2,900	\$6,679,320 34	\$4 98
Alford,	120	311,989 33	22
Becket,	357	490,644 00	44
Cheshire,	445	881,121 33	69
Clarksburg,	153	247,442 66	21
Dalton,	307	1,113,828 70	74
Egremont,	248	579,198 41	43
Florida,	330	206,957 00	27
Great Barrington,	1,102	4,963,402 75	3 17
Hancock,	178	495,515 29	35
Hinsdale,	458	883,906 68	70

* This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1882, unless hereafter changed by law.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Lanesborough,	366	\$765,788 33	\$0 59
Lee,	920	1,725,051 50	1 37
Lenox,	504	1,492,673 83	1 04
Monterey,	186	308,160 16	26
Mount Washington,	62	99,351 00	08
New Ashford,	48	109,439 00	08
New Marlborough,	504	919,417 25	74
Otis,	252	325,529 00	30
Peru,	118	197,715 16	16
Pittsfield,	2,484	8,856,082 51	5 92
Richmond,	295	546,406 82	44
Sandisfield,	342	546,026 32	46
Savoy,	209	279,228 66	25
Sheffield,	538	1,367,702 91	99
Stockbridge,	462	2,659,644 32	1 64
Tyringham,	130	305,898 00	23
Washington,	156	290,378 50	23
West Stockbridge,	523	928,665 41	75
Williamstown,	689	1,718,937 65	1 25
Windsor,	193	314,619 66	26
Total,	15,579	\$40,610,072 48	\$29 24

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Acushnet,	281	\$682,324 06	\$0 50
Attleborough,	1,285	2,987,311 91	2 22
Berkley,	196	327,809 65	27
Dartmouth,	793	2,340,476 23	1 63
Dighton,	458	867,692 24	69
Easton,	974	2,903,498 20	2 02
Fairhaven,	661	1,676,529 57	1 22
Fall River,	7,070	27,513,445 21	18 08
Freetown,	326	841,317 93	61
Mansfield,	587	884,314 40	76
New Bedford,	5,333	25,483,267 65	16 14
Norton,	429	827,559 67	65
Raynham,	444	1,177,491 29	84
Rehoboth,	441	803,565 74	65
Seekonk,	246	606,265 33	44
Somerset,	475	979,392 73	76
Swansey,	323	669,337 78	52
Taunton,	4,855	15,273,009 41	10 50
Westport,	662	1,526,683 63	1 14
Total,	25,839	\$88,371,292 63	\$59 64

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Chilmark,	152	\$327,835 56	\$0 25
Edgartown,	480	1,205,113 77	88
Gay Head,	38	11,014 00	02
Gosnold,	26	162,514 00	10
Tisbury,	428	706,958 84	59
Total,	1,124	\$2,413,436 17	\$1 84

ESSEX COUNTY.

Amesbury,	1,793	\$2,331,694 62	\$2 13
Andover,	1,019	3,406,297 79	2 31
Beverly,	1,872	5,849,009 38	4 03
Boxford,	235	817,822 79	55
Bradford,	530	1,103,752 84	85
Danvers,	1,238	2,927,161 51	2 20
Essex,	420	943,770 71	71
Georgetown,	582	868,536 58	75
Gloucester,	3,496	7,709,462 73	5 82
Groveland,	520	774,183 26	67
Hamilton,	198	536,020 22	38
Haverhill,	3,967	9,342,712 44	6 92
Ipswich,	815	1,762,137 86	1 34
Lawrence,	6,625	18,570,198 36	13 13
Lynn,	7,558	21,787,103 36	15 29
Lynnfield,	211	711,866 84	48
Manchester,	429	1,219,013 64	86
Marblehead,	2,152	3,388,539 78	2 87
Methuen,	904	1,987,472 13	1 50
Middleton,	235	445,943 46	35
Nahant,	138	5,565,328 53	3 01
Newbury,	290	882,549 55	61
Newburyport,	3,218	8,261,884 02	5 98
North Andover,	729	2,196,427 34	1 53
Peabody,	2,100	5,427,619 59	3 92
Rockport,	941	1,688,770 59	1 36
Rowley,	303	546,301 01	44
Salem,	5,558	25,382,251 19	16 19
Salisbury,	966	1,903,012 04	1 49
Saugus,	512	1,488,852 07	1 04
Swampscott,	541	2,104,515 38	1 38
Topsfield,	321	755,450 34	56
Wenham,	240	504,944 95	39
West Newbury,	518	1,120,092 87	86
Total,	51,234	\$144,327,639 78	\$101 90

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Ashfield,	332	\$558,337 62	\$0 46
Bernardston,	238	478,234 80	37
Buckland,	523	602,238 16	58
Charlemont,	251	397,298 44	34
Colrain,	366	729,502 68	57
Conway,	377	869,061 87	65
Deerfield,	837	1,464,055 28	1 19
Erving,	211	260,911 42	24
Gill,	194	481,482 11	35
Greenfield,	888	2,475,857 02	1 75
Hawley,	172	171,115 66	18
Heath,	155	312,175 72	24
Leverett,	235	370,054 70	31
Leyden,	109	251,343 33	19
Monroe,	49	63,609 96	06
Montague,	608	1,007,781 91	88
New Salem,	262	349,997 66	32
Northfield,	456	789,612 10	65
Orange,	785	1,122,926 29	99
Rowe,	158	184,585 28	18
Shelburne,	374	1,066,305 18	75
Shutesbury,	160	209,984 00	19
Sunderland,	206	465,132 06	35
Warwick,	232	258,329 35	25
Wendell,	145	206,909 42	18
Whately,	310	802,511 69	58
Total,	8,729	\$15,949,353 71	\$12 80

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Agawam,	483	\$965,323 95	\$0 75
Blandford,	278	536,872 12	42
Brimfield,	313	717,093 08	54
Chester,	350	496,540 46	44
Chicopee,	2,387	4,379,262 85	3 51
Granville,	338	480,283 41	42
Holland,	94	146,605 88	12
Holyoke,	2,811	6,261,712 49	4 72
Longmeadow,	356	1,209,609 84	82
Ludlow,	258	485,955 30	39
Monson,	672	1,393,765 94	1 07
Montgomery,	93	158,231 00	13
Palmer,	818	1,412,195 71	1 16
Russell,	163	283,149 66	23
Southwick,	292	729,392 87	53

HAMPDEN COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Springfield,	7,140	\$29,500,151 56	\$19 16
Tolland,	134	302,583 66	23
Wales,	222	373,372 12	31
Westfield,	1,997	5,163,347 03	3 73
West Springfield, . . .	688	2,161,000 48	1 49
Wilbraham,	554	883,278 57	74
Total,	20,441	\$58,039,727 97	\$40 91

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

Amherst,	935	\$3,324,202 76	\$2 22
Belchertown,	584	1,132,103 19	89
Chesterfield,	233	405,371 16	33
Cummington,	255	391,155 65	33
Easthampton,	773	2,955,277 21	1 95
Enfield,	310	716,497 09	53
Goshen,	96	150,824 50	13
Granby,	236	546,724 41	41
Greenwich,	193	306,966 73	26
Hadley,	616	1,480,119 87	1 09
Hatfield,	426	1,617,664 78	1 07
Huntington,	278	562,987 01	44
Middlefield,	180	425,139 66	31
Northampton,	2,403	7,349,272 04	5 09
Pelham,	167	203,607 00	19
Plainfield,	158	278,990 75	23
Prescott,	139	217,396 88	18
South Hadley,	665	1,960,330 07	1 37
Southampton,	296	588,242 98	46
Ware,	892	1,759,527 89	1 38
Westhampton,	127	443,460 82	30
Williamsburg,	604	1,535,881 73	1 11
Worthington,	240	373,670 88	32
Total,	10,806	\$28,725,415 06	\$20 59

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Acton,	486	\$1,037,827 04	\$0 79
Arlington,	869	3,968,954 00	2 53
Ashby,	298	538,289 02	43
Ashland,	685	1,149,051 92	95
Ayer,	492	897,098 96	72
Bedford,	228	555,862 26	41
Belmont,	436	2,617,009 39	1 60

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Billerica,	485	\$1,565,065 74	\$1 07
Boxborough,	105	267,586 66	19
Brighton,	1,331	7,137,224 78	4 44
Burlington,	201	474,776 95	35
Cambridge,	10,323	45,646,076 22	29 29
Carlisle,	154	373,391 29	27
Charlestown,	8,271	28,314,873 65	19 10
Chelmsford,	600	1,764,033 18	1 23
Concord,	645	2,364,666 82	1 57
Dracut,	523	1,391,920 72	1 00
Dunstable,	137	326,185 22	24
Everett,	654	2,107,796 48	1 44
Framingham,	1,244	3,897,847 34	2 68
Groton,	465	1,743,460 03	1 15
Holliston,	856	1,857,291 57	1 41
Hopkinton,	1,099	2,079,868 55	1 65
Hudson,	915	1,296,966 72	1 14
Lexington,	625	2,249,651 27	1 50
Lincoln,	239	700,779 78	49
Littleton,	248	755,331 16	52
Lowell,	9,186	27,811,128 12	19 29
Malden,	1,945	6,372,237 44	4 34
Marlborough,	2,320	2,699,682 30	2 59
Maynard,	522	916,118 50	75
Medford,	1,530	6,263,456 43	4 08
Melrose,	881	2,627,733 75	1 83
Natick,	1,863	2,932,489 58	2 48
Newton,	3,199	19,244,632 61	11 77
North Reading,	263	531,633 64	41
Pepperell,	526	1,171,801 73	88
Reading,	759	1,702,763 48	1 28
Sherborn,	267	984,136 41	65
Shirley,	341	927,209 84	66
Somerville,	3,832	13,372,478 79	8 98
Stonham,	1,390	2,104,304 51	1 81
Stow,	296	777,846 50	56
Sudbury,	330	1,035,945 50	71
Tewksbury,	317	984,172 58	68
Townsend,	611	766,804 31	71
Tyngsborough,	175	316,817 86	25
Wakefield,	1,438	2,969,802 34	2 29
Waltham,	2,368	8,021,324 14	5 42
Watertown,	1,150	4,907,134 30	3 17
Wayland,	360	703,298 23	55
Westford,	534	1,063,516 64	83
Weston,	342	1,327,178 64	87
Wilmington,	231	513,090 74	39
Winchester,	772	3,398,370 13	2 18
Woburn,	2,527	7,564,366 26	5 26
Total,	72,889	\$241,090,362 02	\$163 83

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Nantucket,	923	\$2,357,831 09	\$1 71
Total,	923	\$2,357,831 09	\$1 71

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Bellingham,	344	\$815,725 93	\$0 44
Braintree,	1,092	2,186,788 92	1 70
Brookline,	1,522	21,501,463 85	12 13
Canton,	947	2,786,565 18	1 95
Cohasset,	558	1,937,175 89	1 30
Dedham,	1,355	4,829,464 96	3 23
Dover,	167	409,866 21	30
Foxborough,	708	1,505,935 49	1 15
Franklin,	620	1,582,983 09	1 15
Holbrook,	425	1,216,276 87	86
Hyde Park,	1,507	4,858,294 61	3 34
Medfield,	296	848,688 81	60
Medway,	905	1,666,371 47	1 33
Milton,	657	5,452,958 68	3 21
Needham,	976	3,031,378 55	2 09
Norfolk,	270	474,490 49	39
Norwood,	466	1,188,850 41	86
Quincy,	1,847	4,929,735 34	3 53
Randolph,	1,102	1,929,429 19	1 57
Sharon,	371	822 389 80	62
Stoughton,	1,191	2,434,962 24	1 88
Walpole,	532	1,352,977 46	98
West Roxbury,	2,310	15,368,478 81	9 28
Weymouth,	2,510	5,173,496 62	3 99
Wrentham,	546	1,166,231 78	89
Total,	23,224	\$89,211,016 65	\$58 77

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington,	2,619	\$4,220,356 81	\$3 54
Bridgewater,	852	2,391,899 09	1 69
Carver,	279	602,417 89	46
Duxbury,	680	1,180,932 56	96
East Bridgewater,	827	1,245,410 31	1 07
Halifax,	184	337,558 21	27
Hanover,	440	1,002,267 23	75
Hanson,	367	502,514 51	45

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Hingham,	1,208	\$3,246,673 86	\$2 32
Hull,	73	258,880 98	17
Kingston,	425	1,428,795 16	97
Lakeville,	318	572,712 25	46
Marion,	237	485,308 23	37
Marshfield,	480	827,907 29	68
Mattapoisett,	358	602,126 13	50
Middleborough,	1,322	2,382,045 41	1 92
North Bridgewater,	2,234	3,516,509 83	3 01
Pembroke,	395	621,066 78	53
Plymouth,	1,443	3,828,322 31	2 74
Plympton,	215	310,922 34	27
Rochester,	301	508,534 97	42
Scituate,	663	1,093,852 80	91
South Scituate,	458	1,004,412 33	76
Wareham,	726	1,163,960 63	98
W. Bridgewater,	440	850,497 97	67
Total,	17,604	\$34,185,885 88	\$26 87

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston,	61,148	\$638,870,531 46	\$368 24
Chelsea,	4,452	12,405,134 86	8 78
Revere,	343	1,016,113 29	71
Winthrop,	133	533,628 41	35
Total,	66,076	\$652,825,408 02	\$378 08

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Ashburnham,	598	\$970,764 72	\$0 81
Athol,	1,045	2,093,389 54	1 63
Auburn,	257	532,348 99	41
Barre,	654	1,916,326 66	1 34
Berlin,	273	436,751 70	37
Blackstone,	1,112	2,301,719 56	1 77
Bolton,	286	578,263 34	45
Boylston,	198	556,767 68	39
Brookfield,	727	1,210,255 71	1 00
Charlton,	525	1,022,738 26	80
Clinton,	1,251	3,021,080 13	2 22
Dana,	202	273,117 33	25

WORCESTER COUNTY—CONCLUDED.

T O W N S .	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at half a mill each.
Douglas,	598	\$972,710 86	\$0 81
Dudley,	601	996,905 48	83
Fitchburg,	3,317	11,283,337 05	7 62
Gardner,	968	1,753,531 67	1 41
Grafton,	1,006	1,901,027 53	1 51
Hardwick,	522	1,168,036 78	88
Harvard,	376	1,036,539 10	74
Holden,	482	934,992 56	74
Hubbardston,	439	881,670 88	69
Lancaster,	425	2,328,167 05	1 44
Leicester,	708	2,122,772 00	1 48
Leominster,	1,232	2,961,363 92	2 18
Lunenburg,	315	765,487 66	56
Mendon,	306	712,574 42	53
Milford,	2,662	4,932,915 45	3 94
Millbury,	1,050	1,958,885 07	1 56
New Braintree,	164	592,433 93	40
Northborough,	378	1,327,854 03	89
Northbridge,	817	1,936,368 26	1 43
North Brookfield,	1,109	1,620,848 18	1 41
Oakham,	231	370,521 56	31
Oxford,	718	1,310,451 73	1 05
Paxton,	198	326,809 33	27
Petersham,	310	770,893 62	56
Phillipston,	177	298,445 00	25
Princeton,	308	957,602 93	66
Royalston,	343	859,138 08	63
Rutland,	268	520,180 30	41
Shrewsbury,	452	1,104,404 99	81
Southborough,	513	1,391,240 48	99
Southbridge,	1,250	2,312,315 49	1 85
Spencer,	1,101	2,060,940 58	1 64
Sterling,	445	1,237,743 84	88
Sturbridge,	546	964,681 65	78
Sutton,	622	1,195,893 65	94
Templeton,	736	1,161,246 67	98
Upton,	529	841,077 61	71
Uxbridge,	707	1,862,082 21	1 34
Warren,	714	1,479,329 54	1 14
Webster,	1,201	2,216,306 08	1 77
Westborough,	968	1,981,057 26	1 53
West Boylston,	697	1,021,478 74	89
West Brookfield,	454	831,177 83	67
Westminster,	484	876,810 69	71
Winchendon,	1,027	1,892,527 00	1 51
Worcester,	11,638	37,263,867 13	25 51
Total,	51,240	\$124,212,169 49	\$91 28

1020. 135. 19. 50

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Abington</i> , . . .	{ Abington, North Abington. South Abington. East Abington.	<i>Athol</i> , . . .	{ Athol. Athol Depot.
<i>Acton</i> , . . .	{ Acton. South Acton. West Acton.	<i>Attleborough</i> ,	{ Attleborough. Attleboro' Falls. N. Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville.
<i>Acushnet</i> , . . .	{ Acushnet. Long Plain.	<i>Auburn</i> , . . .	Auburn.
<i>Adams</i> , . . .	{ Adams. North Adams. Blackinton.	<i>Ayer</i> , . . .	Ayer.
<i>Agawam</i> , . . .	{ Agawam. Feeding Hills.	<i>Barnstable</i> , . .	{ Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville. Marston's Mills. Hyannis. Cotuit. Osterville.
<i>Alford</i> , . . .	Alford.	<i>Barre</i> , . . .	{ Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville. Coldbrook Spr'gs.
<i>Amesbury</i> , . .	{ Amesbury. South Amesbury. West Amesbury.	<i>Becket</i> , . . .	{ Becket. North Becket. West Becket.
<i>Amherst</i> , . . .	{ Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst.	<i>Bedford</i> , . . .	Bedford.
<i>Andover</i> , . . .	{ Andover. Ballard Vale.	<i>Belchertown</i> , .	Belchertown.
<i>Arlington</i> , . .	Arlington.	<i>Bellingham</i> , .	{ Bellingham. No. Bellingham. Caryville.
<i>Ashburnham</i> ,	{ Ashburnham. Ashb'nham Dep't. Burrageville.	<i>Belmont</i> , . . .	{ Belmont. Waverly.
<i>Ashby</i> , . . .	Ashby.	<i>Berkley</i> , . . .	Berkley.
<i>Ashfield</i> , . . .	{ Ashfield. South Ashfield.	<i>Berlin</i> , . . .	{ Berlin. West Berlin.
<i>Ashland</i> , . . .	Ashland.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Bernardston,</i>	Bernardston.	<i>Brookfield,</i>	{ Brookfield. East Brookfield. North Brookfield.
<i>Beverly,</i> . .	{ Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly.	<i>Brookline,</i> .	Brookline.
<i>Billerica,</i> . .	{ Billerica. North Billerica.	<i>Buckland,</i> .	Buckland.
<i>Blackstone,</i> .	{ Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.	<i>Burlington,</i> .	Burlington.
<i>Blandford,</i> .	{ Blandford. North Blandford.	<i>Cambridge,</i> .	{ Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge.
<i>Bolton,</i> . . .	Bolton.	<i>Canton,</i> . . .	Canton.
<i>Boston,</i> . . .	{ Boston. South Boston. East Boston. Station A. Roxbury.	<i>Carlisle,</i> . . .	Carlisle.
<i>Sub-Offices,</i>	{ Dorchester.* Harrison Square.* Mattapan.* Neponset.*	<i>Carver,</i> . . .	{ Carver. North Carver. South Carver.
<i>Boxborough,</i> .	West Acton P. O.	<i>Charlemont,</i> .	{ Charlemont. East Charlemont. Zoar.
<i>Boxford,</i> . .	{ Boxford. West Boxford.	<i>Charlestown,</i> .	Charlestown.
<i>Boylston,</i> . .	{ Boylston. Boylston Centre.	<i>Charlton,</i> . .	{ Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.
<i>Bradford,</i> . .	Bradford.	<i>Chatham,</i> . .	{ Chatham. Chatham Port. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.
<i>Braintree,</i> .	{ Braintree. South Braintree.	<i>Chelmsford,</i> .	{ Chelmsford. No. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford. Middles'x Village.
<i>Brewster,</i> . .	{ Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.	<i>Chelsea,</i> . . .	Chelsea.
<i>Bridgewater,</i>	{ Bridgewater. Scotland.	<i>Cheshire,</i> . .	Cheshire.
<i>Brighton,</i> . .	{ Brighton. Allston.	<i>Chester,</i> . . .	{ Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester.
<i>Brimfield,</i> . .	{ Brimfield. East Brimfield.	<i>Chesterfield,</i> .	{ Chesterfield. West Chesterfield

* Postage, 3 cents.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Chicopee</i> , . .	{ Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Willimanset.	<i>Douglas</i> , . .	{ Douglas. East Douglas.
<i>Chilmark</i> , . .	Chilmark.	<i>Dover</i> , . . .	{ Dover. Chas. Riv'r Vill'ge.
<i>Clarksburg</i> , .	{ Clarksburg. (N. Adams P.O.)	<i>Dracut</i> , . . .	Dracut.
<i>Clinton</i> , . .	Clinton.	<i>Dudley</i> , . .	{ Dudley. West Dudley.
<i>Cohasset</i> , . .	{ Cohasset. North Cohasset.	<i>Dunstable</i> , .	Dunstable.
<i>Coleraine</i> , . .	{ Coleraine. Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville. Shattucksville.	<i>Duxbury</i> , . .	{ Duxbury. West Duxbury. South Duxbury.
<i>Concord</i> , . .	{ Concord. Westvale.	<i>E. Bridgew'r</i> ,	{ Elmwood. E. Bridgewater.
<i>Conway</i> , . .	Conway.	<i>Eastham</i> , . .	{ Eastham. North Eastham.
<i>Cummington</i> ,	{ Cummington. Cummington W. Village. Babylon.	<i>Easthampt'n</i> ,	Easthampton.
<i>Dalton</i> , . . .	Dalton.	<i>Easton</i> , . . .	{ Easton. North Easton. South Easton.
<i>Dana</i> , . . .	{ Dana. North Dana.	<i>Edgartown</i> , .	{ Edgartown. Vineyard Grove.
<i>Danvers</i> , . .	{ Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danvers Port.	<i>Egremont</i> , .	{ Egremont. North Egremont. South Egremont.
<i>Dartmouth</i> , .	{ Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth.	<i>Enfield</i> , . .	Enfield.
<i>Dedham</i> , . .	{ Dedham. West Dedham.	<i>Erving</i> , . . .	Erving.
<i>Deerfield</i> , . .	{ Deerfield. South Deerfield.	<i>Essex</i> , . . .	Essex.
<i>Dennis</i> , . .	{ Dennis. Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis. West Dennis.	<i>Everett</i> , . . .	Everett.
<i>Dighton</i> , . .	{ Dighton. North Dighton.	<i>Fairhaven</i> , .	Fairhaven.
		<i>Fall River</i> , .	Fall River.
		<i>Falmouth</i> , . .	{ Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth. West Falmouth. Wood's Hole.
		<i>Fitchburg</i> , .	{ Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Florida</i> , . .	{ Florida. Hoosac Tunnel.	<i>Greenwich</i> , . .	{ Greenwich. Gr'enwich Vill'ge.
<i>Foxborough</i> , . .	{ Foxborough. East Foxborough. W. Foxborough.	<i>Groton</i> , . . .	{ Groton. West Groton.
<i>Framingham</i> {	Framingham. S. Framingham. Saxouville.	<i>Groveland</i> , . .	{ Groveland. South Groveland.
<i>Franklin</i> , . .	{ Franklin. Franklin City. South Franklin.	<i>Hadley</i> , . . .	{ Hadley. North Hadley.
<i>Freetown</i> , . .	{ Freetown. . East Freetown.	<i>Halifax</i> , . . .	Halifax.
<i>Gardner</i> , . . .	{ Gardner. South Gardner.	<i>Hamilton</i> , . .	Hamilton.
<i>Georgetown</i> , .	Georgetown.	<i>Hancock</i> , . . .	Hancock.
<i>Gill</i> ,	Gill.	<i>Hanover</i> , . . .	{ Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.
<i>Gloucester</i> , .	{ Bay View. Gloucester. East Gloucester. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam.	<i>Hanson</i> , . . .	{ Hanson. South Hanson.
<i>Goshen</i> , . . .	Goshen. . .	<i>Hardwick</i> , . .	Hardwick.
<i>Gosnold</i> , . . .	{ Gosnold. (Wood's Hole P. O.)	<i>Harvard</i> , . . .	{ Harvard. Still River.
<i>Grafton</i> , . . .	{ Grafton. New Eng. Vill'ge. Saunderville. Farnumsville.	<i>Harwich</i> , . . .	{ Harwich. Harwich Port. East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich.
<i>Granby</i> , . . .	Granby.	<i>Hatfield</i> , . . .	{ Hatfield. North Hatfield.
<i>Granville</i> , . .	{ Granville Corner. East Granville. West Granville.	<i>Haverhill</i> , . .	{ Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayer's Village.
<i>Gt. Barrington</i> , . . .	{ Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Dusenille.	<i>Hawley</i> , . . .	{ Hawley. South Hawley. West Hawley.
<i>Greenfield</i> , .	{ Greenfield. Factory Village.	<i>Heath</i> ,	Heath.
		<i>Hingham</i> , . . .	{ Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham.
		<i>Hinsdale</i> , . . .	Hinsdale.
		<i>Holden</i> ,	Holden.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Holbrook</i> , . .	Holbrook.	<i>Leverett</i> , . .	{ Leverett. North Leverett.
<i>Holland</i> , . .	Holland.	<i>Lexington</i> , .	{ Lexington. East Lexington.
<i>Holliston</i> , . .	{ Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville.	<i>Leyden</i> , . .	Leyden.
<i>Holyoke</i> , . .	{ Holyoke. Ireland.	<i>Lincoln</i> , . .	Lincoln.
<i>Hopkinton</i> , .	{ Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.	<i>Littleton</i> , . .	Littleton.
<i>Hubbardston</i> ,	Hubbardston.	<i>Longmeadow</i> ,	{ Longmeadow. E. Longmeadow.
<i>Hudson</i> , . .	Hudson.	<i>Lowell</i> , . . .	Lowell.
<i>Hull</i> , . . .	Hull.	<i>Ludlow</i> , . .	Ludlow.
<i>Huntington</i> ,	{ Huntington. Norwich.	<i>Lunenburg</i> , .	Lunenburg.
<i>Hyde Park</i> , .	{ Hyde Park. Readville.	<i>Lynn</i> , . . .	Lynn.
<i>Ipswich</i> , . .	Ipswich.	<i>Lynnfield</i> , .	{ Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.
<i>Kingston</i> , . .	Kingston.	<i>Malden</i> , . .	{ Malden. Maplewood.
<i>Lakeville</i> , . .	Lakeville.	<i>Manchester</i> , .	Manchester.
<i>Lancaster</i> , .	{ Lancaster. South Lancaster.	<i>Mansfield</i> , .	{ Mansfield. West Mansfield.
<i>Lanesboro'</i> .	{ Lanesborough. Berkshire.	<i>Marblehead</i> , .	Marblehead.
<i>Lawrence</i> , . .	Lawrence.	<i>Marion</i> , . .	Marion.
<i>Lee</i> ,	{ Lee. East Lee. South Lee.	<i>Marlborough</i> ,	Marlborough.
<i>Leicester</i> , . .	{ Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.	<i>Marshfield</i> , .	{ Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield.
<i>Lenox</i> , . . .	{ Lenox. Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.	<i>Mattapoissett</i> ,.	Mattapoissett.
<i>Leominster</i> , .	{ Leominster. North Leominst'r.	<i>Maynard</i> , . .	Maynard.
		<i>Medfield</i> , . .	Medfield.
		<i>Medford</i> , . .	{ Medford. West Medford. College Hill. East Medford.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Medway</i> , . .	{ Medway. East Medway. West Medway. Rockville.	<i>Needham</i> , . .	{ Needham. Wellesley. Grantville. Highlandville.
<i>Melrose</i> , . .	Melrose.	<i>New Ashford</i> , . .	New Ashford.
<i>Mendon</i> , . .	Mendon.	<i>New Bedford</i> , . .	New Bedford.
<i>Methuen</i> , . .	Methuen.	<i>N. Braintree</i> , . .	New Braintree.
<i>Middleboro'</i> , . .	{ Middleborough. E. Middleboro'. N. Middleboro'. S. Middleboro'. Rock.	<i>N. Marlboro'</i> , . .	{ New Marlboro'. Hartsville. Mill River. Southfield.
<i>Middlefield</i> , . .	{ Middlefield. Bancroft.	<i>New Salem</i> , . .	{ New Salem. No. New Salem. Millington.
<i>Middleton</i> , . .	Middleton.	<i>Newbury</i> , . .	{ Newbury. (Newburyport.)
<i>Milford</i> , . .	{ Milford. South Milford. Hopedale.	<i>Newburyport</i> , . .	Newburyport.
<i>Millbury</i> , . .	{ Millbury. West Millbury.	<i>Newton</i> , . .	{ Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale. West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls. Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highl'ds.
<i>Milton</i> , . .	{ Milton. East Milton.	<i>Norfolk</i> , . .	Norfolk.
<i>Monroe</i> , . .	Monroe.	<i>N. Andover</i> , . .	{ North Andover. N. Andover Dep't.
<i>Monson</i> , . .	Monson.	<i>N. Bridgewater</i> , . .	{ Campello. N. Bridgewater.
<i>Montague</i> , . .	{ Montague. Locks Village. Montague City. Turner's Falls. Miller's Falls.	<i>N. Brookfield</i> , . .	North Brookfield.
<i>Monterey</i> , . .	Monterey.	<i>N. Reading</i> , . .	North Reading.
<i>Montgomery</i> , . .	Montgomery.	<i>Northampt'n</i> , . .	{ Northampton. Florence. Leeds.
<i>Mt. Washingt'n</i> , . .	Mt. Washington.	<i>Northboro'</i> , . .	Northborough.
<i>Nahant</i> , . .	Nahant.	<i>Northbridge</i> , . .	{ Northbridge. N'thb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.
<i>Nantucket</i> , . .	Nantucket.		
<i>Natick</i> , . .	{ Natick. South Natick. Cochituate.		

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Northfield,</i>	{ Northfield. Northfield Farms. West Northfield.	<i>Plymouth,</i>	{ Plymouth. South Plymouth. Chiltonville.
<i>Norton,</i>	Norton.	<i>Plympton,</i>	{ Plympton. Plympton Stati'n. North Plympton.
<i>Norwood,</i>	Norwood.	<i>Prescott,</i>	{ Prescott. North Prescott.
<i>Oakham,</i>	Oakham.	<i>Princeton,</i>	{ Princeton. East Princeton. Wachusett V'lage.
<i>Orange,</i>	{ Orange. North Orange.	<i>Provincetown,</i>	Provincetown.
<i>Orleans,</i>	{ Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.	<i>Quincy,</i>	{ Wollaston. Quincy. Quincy Point.
<i>Otis,</i>	{ Otis. East Otis. Cold Spring.	<i>Randolph,</i>	{ Randolph. South Randolph.
<i>Oxford,</i>	{ Oxford. North Oxford.	<i>Raynham,</i>	{ Raynham. North Raynham.
<i>Palmer,</i>	{ Palmer. Bond's Village. Thorndike. Three Rivers.	<i>Reading,</i>	Reading.
<i>Paxton,</i>	Paxton.	<i>Rehoboth,</i>	{ Rehoboth. North Rehoboth.
<i>Peabody,</i>	{ Peabody. West Danvers.	<i>Revere,</i>	Revere.
<i>Pelham,</i>	Pelham.	<i>Richmond,</i>	Richmond.
<i>Pembroke,</i>	{ Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke.	<i>Rochester,</i>	{ Rochester. North Rochester.
<i>Pepperell,</i>	{ Pepperell. East Pepperell.	<i>Rockport,</i>	{ Rockport. Pigeon Cove.
<i>Peru,</i>	Peru.	<i>Rowe,</i>	Rowe.
<i>Petersham,</i>	Petersham.	<i>Rowley,</i>	Rowley.
<i>Phillipston,</i>	Phillipston.	<i>Royalston,</i>	{ Royalston. South Royalston.
<i>Pittsfield,</i>	{ Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Coltsville.	<i>Russell,</i>	Russell.
<i>Plainfield,</i>	Plainfield.	<i>Rutland,</i>	{ Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.
		<i>Salem,</i>	Salem.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Salisbury</i> , .	{ Salisbury. East Salisbury.	<i>Somerville</i> , .	{ Somerville. East Somerville. North Somerville.
<i>Sandisfield</i> , .	{ Sandisfield. New Boston. Montville.	<i>So. Hadley</i> , .	{ South Hadley. S. Hadley Falls.
<i>Sandwich</i> , .	{ Sandwich. East Sandwich. North Sandwich. South Sandwich. West Sandwich. Monument. Pocasset. Waquoit. Spring Hill. Hatchville.	<i>So. Scituate</i> , .	{ West Scituate. South Scituate.
<i>Saugus</i> , . .	{ Saugus. Saugus Centre. Clifton Dale.	<i>Southampt'n</i> , .	Southampton.
<i>Savoy</i> , . . .	Savoy.	<i>Southboro'</i> , .	{ Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville.
<i>Scituate</i> , . .	{ Scituate. Scituate Centre. North Scituate.	<i>Southbridge</i> , .	{ Southbridge. Globe Village.
<i>Seekonk</i> , . .	{ Seekonk. (East Providence, R.I.) South Seekonk.	<i>Southwick</i> , .	Southwick.
<i>Sharon</i> , . .	{ Sharon. East Sharon.	<i>Spencer</i> , . .	{ Spencer. North Spencer.
<i>Sheffield</i> , . .	{ Sheffield. East Sheffield. Ashley Falls.	<i>Springfield</i> , .	{ Springfield. Indian Orchard. Ashley Falls.
<i>Shelburne</i> , .	{ Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne. Shelburne Falls. East Shelburne.	<i>Sterling</i> , . .	{ Sterling. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction.
<i>Sherborn</i> , . .	Sherborn.	<i>Stockbridge</i> , .	{ Stockbridge. State Line. Glen Dale. Curtisville.
<i>Shirley</i> , . .	{ Shirley. Shirley Village.	<i>Stoneham</i> , .	Stoneham.
<i>Shrewsbury</i> , .	Shrewsbury.	<i>Stoughton</i> , .	{ Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.
<i>Shutesbury</i> , .	Shutesbury.	<i>Stow</i> , . . .	{ Stow. Rock Bottom.
<i>Somerset</i> , . .	Somerset.	<i>Sturbridge</i> , .	{ Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
		<i>Sudbury</i> , . .	{ Sudbury. South Sudbury. North Sudbury.
		<i>Sunderland</i> , .	Sunderland.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Sutton</i> , . . .	{ Sutton. West Sutton. Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.	<i>Waltham</i> , . .	Waltham.
<i>Swampscott</i> , .	Swampscott.	<i>Ware</i> , . . .	Ware.
<i>Swansea</i> , . .	{ Swansea. North Swansea.	<i>Wareham</i> , . .	{ Wareham. East Wareham. West Wareham.
<i>Taunton</i> , . .	{ Taunton. East Taunton. Myricksville.	<i>Warren</i> , . .	{ Warren. West Warren.
<i>Templeton</i> , .	{ Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.	<i>Warwick</i> , . .	Warwick.
<i>Tewksbury</i> , .	Tewksbury.	<i>Washington</i> , .	Washington.
<i>Tisbury</i> , . .	{ Vineyard Haven. West Tisbury. North Tisbury.	<i>Watertown</i> , .	{ Watertown. Mount Auburn.
<i>Tolland</i> , . .	Tolland.	<i>Wayland</i> , . .	Wayland.
<i>Topsfield</i> , .	Topsfield.	<i>Webster</i> , . .	Webster.
<i>Townsend</i> , .	{ Townsend. Townsend Harb'r. West Townsend.	<i>Wellfleet</i> , . .	{ Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
<i>Truro</i> , . . .	{ Truro. North Truro. South Truro.	<i>Wendell</i> , . .	{ Wendell. Wendell Depot.
<i>Tyngsboro'</i> , .	Tyngsborough.	<i>Wenham</i> , . .	Wenham.
<i>Tyringham</i> , .	Tyringham.	<i>W. Boylston</i> , .	{ West Boylston. Oakdale.
<i>Upton</i> , . . .	{ Upton. West Upton.	<i>West Bridge-</i> <i>water</i> , . . .	{ Cochesset. W. Bridgewater.
<i>Uxbridge</i> , . .	{ Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.	<i>W. Brookfield</i> , .	W. Brookfield.
<i>Wakefield</i> , .	{ Greenwood. Wakefield.	<i>W. Newbury</i> , .	West Newbury.
<i>Wales</i> , . . .	Wales.	<i>W. Roxbury</i> , .	{ West Roxbury. Jamaica Plain. Boylston Station.
<i>Walpole</i> , . .	{ Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.	<i>West Spring-</i> <i>field</i> , . . .	{ West Springfield. Ashleyville. Mittineague.
		<i>West Stock-</i> <i>bridge</i> , . . .	{ State Line. W. Stockbridge. West Stockbridge Centre.
		<i>Westborough</i> , .	Westborough.
		<i>Westfield</i> , . .	Westfield.

Towns.	Post-Offices.	Towns.	Post-Offices.
<i>Westford</i> , . .	{ Westford. Forge Village. Graniteville.	<i>Wilmington</i> , .	{ Wilmington. N. Wilmington.
<i>Westhampt'n</i> ,	Westhampton.	<i>Winchendon</i> ,	Winchendon.
<i>Westminster</i> , .	Westminster.	<i>Winchester</i> , .	Winchester.
<i>Weston</i> , . . .	Weston.	<i>Windsor</i> , . .	{ Windsor. East Windsor.
<i>Westport</i> , . .	{ Westport. Westport Point. South Westport. Central Village.	<i>Winthrop</i> , . .	Winthrop.
<i>Weymouth</i> , . .	{ Weymouth. East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.	<i>Woburn</i> , . .	{ Woburn. East Woburn. North Woburn.
<i>Whately</i> , . .	{ Whately. East Whately.	<i>Worcester</i> , . .	Worcester.
<i>Wilbraham</i> , .	{ Wilbraham. Collins Depot. So. Wilbraham.	<i>Worthington</i> ,	{ Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville.
<i>Williamsb'rg</i> ,	{ Williamsburg. Haydenville.	<i>Wrentham</i> , .	{ Wrentham. South Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
<i>Williamstown</i> ,	{ Williamstown. S. Williamstown.	<i>Yarmouth</i> , .	{ Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth.

ABRIDGMENT OF THE U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

*Arranged and prepared for the Manual, by Omar Loring,
Superintendent of Post-Office, Boston.*

LETTER POSTAGE to any part of the United States, including California and the Territories, without regard to distance, three cents per half ounce, or fraction thereof; must be prepaid in full, or at once sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS and all Heads of Departments at Washington can send or receive letters or packages of any kind, of any reasonable weight, free of postage.

All *drop letters* must be prepaid. The rate of postage on drop letters, at offices where free delivery by carrier is established, is two cents per half ounce, or fraction of a half ounce; at offices where such free delivery is *not* established, the rate is one cent.

TRANSIENT PRINTED MATTER (except books), any number in one package, to one address, not exceeding four pounds in weight, one cent each two ounces, or fraction, prepaid, to any part of the United States or Territories. Double rate if unpaid. Proof Sheets same as above. Bound books two cents each two ounces or fraction.

Only our own—domestic rates—to the line can be prepaid on *printed matter to the Canadas or the Provinces*, leaving the foreign postage to be collected on delivery.

Any writing other than the simple direction upon an article of printed matter, or the envelope thereof, subjects the entire package to letter postage, and it is the Postmaster's duty to examine such matter.

Circulars in one unsealed envelope, one cent each two ounces or fraction. A business card upon the envelope of a circular or other article of printed matter, does not increase the postage.

Pamphlets, *book* manuscripts, maps, prints, engravings, blanks, letter envelopes, paper, in packages not exceeding four pounds in weight, one cent for each two ounces, or fraction.

Seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots and scions, and samples of merchandise, two cents each two ounces; not to exceed twelve ounces in weight, otherwise letter postage will be charged.

Letter postage to Great Britain, six cents per half ounce, prepaid. Unpaid, eleven cents; will be collected on delivery.

Our own domestic rates pay postage in full to delivery in Great Britain of printed matter, seeds, cuttings, bulbs and samples.

NEWSPAPER POSTAGE.—Postage on *Daily Papers* to subscribers, when prepaid quarterly or yearly in advance, either at the mailing office or office of delivery, per quarter (three months), . . . 35 cents.
 Six times per week, per quarter (three months), . . . 20 “
 For Tri-Weekly, “ “ . . . 15 “
 For Semi-Weekly, “ “ . . . 10 “
 For Weekly, “ “ . . . 5 “

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS (one copy only), sent by the publisher to actual subscribers, by mail, within the county where printed and published, *free*.

POSTAGE PER QUARTER (to be paid quarterly or yearly in advance) on NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS *issued less frequently than once a week*, sent to actual subscribers in any part of the United States:—

Semi-Monthly, not over 4 ounces,	6 cents.
“ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . .	12 “
“ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . .	18 “
Monthly, not over 4 ounces,	3 “
“ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . .	6 “
“ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . .	9 “
Quarterly, not over 4 ounces,	1 cent.
“ over 4 ounces and not over 8 ounces, . . .	2 cents.
“ over 8 ounces and not over 12 ounces, . . .	3 “

Money Orders in sums not exceeding \$50 on one order will be issued on deposits with the Postmaster at any Money Order Offices, which are now established at nearly all the large cities and towns in the United States, and also in any part of Switzerland, Great Britain, Ireland and Germany. Fees on domestic orders, on sums not exceeding \$10, five cents; \$20, ten cents; over \$20 and not exceeding \$30, fifteen cents; over \$30 and not exceeding \$40, twenty cents; over \$40 and not exceeding \$50, twenty-five cents. The Money Order Offices in Massachusetts are Amherst, Andover, Ayer, Abington, Athol Depot, Boston, Bridgewater, Brighton, Barnstable, Barre, Cambridge, Cambridgeport, Canton, Charlestown, Chelsea, Chicopee, Chicopee Falls, Clinton, Con-

cord, Chatham, Cummington, Dedham, East Boston Station, Easthampton, Edgartown, Fall River, Fitchburg, Foxborough, Franklin, Gloucester, Great Barrington, Greenfield, Harwich, Haverhill, Holliston, Holyoke, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lawrence, Lee, Lowell, Lynn, Marblehead, Marlborough, Medway, Milford, Monson, Nantucket, Natick, New Bedford, Needham, Newburyport, Newton, North Adams, North Bridgewater, Northampton, North Brookfield, Orange, Orleans, Palmer, Pittsfield, Plymouth, Provincetown, Quincy, Roxbury Station, Salem, Sandwich, Springfield, Shelburne Falls, South Boston Station, Southbridge, South Framingham, South Gardner, South Hadley, South Yarmouth, Spencer, Taunton, Uxbridge, Waltham, Ware, Watertown, Webster, Westborough, Wellfleet, Westfield, Williamstown, Williamsburg, Winchendon, Woburn, Worcester, Yarmouth Port, Vineyard Haven.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT. GOVERNORS IN MASS.

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 John Carver.	1638 Thomas Prence.
1621 William Bradford.	1639 William Bradford.
1633 Edward Winslow.	1644 Edward Winslow.
1634 Thomas Prence.	1645 William Bradford.
1635 William Bradford.	1657 Thomas Prence.
1636 Edward Winslow.	1673 Josiah Winslow.
1637 William Bradford.	1681 Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.†	1682 William Bradford,	to 1686
1681 James Cudworth.	1689 William Bradford,	to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 John Endicott.‡	1645 Thomas Dudley.
1629 Matthew Cradock.‡	1646 John Winthrop.
1630 John Winthrop.‡	1649 John Endicott.
1634 Thomas Dudley.	1650 Thomas Dudley.
1635 John Haynes.	1651 John Endicott.
1636 Henry Vane.	1654 Richard Bellingham.
1637 John Winthrop.	1655 John Endicott.
1640 Thomas Dudley.	1665 Richard Bellingham.
1641 Richard Bellingham.	1673 John Leverett.
1642 John Winthrop.	1679 Simon Bradstreet.
1644 John Endicott.	

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

† Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor *pro tem.* being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

‡ By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe, Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter, but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was appointed, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop), in 1630.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Thomas Goffe,*	. to 1629	1650 John Endicott, .	. to 1651
1629 John Humphry,	. 1629	1651 Thomas Dudley, .	1653
1629 Thomas Dudley,	. 1634	1653 Richard Bellingham,	1654
1634 Roger Ludlow,	. 1635	1654 John Endicott, .	1655
1635 Richard Bellingham,	1636	1655 Richard Bellingham,	1655
1636 John Winthrop,	. 1637	1655 Francis Willoughby,	1671
1637 Thomas Dudley,	. 1640	1671 John Leverett, .	1673
1640 Richard Bellingham,	1641	1673 Samuel Symonds, to Oct.	1678
1641 John Endicott, .	1644	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet,	1679
1644 John Winthrop,	. 1646	1679 Thomas Danforth, .	1686
1646 Thomas Dudley,	. 1650		

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

DEPUTY-GOVERNOR OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1689 Thomas Danforth, to 1692.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May, Sir William Phipps.	1730 June, <i>William Tailer</i> .
1694 Nov., <i>William Stoughton</i> .†	1730 Aug., Jonathan Belcher.
1699 May, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont.	1741 Aug., William Shirley.
1700 July, <i>William Stoughton</i> .	1749 Sept., <i>Spencer Phips</i> .
1701 July, The Council.	1753 William Shirley.
1702 June, Joseph Dudley.	1756 Sept., <i>Spencer Phips</i> .
1714-15 Feb., The Council.	1757 April, The Council.
1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley.	1757 Aug., Thomas Pownal.
1715 Nov., <i>William Tailer</i> .‡	1760 June, <i>Thomas Hutchinson</i> .
1716 Oct., Samuel Shute.	1760 August, Sir Francis Bernard, Bart.
1722-23 Jan., <i>William Dummer</i> .	1769 Aug., <i>Thomas Hutchinson</i> .
1728 William Burnet.	1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson.
1728 Sept., <i>William Dummer</i> .	1774 May, Thomas Gage.

* Thomas Goffe never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

† Those whose names are printed in Italics were Acting Governors.

‡ In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

LIEUT. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton, to July, 1701	1730 William Tailer.
1702 Thomas Povey, . . . 1706	1733 Spencer Phips.
1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson.
1711 William Tailer.	1770 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.	1774 Thomas Oliver.

SINCE THE REVOLUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, . . . to 1785	1836 Edward Everett, . . to 1840
1785 James Bowdoin, . . . 1787	1840 Marcus Morton, . . . 1841
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8, 1793	1841 John Davis, . . . 1843
1794 Samuel Adams, . . . 1797	1843 Marcus Morton, . . . 1844
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7, 1799	1844 George N. Briggs, . . . 1851
1800 Caleb Strong, . . . 1807	1851 George S. Boutwell, 1853
1807 Jas. Sullivan, Dec. 10, 1808	1853 John H. Clifford, . . . 1854
1809 Christopher Gore, . . . 1810	1854 Emory Washburn, . . . 1855
1810 Elbridge Gerry, . . . 1812	1855 Henry J. Gardner, . . . 1858
1812 Caleb Strong, . . . 1816	1858 Nathaniel P. Banks, . . . 1861
1816 John Brooks, . . . 1823	1861 John A. Andrew, . . . 1866
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, . . . 1825	1866 Alexander H. Bullock, 1869
1825 Levi Lincoln, . . . 1834	1869 William Claflin, . . . 1872
1834 John Davis, March 1, 1835	1872 W. B. Washburn, . . .

LIEUT. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, Feb. 28, to 1788	1824 <i>Marcus Morton</i> , July, to 1825
1788 Benjamin Lincoln, . . . 1789	1826 Thomas L. Winthrop, 1832
1789 <i>Samuel Adams</i> ,* . . . 1794	1833 <i>Samuel T. Armstrong</i> , 1836
1794 <i>Moses Gill</i> , May 20, . . . 1800	1836 George Hull, . . . 1843
1801 Sam. Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802	1843 Henry H. Childs, . . . 1844
1802 Edward H. Robbins, 1806	1844 John Reed, . . . 1851
1807 <i>Levi Lincoln</i> ,† . . . 1809	1851 Henry W. Cushman, 1853
1809 David Cobb, . . . 1810	1853 Elisha Huntington, . . . 1854
1810 William Gray, . . . 1812	1854 William C. Plunkett, 1855
1812 William Phillips, . . . 1823	1855 Simon Brown, . . . 1856
1823 Levi Lincoln, Feb., . . . 1824	1856 Henry W. Benchley, 1858

* The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in Italics were Acting-Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

† General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

1858 Eliphalet Trask, . . to 1861	1866 William Claflin, . . to 1869
1862 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861	1869 Joseph Tucker, . . 1873
1862 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862	1873 Thomas Talbot, . .
1863 Joel Hayden, . . . 1866	

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS, From 1789 to 1873.

Caleb Strong, . . . 1789-96	Tristram Dalton, . . . 1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick, . . 1796-99	George Cabot, . . . 1791-96
Samuel Dexter, . . . 1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, . . 1796-1800
Dwight Foster, . . . 1800-03	Jonathan Mason, . . . 1800-03
John Quincy Adams, . . 1803-08	Timothy Pickering, . . 1803-11
James Lloyd, . . . 1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnum, 1811-17
Christopher Gore, . . 1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, . . 1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun, . . 1816-18	James Lloyd, . . . 1822-26
Prentiss Mellen, . . . 1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee, . . 1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills, . . 1820-27	John Davis, . . . 1835-41
Daniel Webster, . . . 1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates, . . 1841-45
Rufus Choate, . . . 1841-45	John Davis, . . . 1845-53
Daniel Webster, . . . 1845-50	Edward Everett, . . . 1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop, 1850-51	Julius Rockwell, . . . 1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., . . 1851-51	Henry Wilson, . . . 1855-
Charles Sumner, . . . 1851-	

Mr. Sumner's term will expire March 3d, 1875. Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, From 1780 to 1873.

John Avery, . . . 1780-1806	John A. Bolles, . . . 1843-44
Jonathan L. Austin, . . 1806-08	John G. Palfrey, . . . 1844-48
William Tudor, . . . 1808-10	William B. Calhoun, . . 1848-51
Benjamin Homans, . . . 1810-12	Amasa Walker, . . . 1851-53
Alden Bradford, . . . 1812-24	Ephraim M. Wright, . . 1853-56
Edward D. Bangs, . . . 1824-36	Francis DeWitt, . . . 1856-58
John P. Bigelow, . . . 1836-43	Oliver Warner, . . . 1858-

TREASURERS.

*List of Persons who have held the office of TREASURER
AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,
From 1780 to 1873.*

Henry Gardner, . . .	1780-83	Hezekiah Barnard, . . .	1832-37
Thomas Ivers, . . .	1783-87	David Wilder, . . .	1837-42
Alexander Hodgdon, . . .	1787-92	Thomas Russell, . . .	1842-43
Thomas Davis, . . .	1792-97	John Mills, . . .	1843-44
Peleg Coffin, . . .	*1797-1801	Thomas Russell, . . .	1844-45
Jonathan Jackson, . . .	1802-06	Joseph Barrett, . . .	1845-49
Thompson J. Skinner, . . .	1806-08	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . .	1849-51
Josiah Dwight, . . .	1808-10	Charles B. Hall, . . .	1851-53
Thomas Harris, . . .	1810-11	Jacob H. Loud, . . .	1853-55
Jonathan L. Austin, . . .	1811-12	Thomas J. Marsh, . . .	1855-56
John T. Apthorp, . . .	1812-17	Moses Tenney, Jr., . . .	1856-61
Daniel Sargent, . . .	1817-22	Henry K. Oliver, . . .	1861-66
Nahum Mitchell, . . .	1822-27	Jacob H. Loud, . . .	1866-71
Joseph Sewall, . . .	1827-32	Charles Adams, Jr., . . .	1871-

* Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

*List of Persons who have held the office of ATTORNEY-
GENERAL.*

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley, . . .	1692-1702	John Overing, . . .	1739-41
Paul Dudley, . . .	1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, . . .	1742
Thomas Newton, . . .	1718-21	John Overing, . . .	1743-48
John Overing, . . .	1728-32	James Otis, . . .	1748
John Read, . . .	1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge, . . .	1749-67
William Brattle, . . .	1736	Jeremiah Gridley, . . .	1767
William Brattle, . . .	1738	Jonathan Sewall, . . .	1767-69

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Robert Treat Paine, . . . 1780-90	John Henry Clifford, . . 1854-58
James Sullivan, . . . 1790-1807	Stephen Henry Phillips, 1858-61
Barnabas Bidwell, . . . 1807-10	Dwight Foster, . . . 1861-64
Perez Morton, . . . 1810-32	Chester I. Reed,† . . . 1864-67
James T. Austin, . . . 1832-43	Charles Allen, . . . 1867-72
John Henry Clifford, . . *1849-53	Charles R. Train, . . . 1872-
Rufus Choate, . . . 1853-54	

* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the office of AUDITOR OF
ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr., . . . 1849-54	Levi Reed,* . . . 1861-65
Joseph Mitchell, . . . 1854-55	Julius L. Clarke, . . . 1865-66
Stephen N. Gifford, . . . 1855-56	Henry S. Briggs, . . . 1866-69
Chandler R. Ransom, . . 1856-58	Charles Endicott, . . . 1870-
Charles White, . . . 1858-61	

* Resigned December 20, 1865. •

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the office of SECRETARY OF
THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, . . . 1837-48	George S. Boutwell, . . 1855-60
Barnas Sears, . . . 1848-55	Joseph White, . . . 1860-

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

From 1780 to 1873.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19th, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, <i>resigned</i> ,	} 1780-81	Samuel Phillips,	1799-1800
Jeremiah Powell, .		Samuel Phillips,	. 1800-01
Jeremiah Powell, .	1781-82	David Cobb,	. 1801-02
Samuel Adams, .	1782-83	David Cobb,	. 1802-03
Samuel Adams, .	1783-84	David Cobb,	. 1803-04
Samuel Adams, .	1784-85	David Cobb,	. 1804-05
Samuel Adams, <i>resigned</i> ,	} 1785-86	Harrison Gray Otis,	. 1805-06*
Samuel Phillips, Jr.,		John Bacon,	. 1806-07
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1786-87	Samuel Dana,	. 1807-08
Samuel Adams, .	1787-88	Harrison Gray Otis,	. 1808-09
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1788-89	Harrison Gray Otis,	. 1809-10
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1789-90	Harrison Gray Otis,	. 1810-11
Samuel Phillips, .	1790-91	Samuel Dana,	. 1811-12
Samuel Phillips, .	1791-92	Samuel Dana,	. 1812-13
Samuel Phillips, .	1792-93	John Phillips,	. 1813-14
Samuel Phillips, .	1793-94	John Phillips,	. 1814-15
Samuel Phillips, .	1794-95	John Phillips,	. 1815-16
Samuel Phillips, .	1795-96	John Phillips,	. 1816-17
Samuel Phillips, .	1796-97	John Phillips,	. 1817-18
Samuel Phillips, .	1797-98	John Phillips,	. 1818-19
Samuel Phillips, .	1798-99	John Phillips,	. 1819-20

John Phillips, . . .	1820-21	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1847
John Phillips, . . .	1821-22	Zeno Scudder, . . .	1848
John Phillips, . . .	1822-23	Joseph Bell, . . .	1849
Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1823-24	Marshall P. Wilder, . . .	1850
Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1824-25	Henry Wilson, . . .	1851
Nathaniel Silsbee, . . .	1825-26	Henry Wilson, . . .	1852
John Mills, . . .	1826-27	Charles H. Warren, . . .	1853
John Mills, . . .	1827-28	Charles Edward Cook, . . .	1854
Sherman Leland, . . .	1828-29	Henry W. Benchley, . . .	1855
Samuel Lathrop, . . .	1829-30	Elihu C. Baker, . . .	1856
Samuel Lathrop, . . .	1830-31	Charles W. Upham, . . .	1857
Leverett Saltonstall, . . .	1831	Charles W. Upham, . . .	1858
William Thorndike, . . .	1832	Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1859
Benj. T. Pickman, . . .	1833	Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1860
Benj. T. Pickman, . . .	1834	William Claflin, . . .	1861
Benj. T. Pickman, <i>dec'sed</i> , } . . .	1835	John H. Clifford, . . .	1862
George Bliss, . . .		Jonathan E. Field, . . .	1863
Horace Mann, . . .	1836	Jonathan E. Field, . . .	1864
Horace Mann, . . .	1837	Jonathan E. Field, . . .	1865
Myron Lawrence, . . .	1838	Joseph A. Pond, . . .	1866
Myron Lawrence, . . .	1839	Joseph A. Pond, . . .	1867
Daniel P. King, . . .	1840	George O. Brastow, . . .	1868
Daniel P. King, . . .	1841	Robert C. Pitman, <i>resigned</i> , } . . .	1869
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . .	1842	George O. Brastow, . . .	
Phincas W. Leland, <i>resi'd</i> , } . . .	1843	Horace H. Coolidge, . . .	1870
Frederick Robinson, . . .		Horace H. Coolidge, . . .	1871
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . . .	1844	Horace H. Coolidge, . . .	1872
Levi Lincoln, . . .	1845	Geo. B. Loring, . . .	1873
William B. Calhoun, . . .	1846		

CLERKS.

William Baker, Jr., . . .	1780-84	Samuel F. Lyman, . . .	1822
Samuel Cooper, . . .	1785-95	Paul Willard, . . .	1823-29
Edward McLane, . . .	1796-99	Charles Calhoun, . . .	1830-42
Edward Payne Hayman, . . .	1800	Lewis Josselyn, . . .	1843
George Elliot Vaughn, . . .	1801-02	Charles Calhoun, . . .	1844-50
Wendell Davis, . . .	1803-05	Chauncey L. Knapp, . . .	1851
John D. Dunbar, . . .	1806-07	Francis H. Underwood, . . .	1852
Nathaniel Coffin, . . .	1808-10	Charles Calhoun, . . .	1853-54
Marcus Morton, . . .	1811-12	Peter L. Cox, . . .	1855-57
Samuel F. McCleary, . . .	1813-21	Stephen N. Gifford, . . .	1858-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

Caleb Davis,	1780-81	Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1818-19
Caleb Davis, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1781-82	Timothy Bigelow, . . .	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1782	Elijah H. Mills, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1820-21
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1782-83	Josiah Quincy,	1821
Tristram Dalton, . . .	1783-84	Josiah Quincy, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1821-22
Tristram Dalton, . . .	1784-85	Luther Lawrence,	1822
Nathaniel Gorham, . . .	1785-86	Levi Lincoln,	1822-23
Artemas Ward,	1786-87	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1823-24
James Warren,	1787-88	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1824-25
Theodore Sedgwick, . . .	1788-89	Timothy Fuller,	1825-26
David Cobb,	1789-90	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1826-27
David Cobb,	1790-91	William C. Jarvis, . . .	1827-28
David Cobb,	1791-92	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1828-29
David Cobb,	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1830
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1831
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1795-96	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1832
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1796-97	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1833
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1797-98	William B. Calhoun, . . .	1834
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1798-99	Julius Rockwell,	1835
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell,	1836
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1800-01	Julius Rockwell,	1837
Edward H. Robbins, . . .	1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1838
John Coffin Jones, . . .	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1839
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, . . .	1840
Harrison Gray Otis, . . .	1804-05	George Ashmun,	1841
Timothy Bigelow,	1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut,	1842
Perez Morton,	1806-07	Daniel P. King,	1843
Perez Morton,	1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, <i>res'n'd</i> , . . .	1844
Timothy Bigelow,	1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1844
Timothy Bigelow,	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1845
Perez Morton, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr., . . .	1846
Joseph Story,	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury, . . .	1847
Joseph Story, <i>resigned</i> , . . .	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninshield, . . .	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley, . . .	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield, . . .	1849
Timothy Bigelow,	1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg,	1850
Timothy Bigelow,	1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . . .	1851
Timothy Bigelow,	1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., . . .	1852
Timothy Bigelow,	1815-16	George Bliss,	1853
Timothy Bigelow,	1816-17	Otis P. Lord,	1854
Timothy Bigelow,	1817-18	Daniel C. Eddy,	1855

Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1856	Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1865
Charles A. Phelps, . . .	1857	James M. Stone, . . .	1866
Julius Rockwell, . . .	1858	James M. Stone, . . .	1867
Charles Hale, . . .	1859	Harvey Jewell, . . .	1868
John A. Goodwin, . . .	1860	Harvey Jewell, . . .	1869
John A. Goodwin, . . .	1861	Harvey Jewell, . . .	1870
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1862	Harvey Jewell, . . .	1871
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1863	John E. Sanford, . . .	1872
Alexander H. Bullock, . . .	1864	John E. Sanford, . . .	1873

CLERKS.

Andrew Henshaw, . . .	1780-81	Charles W. Storey, . . .	1844-50
George Richards Minot, . . .	1782-91	Lewis Josselyn, . . .	1851-52
Henry Warren, . . .	1792-1802	William Schouler, . . .	1853
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . .	1803-05	William Stowe, . . .	1854
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, . . .	1806-07	Henry A. Marsh, . . .	1855
Nicholas Tillinghast, . . .	1808-09	W. E. P. Haskell, . . .	1856
Chas. Pinckney Sumner, . . .	1810-11	William Stowe, . . .	1857-61
Benjamin Pollard, . . .	1812-21	William S. Robinson, . . .	1862-73
Pelham W. Warren, . . .	1822-31	Charles H. Taylor, . . .	1873-
Luther S. Cushing, . . .	1832-43		

T A B L E

Showing the length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the No. of Representatives in each year since 1832.

YEAR.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1832,	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1833,	2.	28.	86 "	574
1834,	1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1835,*	7.	8.	92 "	615
1836,	6.	16.	102 "	619
1837,	4.	20.	107 "	635
1838,	3.	25.	113 "	480
1839,	2.	10.	99 "	521
1840,	1.	March 24.	84 "	521
1841,	6.	18.	72 "	397
1842,*	5.	3.	58 "	336
1843,	4.	24.	80 "	352
1844,	3.	16.	74 "	321
1845,	1.	26.	85 "	271
1846,	7.	April 16.	100 "	264
1847,	6.	16.	111 "	255
1848,*	5.	May 10.	127 "	272
1849,	3.	2.	120 "	263

* There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; and one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent upon the rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation is necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9th and 10th.

TABLE—Concluded.

YEAR.	Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1850,	January 2.	May 3.	122 days.	297
1851,	1.	24.	146 "	396
1852,	7.	22.	137 "	402
1853,	5.	25.	142 "	288
1854,	4.	April 29.	116 "	310
1855,	3.	May 21.	138 "	380
1856,	1.	June 6.	158 "	329
1857,*	7.	May 30.	144 "	357
1858,	6.	March 27.	81 "	240
1859,*	5.	April 6.	92 "	240
1860,*	4.	4.	92 "	240
1861,*	2.	11.	100 "	240
1862,	1.	30.	120 "	240
1863,*	7.	29.	113 "	240
1864,	6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865,	4.	17.	137 "	240
1866,	3.	30.	147 "	240
1867,	2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868,	1.	12.	164 "	240
1869,	6.	24.	170 "	240
1870,	5.	23.	170 "	240
1871,	4.	May 31.	148 "	240
1872,*	3.	7.	126 "	240

* See note on preceding page.

JUDICIARY.

*Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of
Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.**

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1692. William Stoughton, . .	1701. Resigned.	1701.
1702. Isaac Addington, . .	1703. Resigned.	1715.
1708. Wait Winthrop, . .	1717.	1717.
1718. Samuel Sewall, . .	1728. Resigned.	1730.
1729. Benjamin Lynde, . .	1745.	1745.
1745. Paul Dudley, . .	1751.	1751.
1752. Stephen Sewall, . .	1760.	1760.
1761. Thomas Hutchinson, . .	1769. Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769. Benjamin Lynde, . .	1771. Resigned.	1781.
1772. Peter Oliver, . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1791.

JUDGES.

1692. Thomas Danforth, . .	1699.	1699.
1692. Wait Winthrop, . .	1701. Resigned.	1717.
1692. John Richards, . .	1694.	1694.
1693. Samuel Sewall, . .	1718. Appointed Chief Justice.	1730.
1695. Elisha Cooke, . .	1702. Removed.	1715.
1700. John Walley, . .	1712.	1712.
1701. John Saffin, . .	1702. Removed.	1710.
1702. John Hathorne, . .	1712. Resigned.	1717.
1702. John Leverett, . .	1708. Resigned.	1724.
1708. Jonathan Corwin, . .	1715. Resigned.	1718.
1712. Benjamin Lynde, . .	1729. Appointed Chief Justice.	1745.
1712. Nathaniel Thomas, . .	1718. Resigned.	1718.
1715. Addington Davenport, . .	1736.	1736.
1718. Paul Dudley, . .	1745. Appointed Chief Justice.	1751.
1718. Edmund Quincy, . .	1737.	1737.
1729. John Cushing, . .	1733. Removed.	1737.

* The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1733. Jonathan Remington, . . .	1745.	1745.
1736. Richard Saltonstall, . . .	1756.	1756.
1737. Thomas Greaves, . . .	1738. Resigned.	1747.
1739. Stephen Sewall, . . .	1752. Appointed Chief Justice.	1760.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . . .	1746. Resigned.	1748.
1745. Benjamin Lynde, . . .	1769. Appointed Chief Justice.	1781.
1747. John Cushing, . . .	1771. Resigned.	1775.
1752. Chambers Russell, . . .	1766.	1766.
1756. Peter Oliver, . . .	1772. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1793.
1771. Foster Hutchinson, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . . .	1774.	1774.
1772. William Cushing, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774. William Browne, . . .	1775. Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature, and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1775. John Adams, . . .	1776. Resigned.*	1826.
1777. William Cushing, . . .	1789. Resigned †	1810.
1790. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, . . .	1791.	1791.
1791. Francis Dana, . . .	1806. Resigned.	1811.
1806. Theophilus Parsons, . . .	1813.	1813.
1814. Samuel Sewall, . . .	1814.	1814.
1814. Isaac Parker, . . .	1830.	1830.
1830. Lemuel Shaw, . . .	1860. Resigned.	1861.
1860. George Tyler Bigelow, . . .	1868. Resigned.	
1868. Reuben Atwater Chapman, . . .		

JUSTICES.

1775. William Cushing, . . .	1777. Appointed Chief Justice.	1810.
1775. Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, . . .	1790. Appointed Chief Justice.	1791.
1775. William Reed . . .	1776. Superseded.	1780.
1775. Robert Treat Paine, . . .	1776. Superseded.	1814.

* Mr. Adams never took his seat on the Bench.

† Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1776. Jedediah Foster, . . .	1779.	1779.
1776. James Sullivan, . . .	1782. Resigned.	1808.
1777. David Sewall, . . .	1789. Resigned.*	1825.
1782. Increase Sumner, . . .	1797. Elected Governor.	1799.
1785. Francis Dana, . . .	1791. Appointed Chief Justice.	1811.
1790. Robert Treat Paine, . . .	1804. Resigned.	1814.
1790. Nathan Cushing, . . .	1800. Resigned.	1812.
1792. Thomas Dawes, . . .	1802. Resigned.	1825.
1797. Theophilus Bradbury, . . .	1803. Removed.	1803.
1800. Samuel Sewall, . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1814.
1801. Simeon Strong, . . .	1805.	1805.
1801. George Thacher, . . .	1824. Resigned.	1824.
1802. Theodore Sedgwick, . . .	1813.	1813.
1806. Isaac Parker, . . .	1814. Appointed Chief Justice.	1830.
1813. Charles Jackson, . . .	1823. Resigned.	1855.
1814. Daniel Dewey, . . .	1815.	1815.
1814. Samuel Putnam, . . .	1842. Resigned.	1853.
1815. Samuel Sumner Wilde, . . .	1850. Resigned.	1855.
1824. Levi Lincoln, . . .	1825. Elected Governor.	1868.
1825. Marcus Morton, . . .	1840. Elected Governor.	1864.
1837. Charles Augustus Dewey, . . .	1866.	1866.
1842. Samuel Hubbard, . . .	1847.	1847.
1848. Charles Edward Forbes, . . .	1848. Resigned.	
1848. Theron Metcalf, . . .	1865. Resigned.	
1848. Richard Fletcher, . . .	1853. Resigned.	1869.
1850. George Tyler Bigelow, . . .	1860. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1852. Caleb Cushing, . . .	1853. Resigned.†	
1853. Benj. Franklin Thomas, . . .	1859. Resigned.	
1853. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1864. Resigned.	1867.
1859. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, . . .	1869. Resigned.†	
1860. Reuben Atwater Chapman, . . .	1868. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1864. Horace Gray, Jr., . . .		
1865. James Denison Colt, . . .	1866. Resigned.	
1866. Dwight Foster, . . .	1869. Resigned.	
1866. John Wells, . . .		
1868. James Denison Colt, . . .		
1869. Seth Ames, . . .		
1869. Marcus Morton, . . .		

* Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

† Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States.

*Justices of the Court of Common Pleas from its establishment
in 1820 until its abolition in 1859.*

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1820. Artemas Ward, . . .	1839. Resigned.	1847.
1839. John Mason Williams, . .	1844. Resigned.	1868.
1844. Daniel Wells, . . .	1854.	1854.
1854. Edward Mellen, . . .	1859.	

JUSTICES.

1820. Solomon Strong, . . .	1842. Resigned.	1850.
1820. John Mason Williams, . .	1839. Appointed Chief Justice.	1868.
1820. Samuel Howe, . . .	1828.	1828.
1828. David Cummins, . . .	1844. Resigned.	1855.
1839. Charles Henry Warren, . .	1844. Resigned.	
1842. Charles Allen, . . .	1844. Resigned.	1869.
1843. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1848. Resigned.	1867.
1844. Joshua Holyoke Ward, . .	1848.	1848.
1844. Emery Washburn, . . .	1847. Resigned.	
1844. Luther Stearns Cushing, . .	1848. Resigned.	1856.
1845. Harrison Gray Otis Colby, .	1847. Resigned.	1853.
1847. Charles Edward Forbes, . .	1848. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1847. Edward Mellen, . . .	1854. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1848. George Tyler Bigelow, . .	1850. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1848. Jonathan Cogswell Perkins, . . .	1859.	
1848. Horatio Byington, . . .	1856.	1856.
1848. Thomas Hopkinson, . . .	1849. Resigned.	1856.
1849. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, .	1855. Resigned.	
1850. Pliny Merrick, . . .	1853. Appointed to Sup. Ct.	1867.
1851. Henry Walker Bishop, . . .	1859.	1871.
1853. George Nixon Briggs, . . .	1859.	1861.
1854. George Partridge Sanger, .	1859.	
1855. Henry Morris, . . .	1859.	
1856. David Aiken, . . .	1859.	

Justices of the Superior Court since its establishment in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTED.	LEFT THE BENCH.	DIED.
1859. Charles Allen, . . .	1867. Resigned.	1869.
1867. Seth Ames, . . .	1869. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1869. Lincoln Flagg Brigham, .		

JUSTICES.

1859. Julius Rockwell, . . .		
1859. Otis Phillips Lord, . . .		
1859. Marcus Morton, Jr., . .	1869. Appointed to Supreme Court.	
1859. Seth Ames, . . .	1867. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1859. Ezra Wilkinson, . . .		
1859. Henry Vose, . . .	1869.	1869.
1859. Thomas Russell, . . .	1867. Resigned.	
1859. John Phelps Putnam, . .		
1859. Lincoln Flagg Brigham, .	1869. Appointed Chief Justice.	
1867. Chester Isham Reed, . .	1871. Resigned.	
1867. Charles Devens, Jr., . .		
1869. Henry Austin Scudder, .	1872. Resigned.	
1869. Francis Henshaw Dewey,		
1869. Robert Carter Pitman, . .		
1871. John W. Bacon, . . .		
1872. William Allen, . . .		

Present Organization of the Courts.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Reuben A. Chapman, of Monson, <i>Chief Justice</i> , . . .	Salary, \$6,500
Horace Gray, Jr., of Boston, <i>Justice</i> ,	" 6,000
John Wells, of Brookline, "	" 6,000

James D. Colt, of Pittsfield, <i>Justice</i>,	.	.	.	.	Salary, \$6,000
Seth Ames, of Brookline,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000
Marcus Morton, of Andover,	"	.	.	.	" 6,000

Superior Court.

Lincoln F. Brigham, of Salem, <i>Chief Justice</i> ,	.	.	.	Salary, \$5,300
Julius Rockwell, of Lenox, <i>Justice</i> ,	.	.	.	" 5,000
Otis P. Lord, of Salem,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Ezra Wilkinson, of Dedham,	"	.	.	" 5,000
John P. Putnam, of Boston,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Charles Devens, Jr., of Worcester,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Francis H. Dewey, of Worcester,	"	.	.	" 5,000
Robert C. Pitman, of New Bedford,	"	.	.	" 5,000
John W. Bacon, of Natick,	"	.	.	" 5,000
William Allen, of Northampton,	"	.	.	" 5,000

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county, but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each others' duties.

The names of the judges, registers and assistant registers may be found among the list of County Officers.

Police Courts and Municipal Courts.

BOSTON.—(Municipal Court.) Mellen Chamberlain, *Chief Justice*. Joseph M. Churchill and William E. Parmenter, *Associate Justices*; salary, \$3,000 each. *Special Justice*, William J. Forsaith. *Clerks*, William T. Connolly, civil side; salary, \$2,500. John C. Leighton, criminal side; salary \$2,500. *Assistant Clerk*, ———; salary, \$800. SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Peter S. Wheelock; salary, \$2,500. *Special Justices*, Ira Allen, Solomon A. Bolster. *Clerk*, Alfred Williams; salary, \$1,500. DORCHESTER DISTRICT.—*Justice*, Joseph R. Churchill; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher.

CAMBRIDGE.—*Justice*, John S. Ladd; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Woodward Emery, H. W. Muzzey. *Clerk*, Thomas McIntire, Jr.; salary, \$800.

CHARLESTOWN.—*Justice*, Geo. W. Warren; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Bragg, John W. Pettengill. *Clerk*, Daniel Williams; salary, \$1,000.

CHELSEA.—*Justice*, Hamlet Bates; salary, \$1,300. *Special Justices* Erastus Rugg, Hosea Ilsley.

CHICOPEE.—*Justice*, Edwin O. Carter; salary, \$900. *Special Justice*, Simon G. Southworth.

FALL RIVER.—*Justice*, Louis Lapham; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justice*, James Ford. *Clerk*, Augustus B. Leonard; salary, \$1,000.

FITCHBURG.—*Justice*, Thornton K. Ware; salary, \$1,300. *Special Justices*, David H. Merriam, Edward P. Loring. *Clerk*, George W. Cann; salary, \$500.

GLOUCESTER.—*Justice*, James Davis; salary, \$800. *Special Justice*, Elbridge G. Friend.

HAVERHILL.—*Justice*, Henry Carter; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Alfred Kittredge, William E. Blunt. *Clerk*, Edward C. Dubois; salary, \$800.

HOLYOKE.—*Justice*, Joseph P. Buckland; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, Porter Underwood, W. B. C. Pearsons.

LAWRENCE.—*Justice*, William Stevens; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, William H. P. Wright, Gilbert E. Hood. *Clerk*, Charles E. Briggs; salary, \$800.

LEE.—*Justice*, Isaac C. Ives; salary, \$400. *Special Justices*, James Bullard, Franklin W. Gibbs.

LOWELL.—*Justice*, Nathan Crosby; salary, \$2,200. *Special Justices*, George Stevens, John Davis. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Hadley;; salary, \$1,200.

LYNN.—*Justice*, James R. Newhall; salary, \$1,800. *Special Justices*, Nathan M. Hawkes, Rollin E. Harmon. *Clerk*, Henry C. Oliver; salary, \$1,000.

MILFORD.—*Justice*, Charles A. Dewey; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justices*, James R. Davis, Elias Whitney.

NEW BEDFORD.—*Justice*, Alanson Borden; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Edmund Anthony, W. W. Crapo. *Clerk*, Francis L. Porter; salary, \$800.

NEWBURYPORT.—*Justice*, William E. Currier; salary, \$900. *Special Justices*, Henry W. Chapman, John N. Pike. *Clerk*, E. F. Bartlett; salary, \$500.

SALEM.—*Justice*, Joseph G. Waters; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, Stephen P. Webb, J. B. F. Osgood. *Clerk*, Samuel P. Andrews; salary, \$900.

SOMERVILLE.—*Justice*, Isaac Story; salary, \$1,200. *Clerk*, Lebbeus Stetson; salary, \$800.

SPRINGFIELD.—*Justice*, James H. Morton; salary, \$2,000. *Special Justices*, Gideon Wells, Samuel B. Spooner. *Clerk*, Charles C. Spelman; salary, \$1,000.

TAUNTON.—(Municipal Court.) *Justice*, William H. Fox; salary,

\$1,200. *Special Justice*, William E. Fuller. *Clerk*, James P. Ellis; salary, \$800.

WILLIAMSTOWN.—*Justice*, John R. Bulkley; salary, \$300. *Special Justices*, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Pittsfield and Richmond.)—*Justice*, Henry S. Briggs; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justices*, John Tatlock, Lyman Paine. *Clerk*, Walter B. Smith; salary, \$600.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, Savoy, Florida and Cheshire.)—*Justice*, Jarvis Rockwell; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, William F. Darley. *Clerk*, Lyman F. Flag; salary, \$800.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mt. Washington, Monterey and New Marlborough.)—*Justice*, James Bradford; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, James H. Rowley, Rensselaer N. Couch. *Clerk*, Thomas Siggins; salary, \$300.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (courts held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster.)—*Justice*, Clark Jillson; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justices*, Frederick W. Botham, William H. Davis.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury; court held in Worcester.)—*Justice*, Hartley Williams; salary, \$3,000. *Special Justices*, Samuel Utley, George M. Woodward. *Clerk*, Theodore S. Johnson; salary, \$2,500.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton; courts held in Westborough and Grafton.)—*Justice*, James W. White; salary, \$800.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton, Boxborough; court held in Ayer.)—*Justice*, Josiah K. Bennett; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justice*, John Spaulding.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge; courts held in Blackstone and Uxbridge.)—*Justice*, Arthur A. Putnam; salary, \$1,200. *Special Justice*, Zadok A. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon, and Upton; court held in Milford.)—*Justice*, Charles A. Dewey; salary, \$1,600. *Special Justice*, James R. Davis.

EAST NORFOLK (jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy and Holbrook; court held in Quincy.) *Justice*, Everett C. Bumpus; salary, \$1,500. *Special Justices*, James A. Tower, Solomon J. Beal. *Clerk*, J. White Belcher; salary, \$500.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland, Wales and Wilbraham; court held in Palmer.) *Justice*, James G. Allen; salary, \$1,000. *Special Justices*, George Robinson, Ira G. Potter.

District-Attorneys.

[Elected by the several Districts for terms of three years, ending January, 1875.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT.—Middlesex County, John B. Goodrich, of Newton; salary, \$2,000.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—Essex County, Edgar J. Sherman, of Lawrence; salary, \$2,000.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.—Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, George Marston, of New Bedford; salary, \$2,000.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT.—Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Asa French, of Braintree; salary, \$2,000.

MIDDLE DISTRICT.—Worcester County, William W. Rice, of Worcester; salary, \$2,000.

WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampden and Berkshire Counties, George M. Stearns, of Chicopee; salary, \$2,000.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.—Hampshire and Franklin Counties, William S. B. Hopkins, of Greenfield; salary, \$1,500.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.—J. Wilder May, of Boston; salary, \$5,000. Horace R. Cheney, Assistant-Attorney; salary, \$2,500.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers, are elected by the people of the several Counties for terms of *three* years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1875, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers, in January, 1874. (See page 219.)

Registers of Probate and Insolvency, and Clerks of Courts, are elected for terms of *five* years. The current term of the former expires in January, 1874; that of the latter in 1876.

Registers of Deeds and Clerks of Courts are paid by fees. Sheriffs and County Treasurers are, by Sections 37 and 70 of Chapter 17 of the General Statutes, paid by fixed salaries.

County Commissioners are elected one annually, and several for terms of *three* years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1874.

By Section 29 of Chapter 17 of the General Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several Counties are paid a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.

By the provisions of Section 33 of Chapter 120 of the General Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace, as Trial Justices in the several Counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.

By the provisions of Chapter 187 of the Acts of 1860, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission as Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1685.

Shire Town, BARNSTABLE.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Joseph M. Day, Barnstable,	\$900
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jonathan Higgins, Orleans,	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —David Bursley, Barnstable,	500
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —James B. Crocker, Yarmouth.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Samuel Higgins, Chatham,	500
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Frederick Scudder, Barnstable.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,300),—	
James S. Howes, Dennis, . . . Term expires, December, 1873	
Elijah E. Knowles, Eastham, . . . “ “ “ 1874	
Eben S. Whittemore, Sandwich, . . . “ “ “ 1875	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
William A. Atkins, Provincetown, Term expires, December, 1874	
Tully Crosby, Brewster, . . . “ “ “ 1874	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —James B. Crocker, Yarmouth; Richard S. Wood, Falmouth; Marshall S. Underwood, Dennis; E. Stowell Whittemore, Sandwich; Theodore F. Basset, Hyannis; Smith K. Hopkins, North Truro; George T. Wyer, Wellfleet; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich Port.	

BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1761.

Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —James T. Robinson, Adams,	\$1,200
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —A. J. Waterman, Lenox,	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —Graham A. Root, Pittsfield,	1,300
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Henry W. Taft, Lenox,	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —George J. Tucker, Lenox,	1,500
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —North District, Herbert C. Fuller, Adams; Middle District, George J. Tucker, Lenox; South District, Isaac Seeley, Great Barrington.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,700),—	
Charles J. Kittredge, Hinsdale,	Term expires, December, 1873
Henry J. Bliss, South Adams,	“ “ “ 1874
Justin Dewey, Jr.,	“ “ “ 1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Emmons Arnold, Sheffield,	Term expires, December, 1874
John B. Wells, Cheshire,	“ “ “ 1874
<i>Trial Justices</i> —William S. Tucker, Lenox; William S. Huntington, North Becket; William C. Spaulding, West Stockbridge; Norman Strickland, Otis; Henry J. Dunham, Stockbridge.	

BRISTOL COUNTY—Incorporated, 1685.

Shire Towns, TAUNTON AND NEW BEDFORD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Edm'd H. Bennett, Taunton,	\$1,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton,	1,300
<i>Sheriff</i> —William S. Cobb, New Bedford,	1,200
<i>Clerk of Courts</i> —Simeon Borden, Fall River.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Thomas J. Lothrop, Taunton,	1,200
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —North District, Joseph Wilbar, Taunton; South District, Charles C. Sayers, New Bedford.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,500),—	
Elisha Thornton, Jr., New Bedford, Term expires, December, 1873	
Guilford H. Hathaway, Fall River,	“ “ “ 1874
Elisha T. Jackson, Taunton,	“ “ “ 1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Leonard Hodges, Norton,	Term expires, December, 1874
Daniel J. Lewis, Fairhaven,	“ “ “ 1874
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Albert A. Rotch, Easton; Jonathan B. Slade, Somerset; George H. Gifford, Westport; Erastus M. Reed, Mansfield; Mason Barney, Jr., Swansea; Ebenezer W. Pierce, Freetown; Henry Rice, North Attleborough; Viall Medbury, Seekonk.	

DUKES COUNTY—Incorporated, 1683.

Shire Towns, EDGARTOWN.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Theo. G. Mayhew, Edgartown,	\$500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Hebron Vincent, Edgartown,	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Howes Norris, Edgartown,	400
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Samuel Keniston, Edgartown,	Fees.
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Barnard C. Marchant, Edgartown,	100
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —John S. Smith, Edgartown,	100
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$400),—	
David W. Mayhew, Tisbury,	Term expires December, 1873.
Shubael Lyman Norton, Edgartown, “ “ “	1874
John W. Mayhew, Chilmark, “ “ “	1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —None chosen in 1871.	
<i>Trial Justice</i> —Jeremiah Pease, Edgartown.	

ESSEX COUNTY—Incorporated, 1634.

Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRENCE AND NEWBURYPORT.

Salary.

<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —George F. Choate, Salem,	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Abner C. Goodell, Salem,	2,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —E. D. Hines, Danvers,	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence,	1,800
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Alfred A. Abbott, Peabody,	
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —	2,100
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Allen W. Dodge, Hamilton,	1,800
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —Southern District, Ephraim Brown, Salem; Northern District, Gilbert E. Hood, Lawrence.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$4,000),—	
Jackson B. Swett, Haverhill,	Term expires, December, 1873
Charles P. Pretson, Danvers,	“ “ “ 1874
James Kimball, Salem,	“ “ “ 1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —None chosen in 1871.	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —William Fabens, Marblehead; Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich; George Turner, Amesbury; James Hill, Beverly; J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Henry Dennis, Rockport; William M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown; George H. Poor, Andover; Augustus B. Davis, Saugus; George W. Cate, Salisbury; Benjamin C. Perkins, Peabody; Israel W. Andrews, Danvers.	

FRANKLIN COUNTY—Incorporated, 1811.

Shire Town, GREENFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Chester C. Conant, Greenfield,	\$900
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Francis M. Thompson, Greenfield,	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —Solomon C. Wells, Montague,	800
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Edward E. Lyman, Greenfield,	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Bela Kellogg, Greenfield,	900
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Humphrey Stevens, Greenfield.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,200),—	
Richard N. Oakman, Montague,	Term expires, December, 1873
George D. Crittenden, Buckland,	“ “ “ 1874
Nelson Burrows, Gill,	“ “ “ 1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
William C. Campbell, Conway,	Term expires, December, 1874
H. S. Leach, Leverett,	“ “ “ 1874
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Wendell T. Davis and Almon Brainerd, Greenfield;	
Hiram Woodward, Orange; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls;	
Albert Montague, Sunderland; Willard Putnam, New Salem;	
Joseph H. Root, George L. Barton, Montague.	

HAMPDEN COUNTY—Incorporated, 1812.

Shire Town, SPRINGFIELD.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield,	\$1,300
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel B. Spooner, Springfield,	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —Addison M. Bradley,	1,250
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —George O. Morris, Springfield,	2,000
<i>County Treasurer</i> —M. Wells Bridge, Springfield,	1,500
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —James E. Russell, Springfield.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,700),—	
George L. Townsley, Springfield,	Term expires, December, 1873
James S. Loomis Palmer,	“ “ “ 1874
William M. Lewis, Blandford,	“ “ “ 1875
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
S. G. Southworth, Chicopee,	Term expires, December, 1874
Newton S. Hubbard, Brimfield,	“ “ “ 1874
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Charles L. Gardner (Special), Palmer; Henry B. Lewis and Samuel Fowler, Westfield; Porter Underwood, Holyoke; James M. Goodwin, West Granville; William B. C. Pearsons, Holyoke; Daniel Granger, Chester.	

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated, 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —S. F. Lyman, Northampton,	\$800
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Luke Lyman, Northampton,	900
<i>Sheriff</i> —Henry A. Longley, Northampton,	1,000
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —W. P. Strickland, Northampton.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Henry S. Gere, Northampton,	800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Henry P. Billings, Hatfield.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$1,200),—	
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, Term expires, December, 1873	
Justin A. Thayer, Northampton, “ “ “	1874
S. Mills Cook, Granby, “ “ “	1875

Special Commissioners—

Elnathan Graves, Williamsburg, Term expires, December, 1873	
A. R. Owen, Belchertown, “ “ “	1874

Trial Justices—Franklin D. Richards, Ware; Charles Richards, Enfield; Franklin Dickinson, Belchertown; Oliver Pease, Amherst; Elisha H. Brewster, Worthington; R. Ogden Dwight, South Hadley; A. Perry Peck, Northampton; William G. Bassett, Easthampton; Garry Munson, Huntington; Francis H. Dawes, Cummington.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Incorporated, 1643.

Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Geo. M. Brooks, Concord,	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jos. H. Tyler, East Cambridge,	2,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —Isaac F. Jones, East Cambridge,	1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —Charles Kimball, Lowell,	2,200
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Theodore C. Hurd, Framingham,	2,500
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —John J. Sawyer, Somerville,	2,100
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Amos Stone, Charlestown,	2,000
<i>Registers of Deeds</i> —North District, Ithamar W. Beard, Lowell;	
South District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> * (compensation, \$4,800),—	
Joseph H. Waitt, Malden, Term expires, December, 1873	
Harrison Harwood, Natick, “ “ “	1874
Leonard Huntress, Tewksbury, “ “ “	1875

* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Wintthrop, in the county of Suffolk.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Concluded.

Special Commissioners—

Lyman Dike, Stoneham, . . . Term expires, December, 1874
 Samuel Staples, Concord, . . . “ “ “ 1874

Trial Justices—Josiah Rutter, Waltham; John W. Pettengill and George S. Scammon, Malden; Charles Thompson, Concord; Samuel W. Rowe, Groton; Luther Prescott, Westford; John A. Fitch, Hopkinton; Francis Tufts, Somerville; David Heard, Wayland; Stephen W. Trowbridge, Brighton; George C. Travis, Holliston; Dexter Bucknam, Stoneham; George L. Sleeper and Newton Morse, Natick; Colman S. Adams, Framingham; Andrew H. Briggs, Melrose; Leonard Huntress (Special), Tewksbury; James T. Joslin, Hudson; Benjamin F. Hayes, Medford; Asahel Balcom, Maynard; Augustus E. Scott, Lexington; Parker L. Converse, Woburn; Ira O. Carter, Arlington; Henderson J. Edwards, Watertown; Joseph Bennett, Brighton; Otis V. Waterman, Wakefield; J. Newton Pike, Ashland; William F. Slocum, Newton; James Gerrish, Shirley; Nahum Witherbee, Marlborough.

NANTUCKET COUNTY—Incorporated, 1695.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —James M. Bunker, . . .	\$500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Samuel Swain, . . .	600
<i>Sheriff</i> —Joseph McCleave,	300
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —George W. Jenks.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Samuel Swain.	
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —William H. Macy.	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Frederic A. Chase and William H. Waitt.	

NOTE.—The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the power and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the Town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated, 1792.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —George White, Quincy, . .	\$2,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Jona. H. Cobb, Dedham, .	1,500
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —Jona. Doggett Cobb	1,100
<i>Sheriff</i> —John W. Thomas, Dedham,	1,200
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Erastus Worthington, Dedham, . .	
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —	1,500
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham, . .	1,300
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —James Foord, Dedham.	

NORFOLK COUNTY—Concluded.

County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,000),—

Galen Orr, Needham, . . .	Term expires, December, 1873
David H. Bates, Braintree, . . .	“ “ “ 1874
Nath'l F. Safford, Milton, . . .	“ “ “ 1875

Special Commissioners—

J. Q. A. Field, Quincy, . . .	Term expires, December, 1874
George P. Morey, Walpole, . . .	“ “ “ 1874

Trial Justices—Frederick D. Ely, Dedham; Charles M. S. Churchill, Milton; Emory Grover, Needham; J. White Belcher, Randolph; Charles H. Deans, West Medway; Solomon J. Beal, Cohasset; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; Geo. S. Frost, West Roxbury; Everett C. Bumpus, Weymouth; Caleb Blodgett, Jr., Stoughton; Stephen W. Richardson, Franklin; Charles H. Drew, Brookline; Samuel Warner, Wrentham.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY—Incorporated, 1655.

Shire Town, PLYMOUTH.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Wm. H. Wood, Middleboro',	\$1,300
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —D. E. Damon, Plymouth,	1,200
<i>Sheriff</i> —James Bates, Plymouth,	900
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —William H. Whitman, Plymouth.	
<i>County Treasurer</i> —William R. Sever, Plymouth,	1,000
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —William S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$2,500),—	

William P. Corthell, Abington, . . .	Term expires, December, 1873
Charles H. Paine, Halifax, . . .	“ “ “ 1874
Joseph T. Wood, Middleborough, . . .	“ “ “ 1875

Special Commissioners—

Alden S. Bradford, Kingston, . . .	Term expires, December, 1874
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover, . . .	“ “ “ 1874

Trial Justices—Cornelius B. Wood, Middleborough; William H. Osborne, East Bridgewater; Otis W. Soule, Abington; James S. Lewis, Hingham; Albert Mason, Plymouth; Caleb W. Prouty, Scituate; Lewis Holmes (also Special), Bridgewater; Jonas R. Perkins, North Bridgewater; Seth Miller, Wareham.

SUFFOLK COUNTY—Incorporated, 1643.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Isaac Ames, Boston, . . .	\$4,000
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Patrick R. Guiney, Bos-	
ton,	3,000

SUFFOLK COUNTY—Concluded.

	Salary.
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —James L. Crombie,	\$1,500
<i>Sheriff</i> —John M. Clark, Boston,	2,500
<i>Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —George C. Wilde, Boston.	
<i>Assistant-Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court</i> —George W. Nichols, Boston,	2,500
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Side)</i> —Joseph A. Willard, Boston,	2,500
<i>Clerk of Superior Court (Assistant)</i> —Edwin A. Wadleigh.	
“ “ “ <i>(Criminal Side)</i> —Henry Homer, Boston.	
<i>City and County Treasurer</i> —Frederic U. Tracy, Boston.	
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Thomas F. Temple, Boston.	
<i>Trial Justice</i> —Jonathan Harrington, Revere.	

NOTE.—In the City of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out or discontinuing highways. The Treasurer of the City of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

WORCESTER COUNTY—Incorporated, 1731.

Shire Towns, WORCESTER AND FITCHBURG.

	Salary.
<i>Judge of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Henry Chapin, Worcester, .	\$2,500
<i>Register of Probate and Insolvency</i> —Chas. E. Stevens, Worcester,	2,000
<i>Assistant-Register</i> —Frederick W. Southwick, Worcester.	
<i>Sheriff</i> —Augustus B. R. Sprague, Worcester,	2,000
<i>Clerk of the Courts</i> —Joseph Mason, Worcester.	
<i>Assistant-Clerk</i> —John A. Dana, Worcester,	2,100
<i>County Treasurer</i> —Charles A. Chase, Worcester,	1,800
<i>Register of Deeds</i> —Alexander H. Wilder, Worcester.	
<i>County Commissioners</i> (compensation, \$4,000),—	
J. Warren Bigelow, Rutland, Term expires, December, 1873	
William O. Brown, Fitchburg, “ “ “ 1874	
Velorus Taft, Upton, “ “ “ 1875	
<i>Special Commissioners</i> —	
Henry E. Rice, Barre, Term expires, December, 1874	
Silas Holman, Bolton, “ “ “ 1874	
<i>Trial Justices</i> —Edwin Woods, Barre; J. F. Hitchcock, Warren; Zadoc A. Taft, Uxbridge; Luther Hill, Spencer; James W. White, Grafton; Samuel Clark, Northborough; Samuel W. Heath, East	

Douglas; E. Wyman Stone, Templeton; Charles H. Merriam, Leominster; George S. Duell, Brookfield; George A. Flagg, Millbury; Henry C. Rice, Worcester; James P. Fay, Hardwick; Franklin R. Haskell, Athol; Bethuel Ellis, Winchendon; Curtis Beeman, Westborough; Joseph H. Gleason, Holden; Daniel Stone, North Dana; Thomas E. Glazier, Gardner; Christopher C. Stone, Clinton; Albert Hinds, West Boylston; Silas A. Burgess, Blackstone.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 220 of Acts of 1863, and chap. 263 of Acts of 1866.]

Members ex officio.

His Excellency William B. Washburn.

His Honor Thomas Talbot.

Hon. Oliver Warner, *Secretary of the Commonwealth.*

Hon. William S. Clark. *President Mass. Agricultural College.*

Appointed by the Governor and Council.

Louis Agassiz, of Cambridge,	.	.	.	.	Term expires, 1873.
Marshall P. Wilder, of Boston,	.	.	.	“	“ 1874.
James F. C. Hyde, of Newton,	.	.	..	“	“ 1875.

Chosen by the County Societies.

Massachusetts, Charles S. Sargent, of Brookline,	Term expires, 1874.
Essex, George B. Loring, of Salem,	“ “ 1875.
Middlesex, John B. Moore, of Concord,	“ “ 1876.
“ North, Jonathan Ladd, of Lowell,	“ “ 1874.
“ South, Joseph L. Sturtevant, of South Framingham,	“ “ 1875.
Worcester, O. B. Hadwen, of Worcester,	“ “ 1875.
“ West, Thomas P. Root, of Barre,	“ “ 1875.
“ North, E. T. Miles, of Fitchburg,	“ “ 1875.
“ North-west, F. F. Fay, of Athol,	“ “ 1874.
“ South, Newton S. Hubbard, of Brimfield,	“ “ 1874.
“ South-east, William Knowlton, of Upton,	“ “ 1873.

Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Elnathan Graves, of Williamsburg,	Term expires, 1876.
Hampshire, Levi Stockbridge, of Amherst, . .	" " 1874.
Highland, J. McElwain, of Middlefield, . .	" " 1875.
Hampden, Horace M. Sessions, of Wilbraham, .	" " 1876.
" East, Horace P. Wakefield, of Monson, .	" " 1876.
Union, E. W. Boise, of Blandford,	" " 1874.
Franklin, Thomas L. Allis, of Conway. . . .	" " 1874.
Berkshire, Ensign H. Kellogg, of Pittsfield, .	" " 1876.
Hoosac Valley, John M. Cole, of Williamstown, .	" " 1876.
Housatonic, Richard Goodman, of Lenox, . .	" " 1873.
Norfolk, Eliphalet Stone, of Dedham,	" " 1874.
Hingham, Albert Fearing, of Hingham, . . .	" " 1873.
Bristol; Avery P. Slade, of Somerset,	" " 1872.
" Central, John A. Hawes, of Fairhaven, . .	" " 1876.
Plymouth, Charles G. Davis, of Plymouth, . .	" " 1875.
Marshfield, George M. Baker, of Marshfield, .	" " 1873.
Barnstable, S. B. Phinney, of Barnstable, . .	" " 1874.
Nantucket, Andrew M. Myrick, of Nantucket, .	" " 1875.
Martha's Vineyard, Herman Vincent, of Chilmark, .	" " 1874.

Charles L. Flint, Secretary.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieut. Governor, *ex officio*, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Edward B. Gillett, Westfield,	Term expires, 1873.
John D. Philbrick, Boston,	" " 1874.
Phillips Brooks, Boston,	" " 1876.
Henry Chapin, Worcester,	" " 1876.
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston,	" " 1877.
Gardiner G. Hubbard, Cambridge. . . .	" " 1878.
William Rice, Springfield,	" " 1879.
C. C. Esty, Framingham,	" " 1880.

Joseph White, Secretary and Treasurer. Office in the Library.

Samuel C. Jackson, Assistant-Secretary.

Abner J. Phelps, West Medford, General Agent.

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

INSURANCE.—Julius L. Clarke, Newton. Deputy, Stephen H. Rhodes, Taunton.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES.—Samuel G. Howe, Boston, *Chairman*; F. B. Sanborn, Springfield; Edward Earle, Worcester; Moses Kimball, Boston; Nathan Allen, Lowell. *General Agent*, Stephen C. Wrightington, Fall River; *Secretary*, Edward L. Pierce, Boston. Office, State House.

ON PUBLIC LANDS.—Franklin Haven, Boston; E. C. Purdy, Somerville; Samuel D. Warren, Boston.

OF PRISONS.—John W. Candler, Brookline; Daniel P. Noyes, Brookline; Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence. Joshua Coit, *Secretary*. Office, State House. *Advisory Board*, M^{rs}. Hannah B. Chickering, Dedham; M^{rs}. Pauline A. Durant, Needham; M^{rs}. Clara T. Leonard, Springfield.

SAVINGS BANKS.—F. M. Stone, Waltham. Office, State House.

CAPE COD HARBOR.—Paul Hill, James Gifford, George Marston.

INSPECTOR OF LEATHER.—George C. Hodgdon, Salem.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GASMETERS.—Charles W. Hinman, Boston.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH.—William Cogswell, of Salem.

INSPECTOR OF POT AND PEARL ASHES.—Moody D. Cook, Newburyport.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER.—George W. Cram, Boston.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON.—Jacob G. Pierce, Milton; Elias E. Davison, Boston. (Chap. 176, Acts of 1862.)

CATTLE.—Levi Stockbridge, Amherst; Horace W. Jordan, Brighton. Elisha F. Thayer, West Newton.

POLICE.—John W. Kimball, Fitchburg; Martin Griffin, Boston; James L. Bates, Weymouth.

STATE DIRECTORS OF BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD.—Avery Plumer, Boston; Moses Kimball, Boston; Joseph H. Chadwick, Boston; Isaac H. Ross, Holden; Wm. H. Murray, Pittsfield.

DIRECTOR OF BOSTON, HARTFORD AND ERIE RAILROAD CO.—Edward W. Kinsley, Boston. *Agent concerning flats of Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad*, Edward S. Philbrick, Brookline.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS.—Charles T. Jackson, Boston; S. Dana Hayes, Brookline; Augustus A. Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge.

HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.—William T. Grammer, Woburn; Josiah Quincy, Boston; F. W. Lincoln, Boston; Darwin E. Ware, Marblehead; Joshua N. Marshall, Lowell.

STATE LIQUOR COMMISSIONER.—Marshall S. Underwood, Dennis.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS.—S. Dana Hayes, Brookline.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.—Francis M. Johnson, Charles F. Adams, Jr., Albert D. Briggs. *Clerk*, William A. Crafts. Office, No. 7 Pemberton Square.

INLAND FISHERIES.—Theodore Lyman, Brookline; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester; Asa French, Braintree.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—Henry I. Bowditch, Boston; Warren Sawyer, Boston; Robert T. Davis, Fall River; Richard Frothingham, Charlestown; P. Emery Aldrich, Worcester; Gustavus V. Fox, Lowell; George Derby, Boston, *Secretary*.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS.—Henry K. Oliver, Salem. *Clerk*, George E. McNeil, Boston. Office, State House.

COMMISSIONER OF CORPORATIONS.—Daniel A. Gleason. Office, State House.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a Board of Five Trustees, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year.

Worcester.

Samuel E. Sewall, Melrose 1873; Robert W. Hooper, Boston, 1874; William S. Lincoln, Worcester, 1875; Henry Chapin, Worcester, 1876; John D. Washburn, Worcester, 1877.

Superintendent.—Bernard D. Eastman, M. D.

Taunton.

Charles Edward Cook, Boston, 1873; LeBaron Russell, Boston, 1874; Charles R. Atwood, Taunton, 1875; George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1876; Oliver Ames, Easton, 1877.

Superintendent.—William W. Godding, M. D.

Northampton.

Edward Hitchcock, Amherst, 1873; Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1874; Eliphalet Trask, Springfield, 1875; Henry L. Sabin, Williams-town, 1876; Edmund H. Sawyer, Easthampton, 1877.

Superintendent.—Pliny Earle, M. D.

STATE REFORM SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

At Westborough.

[Established, 1847.]

The government consists of a Board of seven Trustees, appointed by the Governor and Council.

Trustees.—Eli A. Hubbard, Springfield, 1873; John W. Olmstead, Boston, 1873; Stephen G. Deblois, Boston, 1874; John Ayres, Medford, 1874; George C. Davis, Northborough, 1875; Lucius W. Pond, Worcester, 1875; Moses H. Sargent, Newton, 1876.

Superintendent.—Benjamin Evans. *Treasurer.*—George C. Davis.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

At Lancaster.

[Established, 1855.]

The government is constituted like that of the State Reform School.

Trustees—Richard H. Stearns, Boston, 1873; Frank B. Fay, Chelsea, 1873; George B. Emerson, Boston, 1874; John L. S. Thompson, Lancaster, 1874; Horace J. Adams, Lowell, 1875; Albert Tolman, Worcester, 1875; Robert O. Fuller, Cambridge, 1876.

Superintendent.—Marcus Ames. *Treasurer*.—Frank B. Fay, Chelsea.

Advisory Board (Act of 1868).—Annie T. Endicott, Boston, 1873; Mary S. Lamson, Winchester, 1874; Mary B. Claflin, Newton, 1875.

MASSACHUSETTS EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

At Boston.

[By Resolves 1872, ch. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by Governor.

Trustees.—Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR IDIOTIC AND FEEBLE-MINDED YOUTH.

At South Boston.

Board of twelve Trustees, six of whom are appointed by the Governor and Council (chap. 150, Acts of 1850, and Resolves, chap. 66, of 1861), viz. :—

John Flint, Boston; Josiah Bartlett, Concord; James B. Congdon, New Bedford; Henry G. Denny, Dorchester; Lewis Allen, Peabody; Edwin Morton, Boston.

Eight additional Trustees are appointed by the Corporation.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND.

At South Boston.

Trustees.—Benjamin S. Rotch, George S. Hale, E. R. Mudge, Francis Brooks.

STATE PRISON.

At Charlestown.

Three Inspectors; one to be appointed annually, by the Governor and Council, for a term of three years.

Inspectors.—Eugene L. Norton, Charlestown, 1873; Harmon Hall, Saugus, 1874; Weston Lewis, Boston, 1875.

Warden.—Samuel E. Chamberlain, appointed December, 1871; *Deputy-Warden*, Almon Hale; *Clerk*, William Peirce; *Physician*, John G. Dearborn; *Chaplain*, William W. Colburn.

Agent for Discharged Convicts.—Daniel Russell.

STATE ALMSHOUSE.

The Board of Inspectors consists of three members; one member to be appointed annually. Salary, \$100 per annum, and travelling expenses.

Terksbury.

Inspectors.—Benj. C. Perkins, Peabody; Geo. P. Elliot, Billerica; Francis H. Nourse, Lowell.

Superintendent, Thomas J. Marsh; *Physician*, Joseph D. Nichols; *Assistant-Physician*, Helen M. Marsh.

By chap. 45 of the Acts of 1872, the state almshouses at Bridgewater and Monson were discontinued, and the buildings to be used for the following purposes:—

STATE WORKHOUSE.

At Bridgewater.

Inspectors.—Joshua E. Crane, Bridgewater; Joseph B. Thaxter, Hingham; John B. Hathaway, Fall River.

Superintendent.—Nahum Leonard, Jr.; *Physician*, Samuel Young.

STATE PRIMARY SCHOOL.

At Monson.

Inspectors.—Thomas Rice, Shrewsbury; Gordon M. Fisk, Palmer; Eleazer Porter, Hadley.

Superintendent and Physician.—Horace P. Wakefield.

COLLEGES IN THE COMMONWEALTH, WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

Corporation.

CHARLES W. ELIOT, *President.*

Fellows.

John A. Lowell,	Hon. George T. Bigelow,
Rev. George Putnam,	Nathaniel Thayer.
Hon. Francis B. Crowninshield,	
Hon. Nathaniel Silsbee, <i>Treasurer.</i>	

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. John H. Clifford, *President of the Board.*

Ex Officio Members.

Charles W. Eliot, *President of the University.*
Hon. Nathaniel Silsbee, *Treasurer of the University.*

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires, June, 1873.]

Ralph Waldo Emerson,	Henry Lee,
Rev. Seth Sweetser,	Hon Francis E. Parker.
J. Ingersoll Bowditch,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1874.]

Hon. E. R. Hoar,	Samuel A. Green, M. D.,
Hon. John H. Clifford,	George O. Shattuck.
Theodore Lyman,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1875.]

Rev. Edward E. Hale,	William G. Russell,
Hon. Charles F. Adams,	Waldo Higginson.
Hon. William A. Richardson,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1876.]

Rev. James Walker,	Henry W. Paine,
John C. Ropes,	Rev. Phillips Brooks.
Hon. Martin Brimmer,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1877.]

Hon. R. H. Dana, Jr.,	Hon George S. Hillard.
James Lawrence,	Rev. Thomas Hill.
Hon. Stephen Salisbury,	

[Term of office expires, June, 1878.]

Hon. D. E. Ware,	Edward H. Clarke, M. D.,
George W. C. Noble,	Rev. Alexander McKenzie.
Le Baron Russell, M. D.,	

Hon. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, *Secretary of the Board.*

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

PAUL A. CHADBOURNE, D.D., LL.D., *President.*

Trustees.

Rev. Mark Hopkins,	Hon. William E. Dodge,
Hon. Henry L. Sabin,	Giles B. Kellogg,
Hon. Joseph White,	Hon. Thomas Nelson,
Hon. Erastus C. Benedict,	Rev. Samuel Irenæus Prime,
Hon. William Hyde,	Hon. Francis Henshaw Dewey,
Rev. Nahum Gale,	Samuel D. Warren,
Hon. James D. Colt,	Rev. Ephraim Flint,
Rev. Robert R. Booth,	Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr.
Hon. Joseph White, <i>Treasurer and Secretary.</i>	

AMHERST COLLEGE.

Corporation.

WILLIAM A. STEARNS, D.D., LL.D., *President.*

Trustees.

Ebenezer Alden,	Hon. Alpheus Hardy,
Samuel Williston,	Nathan Allen,
Henry Edwards,	Hon. Edward B. Gillett,
Hon. Jonathan C. Perkins,	Rev. Lewis Sabin,
Hon. Alexander H. Bullock,	Rev. Richard S. Storrs, Jr.,
Rev. William P. Paine,	Samuel Bowles,
Hon. Henry Morris,	Rev. Henry Ward Beecher,
Rev. Edward S. Dwight,	Rev. Roswell Hitchcock.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

Hon. ISRAEL WASHBURN, Jr., LL.D., Portland, Me., *President*.

Trustees.

Rev. Alonzo A. Miner, D. D.,	Hon. Timothy T. Sawyer,
Rev. Thomas J. Greenwood,	Newton Talbot, Esq.,
Charles Tufts, Esq.,	Henry B. Metcalf,
James O. Curtis, Esq.,	Norman C. Munson,
Thomas Crane, Esq.,	Rev. Elmer H. Capen, A. B.,
Rev. Thomas B. Thayer, D. D.,	Charles G. Pope, A. M.,
Nathaniel Adams, Esq.,	Zebulon L. White, A. B.,
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RULES AND ORDERS
OF
THE SENATE.

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE SENATE.

Of the Duties and Powers of the President.

RULE 1. To call the members to order and cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

RULE 2. To preserve order and decorum—To speak to points of order in preference to other members—To decide all questions of order, subject to appeal—To rise in putting a question, &c., but may read sitting.

RULE 3. To declare all votes; if doubted, a return to be ordered—President may vote, but to be required to do so in certain cases only.

RULE 4. The President may vote on all questions.

RULE 5. President to order the Yeas and Nays if one-fifth of the members present require them.

RULE 6. Concerning motions when a question is under debate, and the precedence thereof.

RULE 7. Motions undebatable.

RULE 8. President to name who may speak, when two or more members rise at once.

RULE 9. President may name member to take his place—Limitation thereof.

RULE 10. In absence of President, the senior member present to call the Senate to order—The election of a President *pro tem.* to be the first business.

Of the Rights, Duties and Decorum of Members.

RULE 11. Members, when speaking, to address the President.

RULE 12. Limitation as to speaking.

RULE 13. Members not to interrupt another, except, &c.

RULE 14. Members not to speak on a question after it is put to vote.

RULE 15. Concerning the presentation of petitions, &c.

RULE 16. All motions to be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

RULE 17. Concerning the reconsideration of votes.

RULE 18. Bills, &c., to remain in Clerk's possession until the right of reconsideration has expired.

RULE 19. Division of a question to be made if desired—Motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 20. Unfinished business to have the preference.

RULE 21. Members not to vote on questions where their private rights are concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 22. Members not to absent themselves without leave, unless, &c.

RULE 23. Concerning the Yeas and Nays.

Of Committees.

RULE 24. Requiring statements to be made to Committees relative to proposed alteration of laws.

RULE 25. List of Standing Committees.

RULE 26. Committees to be appointed by the President, unless, &c.—First named to be Chairman—Substitute to hold the same rank as the original member—In elections, the person having the highest number of votes to be Chairman.

RULE 27. Order of question when motion is made to commit.

RULE 28. Reports of Committees not proposing final action, and of Committees of Conference, to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day.

RULE 29. No other than Joint or Special Committees to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave.

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 30. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been published.

RULE 31. Bills and resolves, how to be written—not to be introduced by a member without leave—When introduced, on leave, to be committed before second reading.

RULE 32. Bills, &c., from the House, to be committed, unless reported by a joint committee.

RULE 33. Bills, &c., not to be engrossed without three readings—Bills in the second and third readings to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day—Matters passed over, how disposed of.

RULE 34. Bills and resolves involving expenditure of money to be referred to the Committee on the Treasury.

RULE 35. Bills, &c., in their third reading to be committed for examination.

RULE 36. Engrossed bills, &c., to be committed for examination—Bills reported as rightly and truly engrossed not to be again read, unless, &c.

RULE 37. No engrossed bill to be amended except by unanimous consent.

RULE 38. No rejected measure to be revived—This rule to apply to House as well as Senate measures.

Elections by Ballot.

RULE 39. Elections by ballot—time to be assigned therefor.

Senate Library.

RULE 40. Books to be in care of the Clerk—Clerk to keep account of all books delivered.

Reporters.

RULE 41. Reporters—seats for, to be numbered and assigned by lot.

General Rules.

RULE 42. Seats not to be occupied by persons other than members.

RULE 43. Regulations respecting admission of persons to Senate Chamber and rooms adjoining.

RULE 44. Cushing's Manual and Cushing's Law and Practice to govern when not inconsistent with Rules and Orders.

RULE 45. Concerning the alteration, rescinding, &c., of rules.

RULES AND ORDERS.

[Numbers enclosed in brackets indicate corresponding Rules of the House.]

Of the Duties and Powers of the President.

RULE 1. [1.] The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate shall have adjourned, shall call the members to order, and on the appearance of a quorum shall proceed to business.

RULE 2. [2. 4.] He shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting.

RULE 3. [3.] He shall declare all votes; but if any member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate.

RULE 4. [5.] The President may vote on all questions.

RULE 5. [7.] When any member shall move that any question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so direct.

RULE 6. [10.] When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion but to *adjourn*, to *proceed to the consideration of the special assignment*, to *lay on the table*, to *postpone to a day certain*, to *commit*, to *amend*, to *refer to the next General Court*, or to *postpone indefinitely* which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged.

RULE 7. [11.] The motion to adjourn, when made while any other question is pending, and the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 8. [16.] When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of these shall be entitled to the floor.

RULE 9. [18.] The President shall have the right to appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days.

RULE 10. [48.] In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule No. 9, shall be absent

at the hour designated in Rule No. 1, the senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President or a President *pro tempore* shall be elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate.

Of the Rights, Duties and Decorum of Members.

RULE 11. [21.] Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place, and address the President.

RULE 12. [23.] No member shall speak more than once on one question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak, nor more than twice without obtaining leave of the Senate.

RULE 13. [22.] No member speaking shall be interrupted by another but by rising to call to order.

RULE 14. After a question is put to a vote, no member shall speak to it.

RULE 15. [50.] Every member presenting a Petition, Memorial or Remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, state briefly the nature and object of the instrument, and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate.

RULE 16. [34.] Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so direct.

RULE 17. [24.] When a vote has passed, except on motions specified in Rule 7, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day, for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first

moved on such succeeding day it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: *provided, however*, that a motion to reconsider a vote, upon any collateral matter, shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

RULE 18. [26.] Bills, resolves and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, shall remain in the possession of the Clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired.

RULE 19. [35.] A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 20. [38.] The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day, next after motions to reconsider.

RULE 21. [32.] No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 22. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.

RULE 23. [7, 33.] Whenever a question shall be taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the

members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair.

Of Committees.

RULE 24. [43.] It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any Standing Committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such Committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof to such Committee, if by them required.

RULE 25. [67.] The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the first session, to wit:—

A Committee on the Judiciary;

A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

And each of these Committees shall consist of five members.

A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery;

A Committee on the Treasury;

A Committee on Printing;

A Committee on Engrossed Bills.

A Committee on Leave of Absence.

And each of these Committees shall consist of three members.

RULE 26. [16, 68.] All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be Chairman. In all elections of Committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as Chairman.

RULE 27. [42.] When a motion is made to commit any subject, and different Committees shall be proposed,

the question shall be taken in the following order: A Standing Committee of the Senate—a Select Committee of the Senate—a Joint Standing Committee—a Joint Select Committee.

RULE 28. Reports of Committees, except such as do not propose final action, and Reports of Committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they shall be presented to the Senate.

RULE 29. No Committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate.

RULE 30. [52.] No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or private or municipal corporations, or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the Senate by any Committee, unless it shall be made to appear, to the satisfaction of the Committee, that notice had been given in the manner provided by law; or unless such notice as the Committee shall direct shall have been given, and proper proof of the same placed before the Committee; or unless, in the judgment of the Committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 31. [57, 58.] All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, round hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves. No bill or resolve shall be introduced by a member without special leave; and all bills and resolves, when so introduced, shall be committed before they are passed to a second reading.

RULE 32. All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed to a committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves shall have been reported by a joint committee.

RULE 33. [56, 64.] No bill or resolve, or substitute therefor, shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days; and bills and resolves in the second and third readings shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which leave shall have been given to read them a second or third time, and the President shall order them accordingly. After being placed in the Orders of the Day they shall be disposed of in course; and matters passed over in the Orders of the Day shall go to the foot of the list, and shall not be considered till the next day.

RULE 34. [60.] All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the Committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.

RULE 35. [61.] All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the Committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to ascertain their relations to the Constitution, and any existing laws upon the same subject-matter, and to see that all such bills and resolves are correct in form.

RULE 36. [62.] All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the Standing Committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill as passed to be engrossed, and if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so

indorse on the envelope thereof, and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

RULE 37. [63.] No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

RULE 38. [58.] When any measure shall be finally rejected, it shall not be revived except by reconsideration, and no measure *substantially* the same shall be introduced during the session; and this Rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate.

Elections by Ballot.

RULE 39. [68.] In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

Senate Library.

RULE 40. The books belonging to the Senate Chamber shall be in the care of the Clerk, who shall keep an accurate list thereof; and no book shall be taken from the Senate Chamber by any person without giving notice thereof to the Clerk, who shall enter, in a book to be kept by him, the name of the book, and the name of the person taking the same.

Reporters.

RULE 41. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate.

General Rules.

RULE 42. [44.] No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

RULE 43. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government shall be allowed to be present in the Clerk's room, or the room intervening between that and the Senate Chamber, while the Senate is in session, or during the half hour immediately preceding and following any session.

RULE 44. The Rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the principles of parliamentary law set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches of the legislature.

RULE 45. [39.] Any Rule or Order, except the *thirty-fifth*, may be altered, suspended or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present consenting thereto.

RULES AND ORDERS
OF
THE HOUSE.

RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CHAPTER I.

Of the Duties and Powers of the Speaker.

RULE 1. To take the chair and call to order—On appearance of a quorum to proceed to business.

RULE 2. To preserve order—May speak to points of order and decide them, subject to appeal—Question on appeal to be first in order.

RULE 3. To declare all votes—If doubted, a return to be ordered.

RULE 4. To rise in addressing the House, but may read sitting.

RULE 5. May vote, in all cases.

RULE 6. Shall appoint chairman of committee of the Whole.

RULE 7. To order yeas and nays, if one-fifth require—Roll to be called alphabetically—Limitation as to voting.

RULE 8. Questions; order in which they shall be propounded; fixing time and sums.

RULE 9. Motions to be in possession of the House after having been stated by the speaker—May be withdrawn, except, &c.

RULE 10. Motions not to be received during debate, except, &c.—Motion to *strike out* equivalent to *postpone indefinitely*.

RULE 11. Motions to adjourn always *first* in order. These and others, named in this rule, to be decided without debate.

RULE 12. Previous question; proceedings on motion for.

RULE 13. When debate is closed by previous question or vote, member in charge of bill allowed to speak ten minutes.

RULE 14. Debate on the previous question allowed—Questions of order after motion for previous question, to be decided without debate, except, &c.—Limitation of debate on the previous question.

RULE 15. Motion to close debate at a specified time to be put before that time.

RULE 16. Speaker to name the member who has the floor, if two rise at once.

RULE 17. Committees to be announced and appointed by the speaker, unless, &c.

RULE 18. Speaker to have a right to name a member to take his place—Limitation of such right.

CHAPTER II.

Of the Duties, Rights and Decorum of Members.

RULE 19. Seats, not to be changed without leave of the speaker.

RULE 20. Desks, at sides of speaker, how appropriated.

RULE 21. Conduct of members during debate.

RULE 22. No member to interrupt another, except, &c.

RULE 23. Speaking; limitation, &c.

RULE 24. Reconsideration; questions of.

RULE 25. Limitation of debate on motion to reconsider.

RULE 26. Bills, &c., to remain with the clerk until right of reconsideration has expired, provided, &c.

RULE 27. Committees; no member to be obliged to serve on more than two, nor as chairman of more than one.

RULE 28. Rules to be observed by members during debate, and while the House is in session.

RULE 29. Proceedings with closed doors to be kept secret until the removal of the injunction of secrecy.

RULE 30. Absence at commencement of the session and during the session—leave of absence to be inoperative, unless, &c.

RULE 31. Breach of rules and orders; in case any member is guilty of.

RULE 32. Private interests; members not to vote on questions where their private rights are concerned, distinct from public interests.

RULE 33. Members to vote unless excused—reasons to be given.

RULE 34. Motions to be put in writing, if desired.

RULE 35. Division of a question may be called for—Motions to strike out and insert.

RULE 36. Motions and reports may be committed and recommitted at the pleasure of the House.

RULE 37. Amendments, foreign to the subject under consideration, not to be admitted.

RULE 38. Unfinished business to have preference, in orders of the day after motions for reconsideration.

RULE 39. Altering, repealing and dispensing with rules.

RULE 40. Proceedings when a vote is doubted.

RULE 41. Priority of business, questions relating to, to be decided without debate.

RULE 42. Questions of order to be entered on the journal, with the decisions thereon.

RULE 43. Committees; questions of reference to, order of.

RULE 44. Committees to make final report on or before March 22.

RULE 45. Leave to withdraw, or inexpedient to legislate, to be reported on.

RULE 46. Members to point out chapter and section when proposing an inquiry as to the expediency of amending an existing law.

RULE 47. Strangers not to be admitted without leave.

RULE 48. Clerk to print order of business and subjects referred.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Duties of Monitors.

RULE 49. Duty of Monitors.

RULE 50. Monitor to inform the House if a member persists in transgressing the Rules.

RULE 51. Monitor to call the House to order in absence of the speaker, (under Rule 17) and to preside, until, &c.

CHAPTER IV.

Of Petitions, Memorials, &c.

RULE 52. The presentation, reading, &c., of papers addressed to the House, except petitions, &c.

RULE 53. The indorsement and reading of petitions, &c.

RULE 54. Petitions, &c., to be presented during the morning hour, except, &c.

RULE 55. Private bills not to be reported unless notice is given to the parties, or unless notice is deemed unnecessary by the committee.

RULE 56. Orders to be passed over for one day, if desired, &c.

RULE 57. Concerning use of the hall.

CHAPTER V.

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 58. The first reading of a bill.

RULE 59. No bill to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.

RULE 60. Bills, &c., how to be written.

RULE 61. The introduction of bills—All bills to be committed, unless reported by a committee—No rejected bill or order to be again introduced. Bills, &c., once rejected by the House not to be entertained when they come from the Senate as amendments to House bills. †

RULE 62. Speaker to give notice when sending up an engrossed bill.

RULE 63. Bills and resolves involving expenditure of money to be referred to committee on Finance—Appropriation bills to contain only such items as are authorized by law, or such as the committee have been specially directed by the House to insert.

RULE 64. Bills in third reading to be committed for examination; no change to be made in the subject-matter, unless, &c.

RULE 65. Engrossed bills to be committed for examination—Bills reported as correctly engrossed not to be again read, unless desired.

RULE 66. Engrossed bills not to be amended.

RULE 67. Bills in third reading, and reports, to be made the order of the day for the succeeding day.

RULE 68. Effect of a motion that the subject be laid upon the table, while the House is passing upon the undebatable matters.

RULE 69. Amendments proposed by the Senate and sent down for concurrence.

CHAPTER VI.

Of Committees, their Powers and Duties.

RULE 70. List of standing committees.

RULE 71. Elections by ballot; time to be assigned therefor.

RULE 72. In elections of committees, who shall be chairman.

RULE 73. Papers to be left with the clerk on obtaining leave of absence.

RULE 74. Rules of proceeding in committee of the Whole.

Form of Indorsement of Petitions.

CHAPTER I.

Of the Duties and Powers of the Speaker.

RULE 1. The speaker shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the House was adjourned; shall call the members to order; and on the appearance of a quorum shall proceed to business.

RULE 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an

appeal to the House by motion regularly seconded; and no other business shall be in order till the question on the appeal shall have been decided.

RULE 3. He shall declare all votes; but if any member rises to doubt a vote, the speaker shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without any further debate upon the question.

RULE 4. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

RULE 5. In all cases the speaker may vote.

RULE 6. When the House shall determine to go into a committee of the whole House, the speaker shall appoint the member who shall take the chair.

RULE 7. On all questions and motions whatsoever, the speaker shall take the sense of the House by yeas and nays, provided one-fifth of the members present shall so require, and the call for yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor of the House when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished.

RULE 8. He shall propound all questions, in the order in which they are moved, unless the subsequent motion be previous in its nature; except that, in naming sums and fixing times, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

RULE 9. After a motion is stated or read by the speaker it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, and

shall be disposed of by vote of the House; but the mover may withdraw it at any time before a decision or amendment, except a motion to reconsider, which shall not be withdrawn after the time has elapsed within which it could be originally made.

RULE 10. When a question is under debate, the speaker shall receive no motion but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to close the debate at a specified time, to postpone to a time certain, to commit, to amend, to refer to the next General Court or to postpone indefinitely; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged; and a motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

RULE 11. He shall consider a motion to adjourn as always first in order; and that motion, and the motions to lay on the table and to take from the table, shall be decided without debate.

RULE 12. He shall put the previous question in the following form: "*Shall the main question be now put?*"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question shall be decided. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, except as provided in Rule 13, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

RULE 13. Where debate is closed by the ordering of the previous question, or by vote of the House, the person in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. The member introducing a measure not yet referred, or the chairman (or the

member making the report) of the committee last reporting upon it, shall respectively be deemed the person in charge.

RULE 14. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and on such appeal, and on the previous question, no member shall be allowed to speak more than once without leave of the House.

RULE 15. A motion to close the debate at a specified time, shall be put not less than thirty minutes before the time stated.

RULE 16. When two or more members happen to rise at once, the speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor.

RULE 17. All committees shall be appointed and announced by the speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

RULE 18. The speaker shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond two days.

CHAPTER II.

Of the Duties, Rights and Decorum of Members.

RULE 19. Every seat which shall be drawn by any member at the beginning of the session, shall be his seat during the year, unless he have leave of the speaker to change it.

RULE 20. The desks on the right and left of the speaker shall be appropriated to the use of the clerk and the committees on Bills.

RULE 21. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the speaker, confine himself to the question under debate, avoid personality, and sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the speaker.

RULE 22. No member speaking shall be interrupted by another, but by rising to call to order.

RULE 23. No member shall speak more than twice on one question without first obtaining leave of the House; nor more than once, until the other members who have not spoken shall speak, if they desire it.

RULE 24. When a vote has passed, except on the previous question and on motions mentioned in rule eleventh, it shall be in order for any member to move for a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question be twice reconsidered: *provided, however,* that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question, shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.

RULE 25. Debate on motions to reconsider votes shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes.

RULE 26. Bills, resolves and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration, except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice, shall remain in the possession of the clerk until the right of reconsideration has expired: *provided*, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

RULE 27. No member shall be obliged to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.

RULE 28. No member shall be permitted to stand up, to the interruption of another, while any member is speaking, or to pass unnecessarily between the speaker of the House and the person speaking; nor shall any member be permitted to stand in the alleys, or in the area in front of the chair, during the session of the House.

RULE 29. All proceedings of the House in secret session, and every matter relating to the same, shall be kept secret until the House shall remove the injunction of secrecy.

RULE 30. Every member who neglects to give his attendance in the House for more than six days after the session commences, shall, on making his appearance therein, be held to render the reason of such neglect; and in case the reason assigned be deemed by the House sufficient, such member shall be entitled to receive pay for his travel, and not otherwise; and no member shall be absent more than two days without leave or excuse of the House.

RULE 31. When any member is guilty of a breach of either of the rules and orders of the House, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction

therefor, and shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse, till he has done so.

RULE 32. No member shall be permitted to vote, or serve on any committee, in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

RULE 33. Every member present in the House when a question is put, where he is not excluded by interest, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons, excuse him. Any member desiring to be so excused on any question shall make application to that effect before the House is divided, or before the calling of the yeas and nays; and such application shall be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons, and decided without debate.

RULE 34. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the speaker so directs.

RULE 35. Any member may call for the division of a question when the sense will admit of it. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

RULE 36. Motions and reports may be committed or recommitted at the pleasure of the House.

RULE 37. No motion or proposition, of a subject different from that under consideration, shall be admitted under color of amendment.

RULE 38. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of the last adjournment, shall have the preference in the orders of the day next after motions for reconsideration.

RULE 39. No rule or order of the House shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but rules fifty-six, fifty-seven and sixty-four shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

RULE 40. When a vote is doubted, the members for or against the question, when called on by the speaker, shall shall rise and stand till they are counted.

RULE 41. All questions relating to the priority of business to be acted upon shall be decided without debate.

RULE 42. Every question of order shall be noted by the clerk, with the decision thereon, and inscribed at large on the journal.

RULE 43. When a motion is made to refer any subject, and different committees shall be proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: a standing committee of the House—a select committee of the House—a joint standing committee—a joint select committee.

RULE 44. Committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the twenty-second day of March, unless further time be granted, for cause.

RULE 45. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought, can be secured under general laws, the committee to which the matter is referred, shall, in all cases, report leave to withdraw or inexpedient to legislate.

RULE 46. It shall be the duty of each member of the House who moves that any standing committee be in-

structed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law or laws, to point out the amendment, which he deems expedient, in writing, to accompany his motion, specifying the chapter and section of the statute referred to.

RULE 47. No person, other than members and officers of the legislature, shall be admitted within the bar of the House during its session, except by invitation of a member of the House, or by leave of the speaker.

RULE 48. The clerk shall cause to be prepared and printed orders of the business of each day, which shall include a brief minute of every order or petition received, or bill introduced on leave, and of papers received from the Senate, during the session of the day previous, with the disposition made of the same.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Duties of Monitors.

RULE 49. Two monitors shall be appointed for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the orders of the House, and on demand of the speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.

RULE 50. If any member transgress any of the rules or orders of the House, and persist therein after being notified thereof by any monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to give information thereof to the House.

RULE 51. If the speaker is absent beyond the time designated in the eighteenth rule, any monitor present designated by the clerk shall call the House to order, and preside until the speaker assume his seat, or a speaker *pro tem.* be chosen.

CHAPTER IV.

Of Petitions, Memorials, &c.

RULE 52. All papers addressed to the House, except petitions, memorials and remonstrances, shall be presented by the speaker, or by a member in his place, shall be read by the speaker, clerk, or such other person as the speaker may request, and be taken up in the order in which they were presented, unless the House otherwise directs.

RULE 53. Every member, presenting to the House a petition, memorial or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument, and the reading of the same from the chair shall in all instances be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the House.

RULE 54. All reports, petitions, memorials, remonstrances and papers of a like nature, shall be presented during the first hour of each session of the House, and at no other time, except by vote of the House; and the speaker shall call on the several divisions, in regular succession, for such papers.

RULE 55. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals or private or municipal corporations of the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the House by any committee, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given in the manner provided by law, or unless such notice as the committee shall direct shall have been given and proper proof of the same placed before the committee, or unless, in the judgment of the committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

RULE 56. Any order proposed for adoption shall be passed over for that day without question, if any member of the House shall so request; and the same shall be considered and disposed of, on the succeeding day.

RULE 57. Use of the Representatives' chamber shall not be granted for any purpose unless by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

CHAPTER V.

Of Bills and Resolves.

RULE 58. The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and if opposition be made to it, the question shall be, "*Shall this bill be rejected?*" If no opposition be made, or if the question to reject be negatived, the bill shall go to its second reading without a question.

RULE 59. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without being read on three several days.

RULE 60. All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

RULE 61. No bill or resolve shall be introduced to the House, unless reported by a committee, without having first been read for information only, and special leave thereupon granted; and, when thus introduced, such bill or resolve shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading. When any bill, resolve, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance, has been finally rejected, no other, substantially the same, shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session; and the

House shall not consider an amendment to one of its own bills made by the Senate, which amendment is substantially the same as a bill or resolve which has once been rejected by the House.

RULE 62. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be sent to the Senate, without notice thereof being given by the speaker.

RULE 63. All bills and resolves involving an expenditure of public money, shall, after their first reading, be referred in course to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. Appropriation bills reported to the House shall contain only such items of expenditure as have been authorized by law, or such as the committee on Finance have been specially directed by vote of the House to insert.

RULE 64. All bills and resolves in their third reading shall be committed to the standing committee on bills in the third reading, to be by them examined, corrected and reported to the House; but no change shall be made by them in the subject-matter of any bill or resolve, unless the same shall be reported to the House as an amendment.

RULE 65. All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the standing committee on engrossed bills, to be strictly examined; and if found truly and rightly engrossed, they shall so report to the House, and the same be passed to be enacted, without any further reading, unless, on motion of any member, a majority of the House shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed.

RULE 66. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended.

RULE 67. Bills and resolves in their third reading shall be made the order of the day, for the day next succeed-

ing that on which leave was given to read them a third time; and all reports of committees, not by bill or resolve, whether joint or of this House, shall be made the order of the day for the day next succeeding that on which they have been read in this House, unless the House otherwise direct; and the speaker shall order accordingly; and, after entering on the orders of the day, they shall be disposed of in course

RULE 68. In considering the orders of the day, matters not giving rise to debate shall be first disposed of; and, upon the first call of the orders, a motion that a subject lie upon the table, shall be equivalent to a notice of an intention to debate, and the matter shall not be laid upon the table, but shall be passed.

RULE 69. All amendments, proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for their concurrence, shall be committed to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee be composed of members of both branches.

CHAPTER VI.

Of Committees, their Powers and Duties.

RULE 70. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the political year, viz.:—

- A Committee on the Judiciary;
- A Committee on Matters of Probate and Chancery;
- A Committee on Finance;
- A Committee on Elections;
- A Committee on Bills in the Third Reading;
- A Committee on Engrossed Bills;
- A Committee on County Estimates;
- A Committee on the Pay Roll;

A Committee on Leave of Absence ;

A Committee on Public Buildings ;

A Committee on Printing ;

And each of these committees shall consist of seven members.

RULE 71. In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto.

RULE 72. In all elections of committees of the House, by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes, shall act as chairman.

RULE 73. All papers in possession of any member obtaining leave of absence, shall be left by him with the clerk.

RULE 74. The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole House, so far as they may be applicable, except the rule limiting the times of speaking ; but no member shall speak twice upon any question, until every member, choosing to speak, shall have spoken. A motion to rise, report progress and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order, and be decided without debate.

Form of Indorsing Petitions.

The Petition of

for

Presented by Mr.

of

Ho. of Reps.

1873.

Referred to the Committee on

[This indorsement should be as nearly as possible at the top of the paper, so that room may be left for the indorsement by the clerks.]

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF

THE TWO BRANCHES.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

TWO BRANCHES.

RULE 1. List of Joint Standing Committees—No member of either House to act as counsel before any committee.

RULE 2. Joint Committees; how they may report—How their reports shall be written.

RULE 3. Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted by either House, except, &c.—All reports, after recommitment, to be made to the House which ordered the same.

RULE 4. Reports of Joint Committees on subjects referred to them from Standing Committees of either branch, to be made in the House where such reference is made.

RULE 5. Report, leave to withdraw; to be made on petitions for legislation, which can be secured under general laws.

RULE 6. Papers on their passage to be under the signature of the Clerks, except, &c.—Messages.

RULE 7. Engrossed bills and bills ordered to be engrossed.

RULE 8. Notice of bills, etc., rejected to be sent to the other branch.

RULE 9. Bills that have passed to be enacted.

RULE 10. Rule 7th, concerning bills, to be applied also to resolves.

RULE 11. Resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution.

RULE 12. President of the Senate to preside in Conventions—Conventions to be held in the Representatives' Chamber—Clerk of the Senate to be Clerk of.

RULE 13. An agreement to go into a Convention not to be altered or annulled, unless, &c.

RULE 14. Restriction as to business of Conventions.

RULE 15. Elections by joint ballot; time to be assigned therefor.

RULE 16. Committees of Conference; how composed, and their reports.

RULE 17. Joint Committee to make final report on or before March 22.

RULE 18. Concerning reports on petitions, notice of the presentation of which has not been given.

RULE 19. Concerning petitions, memorials, &c.

RULE 20. Concerning the printing and binding of Documents.

RULE 1. The following Joint Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:—

A Committee on Agriculture;

A Committee on Banks and Banking;

A Committee on Claims;

A Committee on Education;

A Committee on Expenditures;

A Committee on Federal Relations;

A Committee on the Fisheries;

A Committee on Harbors;

A Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad;

A Committee on Horse Railways;

A Committee on Insurance;

A Committee on the Library;

A Committee on Manufactures;

A Committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A Committee on Military Affairs;

A Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;

A Committee on Prisons;

A Committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A Committee on Public Lands.

A Committee on Railways;

A Committee on Roads and Bridges;

A Committee on the State House;

A Committee on Towns;

A Committee on Water Supply and Drainage;

And each of said Committees shall consist of two on the part of the Senate, and five on the part of the House,

except the Committee on Mercantile Affairs, the Committee on Prisons, the Committee on Water Supply and Drainage, the Committee on Harbors, the Committee on the Hoosac Tunnel and the Troy and Greenfield Railroad, the Committee on Railways, and the Committee on Horse Railways, which shall each consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight members on the part of the House; and except the Committee on the Library, which, by law, is to consist of three on the part of each House; and except the Committee on Expenditures, which shall consist of the Committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the Committee on Finance of the House. No member of either House shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature.

RULE 2. The Joint Committees of the two Houses may report by bill, resolve or otherwise to either House, at their discretion; and all bills and resolves reported by them shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineation, on not less than a sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections or resolves.

RULE 3. Reports of Joint Committees may be recommitted to the same Committees at the pleasure of the House first acting thereon, without asking the concurrence of the other branch; and bills or resolves which have been previously acted on in one branch may be recommitted in the other without a concurrent vote, except when recommitted with instructions: *provided*, that, after such recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch which shall have ordered such recommitment.

RULE 4. Whenever a report is made from any Committee to either House, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a Joint Committee, such Committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made.

RULE 5. Whenever upon any application for an Act of incorporation, or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured under general laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall, in all cases, report "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

RULE 6. All papers, while on their passage between the two Houses, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each House may direct.

RULE 7. After bills shall have passed both Houses to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two Houses, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and when engrossed, the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the Committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same shall have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall in like manner be delivered to the Committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 8. If any bill, resolve or order, originating in one branch, is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

RULE 9. The Clerk of the House in which a bill originated shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the Journals by the Clerks respectively.

After said bills shall have passed both Houses to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the

Journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 10. All resolves and other papers, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

RULE 11. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution shall have three several readings in each House, and the final question upon adopting the same shall be taken by yeas and nays.

RULE 12. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches; and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; and the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention.

RULE 13. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.

RULE 14. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

RULE 15. In all elections by joint ballot, a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

RULE 16. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each House, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each Committee, shall be made to the branch, asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected; but no other action shall be had, except through a new Committee of Conference.

RULE 17. Joint Committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the twenty-second day of March, unless further time is granted for cause.

RULE 18. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or private or municipal corporations, or the Commonwealth, shall be reported to the legislature by any Committee, unless it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Committee that notice has been given in the manner provided by law; or unless such notice as the Committee shall direct shall have been given, and proper proof of the same placed before the Committee; or unless, in the judgment of the Committee, no notice to the parties or the public is necessary.

RULE 19. All petitions, memorials and applications embraced in the provisions of chapter 2 of the General Statutes, and chapter 91 of the Acts of the year 1862, which shall be presented after the twenty-second day of February, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each House present and voting thereon.

RULE 20. The Committee on Printing shall act as a Joint Committee in cases requiring joint action; and as such may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document the number printed shall be eight hundred, with the exception of the Governor's Inaugural Address, of which three thousand copies may be printed without

special order. Either branch, by special order, may direct a larger number than eight hundred copies to be printed, which order shall be referred to the Committee on Printing, who may report thereon at any time when the Orders of the Day are not under consideration.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

No binding or engraving shall be ordered, except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing, accepted by the legislature.

Bills, reports and other documents, printed under the general order of either House, shall be distributed as follows, to wit: Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Joint Committee.

LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1873.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY WILLIAM B. WASHBURN,
OF GREENFIELD,
GOVERNOR.
Commonwealth Hotel.

HIS HONOR THOMAS TALBOT, of Billerica,
LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.
Revere House.

Council.

District I.—ALFRED MACY, of Nantucket.
615 Main St., Cambridgeport.

II.—SETH TURNER, of Randolph.
At home.

III.—MILO HILDRETH, of Northborough.
At home.

IV.—RUFUS S. FROST, of Chelsea.
At home.

V.—DANIEL H. STICKNEY, of Groveland.
At home.

VI.—JONATHAN B. WINN, of Woburn.
At home.

VII.—GEORGE WHITNEY, of Royalston.
American House.

VIII.—EDWIN CHASE, of Holyoke.
U. S. Hotel.

Private Secretary of the Governor.

SIDNEY ANDREWS, of Boston. Berkeley House.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Winn, Mr. Macy, Mr. Chase, Mr. Hildreth.

On Finance.—Mr. Winn, Mr. Chase, Mr. Turner, Mr. Stickney, Mr. Frost.

On Railroads and the Hoosac Tunnel.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Macy, Mr. Hildreth, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Frost.

On Harbors, Bridges and Flats.—Mr. Frost, Mr. Hildreth, Mr. Stickney, Mr. Turner, Mr. Winn.

On State Prison.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Chase, Mr. Turner, Mr. Stickney, Mr. Whitney.

On Military Affairs.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Turner.

On Warrants.—Mr. Macy, Mr. Hildreth, Mr. Stickney.

On Accounts.—Mr. Macy, Mr. Winn.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OLIVER WARNER, of Northampton.

West Newton.

Charles W. Lovett, *1st Clerk*, . . . 60 Chestnut Street.

Benjamin C. Piper, *2d Clerk*, . . . 41 Grove Street.

Treasurer and Receiver-General and Tax Commissioner.

CHARLES ADAMS, JR., of North Brookfield.

United States Hotel.

Daniel H. Rogers, *1st Clerk*, . . . Brookline.

Artemas Harmon, *Assistant-Clerk*, . . . Malden.

Joshua Phippen, . . . Salem.

Deputy Tax Commissioner.

Daniel A. Gleason,	.	.	.	.	.	.	Medford.
Andrew J. Morton, <i>Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	.	Boston.

Allotment Commissioner.

David Wilder.

Auditor.

CHARLES ENDICOTT, of Canton.

Edward S. Davis, <i>1st Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	Lynn.
Augustus Brown, <i>2d Clerk,</i>	.	.	.	.	.	Salem.

Attorney-General.

CHARLES R. TRAIN, of Boston.

James C. Davis, <i>Ass't Attorney-General,</i>	.	.	.	Boston.
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*Governor's Staff.**Adj.-General, Ins.-General, Acting Quartermaster-General.*

Major-General JAMES A. CUNNINGHAM.

Surgeon-General.

Brigadier-General WILLIAM J. DALE.

Aides-de-Camp.

Colonel FRANCIS W. PALFREY,	.	.	Boston.
Colonel WILLIAM F. BARTLETT,	.	.	Pittsfield.
Colonel WILLIAM BRANDT STORER,	.	.	Cambridge.
Colonel GEORGE RIPLEY,	.	.	Andover.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

SENATE. BY DISTRICTS.

Hon. GEORGE B. LORING, of Salem, President.

DISTRICT.	NAME.	Residence.	Boarding place.
First Suffolk, . . .	Henry S. Washburn, . .	Boston, . .	At home.
Second " . . .	Martin Griffin, . .	" . .	6 New Prince Street.
Third " . . .	Francis W. Jacobs, . .	" . .	United States Hotel.
Fourth " . . .	Julius K. Banister, . .	" . .	33 Hudson Street.
Fifth " . . .	Wm. H. Larnard, Jr., . .	" . .	487 Columbus Avenue.
Sixth " . . .	Robert Johnson, . .	" . .	90 G St., South Boston.
First Essex, . . .	George D. Whittle, . .	Lynn, . .	At home.
Second " . . .	George B. Loring, . .	Salem, . .	At home.
Third " . . .	Nathan W. Harmon, . .	Lawrence, . .	At home.

Fourth Essex,	.	.	.	David T. Woodwell,	.	.	Newburyport,	.	At home.
Fifth "	.	.	.	Newell Giles,	.	.	Rockport,	.	At home.
First Middlesex,	.	.	.	Edward Lawrence,	.	.	Charlestown,	.	At home.
Second "	.	.	.	Joseph S. Potter,	.	.	Arlington,	.	At home.
Third "	.	.	.	Robert O. Fuller,	.	.	Cambridge,	.	At home.
Fourth "	.	.	.	Newton Morse,	.	.	Natick,	.	At home.
Fifth "	.	.	.	Levi Wallace,	.	.	Pepperell,	.	At home.
Sixth "	.	.	.	Carroll D. Wright,	.	.	Reading,	.	At home.
Seventh "	.	.	.	Jeremiah Clark,	.	.	Lowell,	.	At home.
First Worcester,	.	.	.	George F. Thompson,	.	.	Worcester,	.	At home.
Second "	.	.	.	Samuel M. Griggs,	.	.	Westborough,	.	At home.
Third "	.	.	.	Henry L. Bancroft,	.	.	Millbury,	.	At home.
Fourth "	.	.	.	N. L. Johnson,	.	.	Dana,	.	United States Hotel.
Fifth "	.	.	.	Geo. A. Torrey,	.	.	Fitchburg,	.	Parker House.

DISTRICT.	NAME.	Residence.	Boarding place.
First Hampden, . . .	Timothy F. Packard, . .	Monson, . .	United States Hotel.
Second " . . .	William Whiting, . .	Holyoke, . .	United States Hotel.
Hampshire, . . .	Rufus D. Woods, . .	Enfield, . .	United States Hotel.
Franklin, . . .	John D. Todd, . .	Conway, . .	Adams House.
Berkshire and Hampshire, . .	Prentiss C. Baird, . .	Lee, . .	United States Hotel.
Berkshire, . . .	Edward Learned, . .	Pittsfield, . .	Tremont House.
First Norfolk, . . .	Moody Merrill, . .	Boston, . .	Warren St., cor. Rock- [land.
Second " . . .	Charles H. French, . .	Canton, . .	At home.
Third " . . .	Erastus P. Carpenter, . .	Foxborough, . .	At home.
First Plymouth, . . .	George W. Lobdell, . .	Mattapoisett, . .	United States Hotel.
Second " . . .	Lloyd Parsons, . .	Bridgewater, . .	At home.
Norfolk and Plymouth, . .	Jedediah Dwelley, . .	Hanover, . .	At home.

First Bristol,	.	.	.	James Brown,	.	.	.	Taunton,	.	.	At home.
Second "	.	.	.	Isaac H. Coe,	.	.	.	New Bedford,	.	.	At home.
Third "	.	.	.	Charles P. Stickney,	.	.	.	Fall River,	.	.	At home.
Cape,	.	.	.	Joseph K. Baker,	.	.	.	Dennis,	.	.	United States Hotel.
Island,	.	.	.	Francis A. Nye,	.	.	.	Falmouth,	.	.	United States Hotel.

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. GEORGE B. LORING, *President.*

LEFT.

1. Isaac H. Coe.
2. Samuel M. Griggs.
3. Joseph S. Potter.
4. Timothy F. Packard.
5. Robert O. Fuller.
6. Joseph K. Baker.
7. George W. Lobdell.
8. George A. Torrey.
9. Erastus P. Carpenter.
10. Carroll D. Wright.
11. Wm. H. Larnard, Jr.
12. George F. Thompson.
13. Edward Learned.
14. James Brown.
15. Moody Merrill.
16. Henry S. Washburn.
17. Prentiss C. Baird.
18. Henry L. Bancroft.
19. George D. Whittle.

RIGHT.

1. Martin Griffin.
2. Charles P. Stickney.
3. Rufus D. Woods.
4. Robert Johnson.
5. Levi Wallace.
6. Lloyd Parsons.
7. David T. Woodwell.
8. Francis W. Jacobs.
9. Newell Giles.
10. Charles H. French.
11. Nathan W. Harmon.
12. N. L. Johnson.
13. Edward Lawrence.
14. Jeremiah Clark.
15. Jedediah Dwelley.
16. Francis A. Nye.
17. Newton Morse.
18. Julius K. Banister.
19. John D. Todd.
20. William Whiting.

SENATE.....ALPHABETICALLY.

 HON. GEORGE B. LORING,
 (Second Essex District,)
 PRESIDENT.

Baird, Prentiss C., . . .	<i>Berkshire & Hampshire District.</i>	
Baker, Joseph K., . . .	<i>Cape</i>	"
Bancroft, Henry L., . . .	<i>Third Worcester</i>	"
Banister, Julius K., . . .	<i>Fourth Suffolk</i>	"
Brown, James, . . .	<i>First Bristol</i>	"
Carpenter, Erastus P., . . .	<i>Third Norfolk</i>	"
Clark, Jeremiah, . . .	<i>Seventh Middlesex</i>	"
Coe, Isaac H., . . .	<i>Second Bristol</i>	"
Dwelle, Jedediah, . . .	<i>Norfolk & Plymouth</i>	"
French, Charles H., . . .	<i>Second Norfolk</i>	"
Fuller, Robert O., . . .	<i>Third Middlesex</i>	"
Giles, Newell, . . .	<i>Fifth Essex</i>	"
Griffin, Martin, . . .	<i>Second Suffolk</i>	"
Griggs, Samuel M., . . .	<i>Second Worcester</i>	"
Harmon, N. W., . . .	<i>Third Essex</i>	"
Jacobs, Francis W., . . .	<i>Third Suffolk</i>	"
Johnson N. L., . . .	<i>Fourth Worcester</i>	"
Johnson, Robert, . . .	<i>Sixth Suffolk</i>	"
Lawrence, Edward, . . .	<i>First Middlesex</i>	"
Learnard, William H., Jr., . . .	<i>Fifth Suffolk</i>	"

				<i>District.</i>
Learned, Edward, . . .		<i>Berkshire</i>		
Lobdell, George W., . . .		<i>First Plymouth</i>		"
Loring, George B., . . .		<i>Second Essex</i>		"
✓ Merrill, Moody, . . .		<i>First Norfolk</i>		"
Morse, Newton, . . .		<i>Fourth Middlesex</i>		"
Nye, Francis A., . . .		<i>Island</i>		"
Packard, Timothy F., . . .		<i>First Hampden</i>		"
Parsons Lloyd, . . .		<i>Second Plymouth</i>		"
Potter, Joseph S., . . .		<i>Second Middlesex</i>		"
✓ Stickney, Charles P., . . .		<i>Third Bristol</i>		"
Thompson, George F., . . .		<i>First Worcester</i>		"
Todd, John D., . . .		<i>Franklin</i>		"
Torrey, George A., . . .		<i>Fifth Worcester</i>		"
Wallace, Levi, . . .		<i>Fifth Middlesex</i>		"
Washburn, Henry S., . . .		<i>First Suffolk</i>		"
Whiting, William, . . .		<i>Second Hampden</i>		"
Whittle, George D., . . .		<i>First Essex</i>		"
Woods, Rufus D., . . .		<i>Hampshire</i>		"
Woodwell, David T., . . .		<i>Fourth Essex</i>		"
Wright, Carroll D., . . .		<i>Sixth Middlesex</i>		"

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

STEPHEN N. GIFFORD, Duxbury, .	<i>Clerk.</i>
JOHN MORISSEY, Plymouth, . . .	<i>Sergeant-at-Arms.</i>
REV. EDWARD ABBOTT, Cambridge,	<i>Chaplain.</i>
HENRY O. READ,	<i>Door-keeper.</i>
S. W. EDGELL,	<i>Assistant Door-keeper.</i>
L. M. HAYDEN,	<i>Messenger.</i>
H. W. BATES,	<i>Messenger.</i>
J. F. DOHERTY,	<i>Messenger.</i>
W. R. JERVIS,	<i>Messenger.</i>
CHARLES FOSTER,	<i>Messenger.</i>
C. W. PHILBRICK,	<i>Page.</i>
BERNARD MURPHY,	<i>Page.</i>

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . . .	{ James Smith, Henry B. Hill, Andrew M. Morton,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
2d, . . .	{ Henry Splaine, William Taylor, Dennis Bonner,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
3d, . . .	{ Stephen D. Salmon, Jr., William H. Cook, Daniel A. Cronin,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
4th, . . .	{ Barney Hull, Alfred A. Clatur, George G. Crocker,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
5th, . . .	{ John W. Regan, Roger H. Scannell, Horace L. Bowker,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
6th, . . .	{ Charles R. Codman, Francis B. Hayes, Lewis Hayden,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
7th, . . .	{ Hugh J. Toland, John E. Fitzgerald, Thomas F. Fitzgerald,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
8th, . . .	{ Lucius W. Knight, Henry P. Shattuck, Benjamin Heath,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
9th, . . .	{ Francis D. Stedman, William Frost,	Boston. Boston.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
10th, . . .	{ John A. Nowell, Samuel B. Hopkins,	Boston. Boston.
11th, . . .	{ Daniel A. Patch, John Bigelow, Edward J. Jones,	Boston. Boston. Boston.
12th, . . .	{ Liberty D. Packard, Henry W. Wilson,	Boston. Boston.
13th, . . .	{ Eustace C. Fitz, John W. Fletcher, Sumner Carruth,	Chelsea. Chelsea. Chelsea.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

1st, . . .	{ Richard F. Briggs, Charles W. Morrill,	Amesbury. Salisbury.
2d, . . .	{ William E. Blunt, George J. Dean, Almond R. Lancaster,	Haverhill. Haverhill. Haverhill.
3d, . . .	{ George E. Davis, Horace C. Bacon, Granville E. Foss,	Lawrence. Lawrence. Methuen.
4th, . . .	Hiram Berry,	No. Andover.
5th, . . .	Charles Perley	Boxford.
6th, . . .	{ Robert Couch, George W. Clark, Ben. C. Currier,	Newburyport. Newburyport. Newburyport.
7th, . . .	John Perkins,	Ipswich.
8th, . . .	{ Addison Gilbert, James G. Tarr, Fitz E. Griffin,	Gloucester. Gloucester. Gloucester.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9th, . .	James W. Bradley, . . .	Rockport.
10th, . .	{ Francis E. Porter, . . . Francis R. Allen, . . .	Beverly. Hamilton.
11th, . .	George J. Sanger, . . .	Danvers.
12th, . .	Charles V. Hanson, . . .	Peabody.
13th, . .	{ Willard P. Phillips, . . . George Sanborn, . . .	Salem. Salem.
14th, . .	William A. Creesy, . . .	Salem.
15th, . .	{ Thomas Ingalls, . . . Richard H. Humphrey, . . .	Marblehead. Marblehead
16th, . .	Bowman B. Breed, . . .	Lynn.
17th, . .	Edward A. Berdge, . . .	Lynn.
18th, . .	Oliver M. Stacey, . . .	Lynn.
19th, . .	Walter B. Allen, . . .	Lynn.
20th, . .	Jacob B. Calley, . . .	Saugus.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1st, . .	Robert R. Wiley, . . .	Charlestown.
2d, . .	{ John Sampson, . . . I. W. Derby, . . .	Charlestown. Charlestown.
3d, . .	{ Andrew J. Bailey, . . . John H. Studley, . . .	Charlestown. Charlestown.
4th, . .	{ Quincy A. Vinal, . . . Alonzo H. Evans, . . . John H. Abbott, . . .	Somerville. Everett. Malden.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5th, . . .	Benjamin F. Hayes, . . .	Medford.
6th, . . .	J. Winslow Peirce, . . .	Arlington.
7th, . . .	George P. Sanger, . . .	Cambridge.
8th, . . .	{ John W. Hammond, . . . Joshua B. Smith, . . . Asa P. Morse, . . .	Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
9th, . . .	Samuel W. McDaniel, . . .	Cambridge.
10th, . . .	{ Ezra D. Winslow, . . . John W. Hollis, . . .	Newton. Brighton.
11th, . . .	Henderson J. Edwards, . . .	Watertown.
12th, . . .	William Roberts, . . .	Waltham.
13th, . . .	Simeon Hardy, . . .	Natick.
14th, . . .	John M. Batchelder, . . .	Holliston.
15th, . . .	Moses L. Buck, . . .	Hopkinton.
16th, . . .	Franklin H. Sprague, . . .	Framingham.
17th, . . .	Edward L. Bigelow, . . .	Marlborough.
18th, . . .	Daniel C. Fletcher, . . .	Littleton.
19th, . . .	Thomas P. Hurlbut, . . .	Sudbury.
20th, . . .	John B. Moore, . . .	Concord.
21st, . . .	Elijah Marion, . . .	Burlington.
22d, . . .	John Cummings, . . .	Woburn.
23d, . . .	{ Amos Hill, . . . Richard Britton, . . .	Stoneham. Wakefield.
24th, . . .	John S. Coney, . . .	No. Reading.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
25th, . .	George H. Whitman, . . .	Billerica.
26th, . .	{ Joseph L. Sargent, . . . George A. Marden, . . .	Lowell. Lowell.
27th, . .	William H. Loughlin, . . .	Lowell.
28th, . .	Edward F. Watson, . . .	Lowell.
29th, . .	Jonathan Johnson, . . .	Lowell.
30th, . .	J. Henry Read, . . .	Westford.
31st, . .	Amos J. Saunders, . . .	Pepperell.
32d, . .	Samuel S. Haynes, . . .	Townsend.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

1st, . .	Austin Whitney, . . .	Ashburnham.
2d, . .	George H. Hoyt, . . .	Athol.
3d, . .	William N. Walker, . . .	Templeton.
4th, . .	{ Stephen D. Goddard, . . . Charles A. Gleason, . . .	Petersham. N'w Braintree.
5th, . .	{ Rodney Wallace, . . . C. C. Field, . . . William Baker, . . .	Fitchburg. Leominster. Lancenberg.
6th, . .	Augustus J. Sawyer, . . .	Harvard.
7th, . .	John B. Parker, . . .	Northb'rough.
8th, . .	Joseph W. Cross, . . .	W. Boylston.
9th, . .	Asa H. Goddard, . . .	Princeton.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
10th, . .	{ Samuel Winslow, . . . John Gates, . . . Timothy W. Wellington, . . .	Worcester. Worcester. Worcester.
11th, . .	{ George P. Kendrick, . . . Samuel E. Hildreth, . . . Joseph A. Titus, . . .	Worcester. Worcester. Worcester.
12th, . .	George H. Harlow, . . .	Shrewsbury.
13th, . .	William H. Buck, . . .	Southb'rough.
14th, . .	Emory A. Howard, . . .	Northbridge.
15th, . .	{ George B. Blake, . . . Henry C. Skinner, . . . John C. Scott, . . .	Milford. Milford. Blackstone.
16th, . .	{ C. D. Morse, . . . Andrew J. Waters, . . . Samuel W. Heath, . . .	Millbury. Webster. Douglas.
17th, . .	{ Charles V. Carpenter, . . . Moses D. Woodbury, . . .	Southbridge. Charlton.
18th, . .	{ Noah D. Ladd, . . . William B. Stone, . . .	Sturbridge. W. Brookfi'd.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1st, . .	{ Lewis J. Dudley, . . . Elijah N. Woods, . . .	Northampton. Huntington.
2d, . .	Hiram Packard, . . .	Goshen.
3d, . .	Franklin Bonney, . . .	Hadley.
4th, . .	Henry Burt, . . .	Amherst.
5th, . .	Addison Burnett, . . .	Belchertown.
6th, . .	Wales Aldrich, . . .	Prescott.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . .	Thomas J. Morgan, . . .	Brimfield.
2d, . .	James B. Shaw, . . .	Palmer.
3d, . .	{ Charles R. Ladd, . . . H. M. French, . . .	Springfield. Springfield.
4th, . .	A. L. Soule, . . .	Springfield.
5th, . .	Henry W. Phelps, . . .	Springfield.
6th, . .	{ Edward W. Chapin, . . . William R. Kentfield, . . .	Holyoke. Chicopee.
7th, . .	{ Oliver Wolcott, . . . Aaron Bagg, . . .	Longmeadow. W. Springf'd.
8th, . .	Lewis R. Norton, . . .	Westfield.
9th, . .	Francis W. Clark, . . .	Montgomery.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1st, . .	A. S. Atherton, . . .	Warwick.
2d, . .	Harrison O. Field, . . .	Leverett.
3d, . .	{ Elijah E. Belding, . . . William Stewart, . . .	Northfield. Colrain.
4th, . .	{ George W. Bardwell, . . . Charles Crittenden, . . .	Deerfield. Hawley.
5th, . .	Ezekiel D. Bement, . . .	Buckland.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1st, . .	Kirke E. Gardner, . . .	Hancock.
2d, . .	{ William C. Plunkett, . . . William F. Darby, . . .	Adams. Adams.
3d, . .	{ James M. Barker, . . . George Y. Learned, . . .	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.
4th, . .	James L. White, . . .	Windsor.
5th, . .	Marcus Truesdell, . . .	W. Stockbr'ge.
6th, . .	Thomas M. Judd, . . .	Lee.
7th, . .	Seymour B. Dewey, . . .	Egremont.
8th, . .	Austin Hawley, . . .	Sandisfield.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1st, . .	Frederick D. Ely, . . .	Dedham.
2d, . .	Robert Seaver, . . .	W. Roxbury.
3d, . .	{ Albert Palmer, . . . George Bartholmesz, . . . Brownell Granger, . . .	Boston. Boston. Boston.
4th, . .	Henry B. Chamberlain, . . .	Boston.
5th, . .	{ Richardson Hutchinson, . . . Albe C. Clark, . . .	Boston. Boston.
6th, . .	James A. Stetson, . . .	Quincy.
7th, . .	Rodolphus Porter, . . .	Braintree.
8th, . .	{ E. Atherton Hunt, . . . Joseph Dyer, . . .	Weymouth. Weymouth.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9th, . .	A. J. Gove,	Randolph.
10th, . .	Adam Capen, Jr., . . .	Stoughton. •
11th, . .	{ Willard Lewis, Sanford Waters Billings, . . .	Walpole. Sharon.
12th. . .	{ Alexis W. Ide, George T. Ryder,	Medway. Foxborough.
13th, . .	John H. Fisher,	Franklin.
14th, . .	Amos W. Shumway, . . .	Dover.
15th, . .	Austin W. Benton, . . .	Brookline.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1st, . .	Edward Sanford,	Attleborough.
2d, . .	Andrew H. Sweet,	Norton.
3d, . .	George Copeland,	Easton.
4th, . .	{ John E. Sanford, William R. Black, Nathan B. Seaver,	Taunton. Taunton. Taunton.
5th, . .	Charles Talbot,	Dighton.
6th, . .	William Dean,	Freetown.
7th, . .	{ George O. Fairbanks, Weaver Osborn, Charles J. Holmes,	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
8th, . .	Giles E. Brownell,	Westport.
9th, . .	Benjamin F. Wing,	Dartmouth.
10th, . .	{ Isaac F. Sawtell, William C. Parker, Jr., . . .	New Bedford. New Bedford.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11th, . .	{ Elijah H. Chisholm,	New Bedford.
	{ Isaac D. Hall,	New Bedford.
12th, . .	William H. Whitfield, . .	Fairhaven.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

1st, . .	Joshua W. Davis,	Cohasset.
2d, . .	John Cushing,	Hingham.
3d, . .	Calvin T. Phillips,	Hanson.
4th, . .	David P. Hatch,	Marshfield.
5th, . .	Nahum Bailey, Jr.,	Kingston. ,
6th, . .	{ Albert Mason,	Plymouth.
	{ Tisdale S. White,	Plymouth.
7th, . .	Peleg Blankinship,	Marion.
8th, . .	George Purrington, Jr., . .	Mattapoisett.
9th, . .	John Shaw,	Middlebor'gh.
10th, . .	Lewis Holmes,	Bridgewater.
11th, . .	{ E. Loring Thayer,	N. Bri'gewat'r.
	{ Edward O. Noyes,	N. Bri'gewat'r.
12th, . .	{ Jesse E. Keith,	Abington.
	{ Nathan S. Jenkins,	Abington.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

1st, . .	{ John B. D. Cogswell,	Yarmouth.
	{ Nathaniel Sears,	Barnstable.
	{ Philip H. Robinson,	Sandwich.

District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2d, . . .	{ Zoeth Snow, Jr., . . . David P. Howes, . . .	Brewster. Dennis.
3d, . . .	Lot Higgins, . . .	Orleans.
4th, . . .	{ Reuben G. Sparks, . . . Thomas N. Stone, . . .	Provincetown. Wellfleet.

DUKES COUNTY.

1st, . . .	David Mayhew, . . .	Tisbury.
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COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1st, . . .	Edward McCleave, . . .	Nantucket.
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ALPHABETICALLY,
 WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING
 THE SESSION.

HON. JOHN E. SANFORD, of TAUNTON, *Speaker*.

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Abbott, John H., .	4, Middlesex, .	Malden, .	At home,	139
Aldrich, Wales, .	6, Hampshire, .	Prescott, .	Marlboro' Hotel, . . .	166
Allen, Francis R., .	10, Essex, .	Hamilton, .	At home,	105
Allen, Walter B., .	19, Essex, .	Lynn, .	At home,	168
Atherton, A. S., .	1, Franklin, .	Warwick, .	Quincy House, . . .	206
Bacon, Horace C., .	3, Essex, .	Lawrence, .	Young's Hotel, . . .	16
Bagg, Aaron, .	7, Hampden, .	West Springfield, .	United States Hotel, . .	89

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Bailey, Andrew J.,	3, Middlesex, .	Charlestown, .	At home, 55 High Street, .	4
Bailey, Nahum, Jr.,	5, Plymouth, .	Kingston, .	At home,	154
Baker, William, .	5, Worcester, .	Lanenburg, .	At home,	200
Bardwell, George W.,	4, Franklin, .	Deerfield, .	Quincy House, .	92
Barker, James M.,	3, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield, .	Tremont House, .	12
Bartholmesz, George,	3, Norfolk, .	Boston, .	9 Elmwood Street, .	3
Batchelder, John M.,	14, Middlesex, .	Holliston, .	At home,	227
Belding Elijah E.,	3, Franklin, .	Northfield, .	Quincy House, .	193
Bement, Ezekiel D.,	5, Franklin, .	Buckland, .	Quincy House, .	188
Benton, Austin W.,	15, Norfolk, .	Brookline, .	At home,	56
Berdge, Edward A.,	17, Essex, .	Lynn,	At home,	229
Berry, Hiram, . .	4, Essex, .	North Andover, .	At home,	58

Bigelow, Edward L.,	17, Middlesex,	Marlborough,	At home,	122
Bigelow, John,	11, Suffolk,	Boston,	At home,	94
Billings, Sanford Waters,	11, Norfolk,	Sharon,	At home,	62
Black, William R.,	4, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	191
Blake, George B.,	15, Worcester,	Milford,	At home,	60
Blankinship, Peleg,	7, Plymouth,	Marion,	Adams House,	182
Blunt, William E.,	2, Essex,	Haverhill,	At home,	54
Bonner, Dennis,	2, Suffolk,	Boston,	157 Endicott Street,	136
Bonney, Franklin,	3, Hampshire,	Hadley,	Evans House,	33
Bowker, Horace L.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	7 Oxford Street,	51
Bradley, James W.,	9, Essex,	Rockport,	At home,	137
Breed, Bowman B.,	16, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	101
Briggs, Richard F.,	1, Essex,	Amesbury,	At home,	204
Britton, Richard,	23, Middlesex,	Wakefield,	At home,	95

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Brownell, Giles E.,	8, Bristol, .	Westport, .	Adams House, .	37
Buck, Moses L., .	15, Middlesex, .	Hopkinton, .	At home, .	232
Buck, William H.,	13, Worcester, .	Southborough, .	At home, .	211
Burnett, Addison, .	5, Hampshire, .	Belchertown, .	Hyde Park, .	189
Burt, Henry, .	4, Hampshire, .	Amherst, .	Quincy House, .	72
Calley, Jacob B., .	20, Essex, .	Saugus, .	At home, .	198
Capen, Adam, Jr., .	10, Norfolk, .	Stoughton, .	At home, .	195
Carruth, Sumner, .	13, Suffolk, .	Chelsea, .	At home, .	190
Carpenter, Charles V.,	17, Worcester, .	Southbridge, .	At home, .	130
Chamberlin, Henry B.,	4, Norfolk, .	Boston, .	1110 Harrison Avenue, .	34
Chapin, Edward W., .	6, Hampden, .	Holyoke, .	United States Hotel, .	149
Chisholm, Elijah H.,	11, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home, .	172

Clark, Albe C., . . .	5, Norfolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	Harrison Square, . . .	233
Clark, Francis W., . . .	9, Hampden, . . .	Montgomery, . . .	Boston Hotel, . . .	197
Clark, George W., . . .	6, Essex, . . .	Newburyport, . . .	At home, . . .	128
Clatur, Alfred A., . . .	4, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	8 Chilson Place, . . .	103
Codman, Charles R., . . .	6, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	57 Marlborough Street, . . .	10
Cogswell, John B. D., . . .	1, Barnstable, . . .	Yarmouth, . . .	Parker House, . . .	11
Coney, John S., . . .	24, Middlesex, . . .	North Reading, . . .	At home, . . .	119
Cook, William H., . . .	3, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	42 Auburn Street, . . .	224
Copeland, George, . . .	3, Bristol, . . .	Easton, . . .	At home, . . .	73
Couch, Robert, . . .	6, Essex, . . .	Newburyport, . . .	At home, . . .	138
Creesy, William A., . . .	14, Essex, . . .	Salem, . . .	At home, . . .	102
Crittenden, Charles, . . .	4, Franklin, . . .	Hawley, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	41
Crocker, George G., . . .	4, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	29 Somerset Street, . . .	Chair.
Cronin, Daniel A., . . .	3, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	7 Wall Street, . . .	90

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	N ^o . of Seat.
Cross, Joseph W., .	8, Worcester, .	West Boylston, .	At home,	153
Cummings, John, .	22, Middlesex, .	Woburn,	Revere House,	27
Currier, Ben. C., .	6, Essex,	Newburyport,	At home,	48
Cushing, John, . .	2, Plymouth,	Hingham,	At home,	111
Darby, William F., .	2, Berkshire,	Adams,	United States Hotel, . .	126
Davis, George E., .	3, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	216
Davis, Joshua W., .	1, Plymouth,	Cohasset,	At home,	118
Dean, George J., . .	2, Essex,	Haverhill,	At home,	171
Dean, William, . .	6, Bristol,	Freetown,	At home,	129
Derby, I. W., . . .	2, Middlesex,	Charlestown,	At home,	156
Dewey, Seymour B., .	7, Berkshire,	Egremont,	United States Hotel, . .	85
Dudley, Lewis J., .	1, Hampshire,	Northampton,	17 Beacon Street, . . .	20

Dyer, Joseph, . . .	8, Norfolk, .	Weymouth, .	At home, . . .	151
Edwards, Henderson J.,	11, Middlesex, .	Watertown, .	At home, . . .	104
Ely, Frederick D., .	1, Norfolk, .	Dedham, . . .	At home, . . .	231
Evans, Alonzo H., .	4, Middlesex, .	Everett, . . .	At home, . . .	23
Fairbanks, George O.,	7, Bristol, .	Fall River, .	At home, . . .	49
Field, C. C., . . .	5, Worcester, .	Leominster, .	At home, . . .	67
Field, Harrison O.,	2, Franklin, .	Leverett, . .	Quincy House, .	31
Fisher, John H., . .	13, Norfolk, .	Franklin, . .	237 Tremont Street, .	82
Fitz, Eustace C. . .	13, Suffolk, .	Chelsea, . . .	At home, . . .	42
Fitzgerald, John E.,	7, Suffolk, .	Boston, . . .	47 Court Street, .	13
Fitz Gerald, Thomas F.,	7, Suffolk, .	Boston, . . .	168 Sixth Street, So. Boston, .	77
Fletcher, Daniel C.,	18, Middlesex, .	Littleton, . .	At home, . . .	113
Fletcher, John W., .	13, Suffolk, .	Chelsea, . . .	At home, . . .	186
Foss, Granville E., .	3, Essex, . .	Methuen, . .	At home, . . .	84

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
French, H. M., . . .	3, Hampden, .	Springfield, .	United States Hotel, .	132
Frost, William, . . .	9, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	103 Chandler Street, .	126
Gardner, Kirke E., .	1, Berkshire, .	Hancock, .	United States Hotel, .	100
Garces, John, . . .	10, Worcester, .	Worcester, .	At home,	75
Gilbert, Addison, . .	8, Essex, .	Gloucester, .	At home,	80
Gleason, Charles A., .	4, Worcester, .	New Braintree, .	Marlboro' Hotel, . .	115
Goddard, Asa H., . .	9, Worcester, .	Princeton, .	At home,	199
Goddard, Stephen D., .	4, Worcester, .	Petersham, .	Lowell,	185
Gove, A. J., . . .	9, Norfolk, .	Randolph, .	At home,	213
Granger, Brownell, .	3, Norfolk, .	Boston, .	1255 Shawmut Avenue, .	142
Griffin, Fitz E., . .	8, Essex, .	Gloucester, .	At home,	15
Hall, Isaac D., . . .	11, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home,	62

Hammond, John W.,	8, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	At home,	8
Hanson, Charles V.,	12, Essex,	Peabody,	At home,	230
Hardy, Simcon,	13, Middlesex,	Natick,	At home,	99
Harlow, George H.,	12, Worcester,	Shrewsbury,	At home,	78
Hawley, Austin,	8, Berkshire,	Sandisfield,	United States Hotel,	192
Hatch, David P.,	4, Plymouth,	Marshfield,	Neponset,	71
Hayden, Lewis,	6, Suffolk,	Boston,	66 Phillips Street,	70
Hayes, Benjamin F.,	5, Middlesex,	Medford,	At home,	135
Hayes, Francis B.,	6, Suffolk,	Boston,	72 Mt. Vernon Street,	6
Haynes, Samuel S.,	32, Middlesex,	Townsend,	At home,	203
Heath, Benjamin,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	92 S. Bennet Street,	155
Heath, Samuel W.,	16, Worcester,	Douglas,	At home,	36
Higgins, Lot,	3, Barnstable,	Orleans,	2 Marble Court,	50
Hildreth, Samuel E.,	11, Worcester,	Worcester,	At home,	163

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	N ^o . of Seat.
Hill, Amos, . . .	23, Middlesex, .	Stoneham, .	At home, . . .	238
Hill, Henry B., . .	1, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	128 Webster Street, E. Boston,	30
Hollis, John W. . .	10, Middlesex, .	Brighton, .	At home, . . .	134
Holmes, Charles J., .	7, Bristol, .	Fall River, .	At home, . . .	2
Holmes, Lewis, . .	10, Plymouth, .	Bridgewater, .	At home, . . .	17
Hopkins, Samuel B., .	10, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	1284 Washington Street, .	175
Howard, Emory A., .	14, Worcester, .	Northbridge, .	At home, . . .	215
Howes, David P., . .	2, Barnstable, .	Dennis, .	2 Marble Court, . . .	183
Hoyt, George H., . .	2, Worcester, .	Athol, . . .	Adams House, . . .	93
Hull, Barney, . . .	4, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	Sherman House, . . .	64
Humphrey, Richard H.,	15, Essex, . .	Marblehead, .	At home, . . .	124
Hunt, E. Atherton, .	8, Norfolk, .	Weymouth, .	At home, . . .	55

Hurlbut, Thomas P.,	19, Middlesex,	Sudbury,	At home,	220
Hutchinson, Richardson,	5, Norfolk,	Boston,	Forest Hill Avenue, Ward 16,	150
Ide, Alexis W.,	12, Norfolk,	Medway,	At home,	5
Ingalls, Thomas,	15, Essex,	Marblehead,	At home,	68
Jenkins, Nathan S.,	12, Plymouth,	Abington,	At home,	69
Johnson, Jonathan,	29, Middlesex,	Lowell,	At home,	110
Jones, Edward J.,	11, Suffolk,	Boston,	225 Northampton Street,	194
Judd, Thomas M.,	6, Berkshire,	Lee,	United States Hotel,	61
Keith, Jesse E.,	11, Plymouth,	Abington,	At home,	9
Kendrick, George P.,	11, Worcester,	Worcester,	At home,	88
Kentfield, William R.,	6, Hampden,	Chicopee,	United States Hotel,	176
Knight, Lucius W.,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	235 Harrison Avenue,	59
Ladd, Charles R.,	3, Hampden,	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	53
Ladd, Noah D.,	18, Worcester,	Sturbridge,	88 E. Brookline Street,	57

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Learned, George Y.,	3, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield, .	Tremont House.	205
Lewis, Willard, .	11, Norfolk, .	Walpole, .	At home,	29
Loughlin, William H.,	27, Middlesex, .	Lowell, .	At home,	207
Marden, George A.,	26, Middlesex, .	Lowell, .	At home,	167
Marion, Elijah, .	21, Middlesex, .	Burlington, .	At home,	236
Mason, Albert, .	6, Plymouth, .	Plymouth, .	At home,	226
Mayhew, David, .	1, Dukes, .	Tisbury, .	85 Pembroke Street,	173
McCleave, Edward, .	1, Nantucket, .	Nantucket, .	54 K Street, So. Boston, .	81
McDaniel, Samuel W.,	9, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	East Cambridge, . . .	65
Moore, John B., .	20, Middlesex, .	Concord, .	At home,	221
Morgan, Thomas J.,	1, Hampden, .	Brimfield, .	United States Hotel, .	32

Morrill, Charles W.,	1, Essex, .	Salisbury, .	At home, .	178
Morse, Asa P.,	8, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	At home, .	208
Morse, C. D.,	16, Worcester, .	Millbury, .	At home, .	107
Morton, Andrew M.,	1, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	32 Monmouth St., E. Boston, .	140
Norton, Lewis R.,	8, Hampden, .	Westfield, .	United States Hotel, .	63
Nowell, John A.,	10, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	45 Union Park, .	7
Noyes, Edward O.,	11, Plymouth, .	N. Bridgewater, .	At home, .	96
Osborn, Weaver, .	7, Bristol, .	Fall River, .	At home, .	175
Packard, Hiram, .	2, Hampshire, .	Goshen, .	Maverick Sq., East Boston, .	179
Packard, Liberty D.,	12, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	538 Broadway, So. Boston, .	131
Palmer, Albert, .	3, Norfolk, .	Boston, .	14 Forest Street, .	210
Parker, John B., .	7, Worcester, .	Northborough, .	At home, .	219
Parker, William C., Jr.,	10, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	339 Tremont Street, .	160
Patch, Daniel A., .	11, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	57 Worcester Street, .	161

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Peirce, J. Winslow,	6, Middlesex,	Arlington,	At home,	18
Perkins, John,	7, Essex,	Ipswich,	At home,	117
Perley, Charles,	5, Essex,	Boxford,	At home,	225
Phelps, Henry W.,	5, Hampden,	Springfield,	United States Hotel,	132
Phillips, Calvin T.,	3, Plymouth,	Hanson,	At home,	25
Phillips, Willard P.,	13, Essex,	Salem,	Parker House,	35
Plunkett, William C.,	2, Berkshire,	Adams,	United States Hotel,	28
Porter, Francis E.,	10, Essex,	Beverly,	At home,	170
Porter, Rodolphus,	7, Norfolk,	Braintree,	At home,	106
Purington, George, Jr.,	8, Plymouth,	Mattapoisett,	Adams House,	145
Read, J. Henry,	30, Middlesex,	Westford,	At home,	151
Regan, John W.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	5 Columbia Street,	112

Roberts, William, .	12, Middlesex, .	Waltham, .	At home,	109
Robinson, Philip H., .	1, Barnstable, .	Sandwich, .	At home,	87
Ryder George T., .	12, Norfolk, .	Foxborough, .	At home,	157
Salmon, Stephen D., Jr.,	3, Suffolk, .	Boston, .	96 Brighton Street, . .	237
Samson, John, .	2, Middlesex, .	Charlestown, .	At home, 6 Concord Street, .	66
Sanborn, George, .	13, Essex, .	Salem,	At home,	26
Sanford, Edward, .	1, Bristol, .	Attleborough, .	At home,	97
Sauford, John E., .	4, Bristol, .	Taunton, .	Commonwealth Hotel, .	Sp'kr.
Sanger, George J., .	11, Essex, .	Danvers, .	At home,	146
Sanger, George P., .	7, Middlesex, .	Cambridge, .	At home,	187
Sargent, Joseph L., .	20, Middlesex, .	Lowell, .	At home,	1
Saunders, Amos J., .	13, Middlesex, .	Pepperell, .	At home,	150
Sawtelle, Isaac F., .	10, Bristol, .	New Bedford, .	At home,	21 ²³
Sawyer, Augustus J., .	6, Worcester, .	Harvard, .	Quincy House,	79

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	n ^o . of seat.
Scannell, Roger H.,	5, Suffolk,	Boston,	30 Oxford Street,	22
Scott, John C.,	15, Worcester,	Blackstone,	At home,	121
Sears, Nathaniel,	1, Barnstable,	Barnstable,	At home,	148
Seaver, Nathan B.,	4, Bristol,	Taunton,	At home,	212
Seaver, Robert,	2, Norfolk,	West Roxbury,	At home, Jamaica Plain,	86
Shattuck, Henry P.,	8, Suffolk,	Boston,	645 Washington Street,	123
Shaw, James B.,	2, Hampden,	Palmer,	United States Hotel,	91
Shaw, John,	9, Plymouth,	Middleborough,	At home,	222
Shumway, Amos W.,	14, Norfolk,	Dover,	At home,	74
Skinner, Henry C.,	15, Worcester,	Milford,	At home,	114
Smith, James,	1, Suffolk,	Boston,	158 Princeton St., E. Boston,	44
Smith, Joshua B.,	8, Middlesex,	Cambridge,	Cambridge,	141

Snow, Zoeth, Jr., . . .	2, Barnstable, . . .	Brewster, . . .	3 Marble Court, . . .	177
Soule, A. L., . . .	4, Hampden, . . .	Springfield, . . .	Young's Hotel, . . .	143
Sparks, Reuben G., . . .	4, Barnstable, . . .	Provincetown, . . .	Lyne Street, . . .	201
Splaine, Henry, . . .	2, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	7 Unity Court, . . .	164
Sprague, Franklin H., . . .	16, Middlesex, . . .	Frammingham, . . .	At home, . . .	24
Stacey, Oliver M., . . .	18, Essex, . . .	Lynn, . . .	At home, . . .	125
Stedman, Francis D., . . .	9, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	6 Lovering Place, . . .	40
Stetson, James A., . . .	6, Norfolk, . . .	Quincy, . . .	At home, . . .	162
Stewart, William, . . .	3, Franklin, . . .	Colrain, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	144
Stone, Thomas N., . . .	4, Barnstable, . . .	Wellfleet, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	46
Stone, William B., . . .	18, Worcester, . . .	West Brookfield, . . .	Train Street, Boston, . . .	112
Studley, John H., . . .	3, Middlesex, . . .	Charlestown, . . .	127 High Street, . . .	83
Sweet, Andrew H., . . .	2, Bristol, . . .	Norton, . . .	At home, . . .	223
Talbot, Charles, . . .	5, Bristol, . . .	Dighton, . . .	At home, . . .	79

N A M E.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	No. of Seat.
Tarr, James G., . . .	8, Essex, . . .	Gloucester, . . .	At home, . . .	158
Taylor, William, . . .	2, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	234 Commercial Street, . . .	45
Thayer, E. Loring, . . .	11, Plymouth, . . .	N. Bridgewater, . . .	At home, . . .	232
Titus, Joseph A., . . .	11, Worcester, . . .	Worcester, . . .	At home, . . .	234
Toland, Hugh J., . . .	7, Suffolk, . . .	Boston, . . .	121 Dorchester Avenue, . . .	38
Truédell, Marcus, . . .	5, Berkshire, . . .	W. Stockbridge, . . .	At Newton, . . .	147
Vinal, Quincy A., . . .	4, Middlesex, . . .	Somerville, . . .	At home, . . .	43
Walker, William N., . . .	3, Worcester, . . .	Templeton, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	108
Wallace, Rodney, . . .	5, Worcester, . . .	Fitchburg, . . .	Revere House, . . .	116
Waters, Andrew J., . . .	16, Worcester, . . .	Webster, . . .	Quincy House, . . .	Desk.
Watson, Edward F., . . .	28, Middlesex, . . .	Lowell, . . .	At home, . . .	76
Wellington, Timothy W., . . .	10, Worcester, . . .	Worcester, . . .	North Cambridge, . . .	165

White, James L., .	4, Berkshire,	Windsor, .	United States Hotel,	. .	39
White, Tisdale S.,	6, Plymouth,	Plymouth, .	At home, . . .	. .	235
Whitfield, William H., .	12, Bristol, .	Fairhaven, .	Quincy House, .	. .	47
Whitman, George H.,	25, Middlesex, .	BillERICA, .	United States Hotel,	. .	169
Whitney, Austin, .	1, Worcester,	Ashburnham,	United States Hotel,	. .	19
Wiley, Robert R., .	1, Middlesex, .	Charlestown,	At home, . . .	. .	127
Wilson, Henry W.,	12, Suffolk,	Boston, .	190 Dorchester Street,	. .	184
Wing, Benjamin F.,	9, Bristol, .	Dartmouth, .	Adams House, .	. .	98
Winslow, Ezra D.,	10, Middlesex, .	Newton, .	At home, . . .	. .	21
Winslow, Samuel,	10, Worcester,	Worcester, .	At home, . . .	. .	22
Wolcott, Oliver, .	7, Hampden,	Longmeadow,	Quincy House, .	. .	209
Woodbury, Moses D., .	17, Worcester,	Charlton, .	88 E. Brookline Street,	. .	196
Woods, Elijah N.,	1, Hampshire, .	Huntington,	Boston Hotel, . .	. .	159

LIST OF REPRESENTATIVES,

AS ARRANGED BY SEATS.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
1.	Sargent, of Lowell.	31.	Field, of Leverett.
2.	Holmes, of Fall River.	32.	Morgan, of Brimfield.
3.	Bartholmesz, of Boston.	33.	Bonney, of Hadley.
4.	Bailey, of Charlestown.	34.	Chamberlin, of Boston.
5.	Ide, of Medway.	35.	Phillips, of Salem.
6.	Hayes, of Boston.	36.	Heath, of Douglas.
7.	Nowell, of Boston.	37.	Brownell, of Westport.
8.	Hammond, of Cambridge.	38.	Toland, of Boston.
9.	Keith, of Abington.	39.	White, of Windsor.
10.	Codman, of Boston.	40.	Stedman, of Boston.
11.	Cogswell, of Yarmouth.	41.	Crittenden, of Hawley.
12.	Barker, of Pittsfield.	42.	Fitz, of Chelsea.
13.	J. E. Fitzgerald, of Boston.	43.	Vinal, of Somerville.
14.	Lancaster, of Haverhill.	44.	James J. Smith, of Boston.
15.	Griffin, of Gloucester.	45.	Taylor, of Boston.
16.	Bacon, of Lawrence.	46.	Stone, of Wellfleet.
17.	Holmes, of Bridgewater.	47.	Whitfield, of Fairhaven.
18.	Peirce, of Arlington.	48.	Currier, of Newburyport.
19.	Whitney, of Ashburnham.	49.	Fairbanks, of Fall River.
20.	Dudley, of Northampton.	50.	Higgins, of Orleans.
21.	Winslow, of Newton.	51.	Bowker, of Boston.
22.	Winslow, of Worcester.	52.	Hall, of New Bedford.
23.	Evans, of Everett.	53.	Ladd, of Springfield.
24.	Sprague, of Framingham.	54.	Blunt, of Haverhill.
25.	Phillips, of Hanson.	55.	Hunt, of Weymouth.
26.	Sanborn, of Salem.	56.	Benton, of Brookline.
27.	Cummings, of Woburn.	57.	Ladd, of Sturbridge.
28.	Plunkett, of Adams.	58.	Berry, of North Andover.
29.	Lewis, of Walpole.	59.	Knight, of Boston.
30.	Hill, of Boston.	60.	Blake, of Medford.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
61.	Judd, of Lee.	99.	Hardy, of Natick.
62.	Billings, of Sharon.	100.	Gardner, of Hancock.
63.	Norton, of Westfield.	101.	Breed, of Lynn.
64.	Hull, of Boston.	102.	Creesy, of Salem.
65.	McDaniel, of Cambridge.	103.	Clatur, of Boston.
66.	Samson, of Charlestown.	104.	Edwards, of Watertown.
67.	Field, of Leominster.	105.	Allen, of Hamilton.
68.	Ingalls, of Marblehead.	106.	Porter, of Braintree.
69.	Jenkins, of Abington.	107.	Morse, of Millbury.
70.	Hayden, of Boston.	108.	Walker, of Templeton.
71.	Hatch, of Marshfield.	109.	Roberts, of Waltham.
72.	Burt, of Amherst.	110.	Johnson, of Lowell.
73.	Copeland, of Easton.	111.	Cushing, of Hingham.
74.	Shumway, of Dover.	112.	Regan, of Boston.
75.	Gates, of Worcester.	113.	Fletcher, of Littleton.
76.	Watson, of Lowell.	114.	Skinner, of Milford.
77.	T. F. Fitzgerald, of Boston.	115.	Gleason, of New Braintree.
78.	Harlow, of Shrewsbury.	116.	Wallace, of Fitchburg.
79.	Talbot, of Dighton.	117.	Perkins, of Ipswich.
80.	Gilbert, of Gloucester.	118.	Davis, of Cohasset.
81.	McCleave, of Nantucket.	119.	Coney, of North Reading.
82.	Fisher, of Franklin.	120.	Frost, of Boston.
83.	Studley, of Charlestown.	121.	Scott, of Blackstone.
84.	Foss, of Methuen.	122.	Bigelow, of Marlborough.
85.	Dewey, of Egremont.	123.	Shattuck, of Boston.
86.	Seaver, of West Roxbury.	124.	Humphrey, of Marblehead.
87.	Robinson, of Sandwich.	125.	Stacey, of Lynn.
88.	Kendrick, of Worcester.	126.	Darby, of Adams.
89.	Bagg, of W. Springfield.	127.	Wiley, of Charlestown.
90.	Cronin, of Boston.	128.	Clark, of Newburyport.
91.	Shaw, of Palmer.	129.	Dean, of Freetown.
92.	Bardwell, of Deerfield.	130.	Carpenter, of Southbridge.
93.	Hoyt, of Athol.	131.	Packard, of Boston.
94.	Bigelow, of Boston.	132.	French, of Springfield.
95.	Britton, of Wakefield.	133.	Phelps, of Springfield.
96.	Noyes, of N. Bridgewater.	134.	Hollis, of Brighton.
97.	Sanford, of Attleborough.		
98.	Wing, of Dartmouth.		

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
135.	Hayes, of Medford.	171.	Dean, of Haverhill.
136.	Bonner, of Boston.	172.	Chisholm, of N'w Bedford.
137.	Bradley, of Rockport.	173.	Mayhew, of Tisbury.
138.	Couch, of Newburyport.	174.	Osborn, of Fall River.
139.	Abbott, of Malden.	175.	Hopkins, of Boston.
140.	Molton, of Boston.	176.	Kentfield, of Chicopee.
141.	Smith, of Cambridge.	177.	Snow, of Brewster.
142.	Granger, of Boston.	178.	Morrill, of Salisbury.
143.	Soule, of Springfield.	179.	Packard, of Goshen.
144.	Stewart, of Colrain.	180.	Saunders, of Pepperell.
145.	Purrington, of Mattapoisett.	181.	Read, of Westford.
146.	Sanger, of Danvers.	182.	Blankinship, of Marion.
147.	Truesdell, of West Stockbridge.	183.	Howes, of Dennis.
148.	Sears, of Barnstable.	184.	Wilson, of Boston.
149.	Chapin, of Holyoke.	185.	Goddard, of Petersham.
150.	Hutchinson, of Boston.	186.	Fletcher, of Chelsea.
151.	Dyer, of Weymouth.	187.	Sanger, of Cambridge.
152.	Stone, of W. Brookfield.	188.	Bement, of Buckland.
153.	Cross, of W. Boylston.	189.	Burnett, of Belchertown.
154.	Bailey, of Kingston.	190.	Carruth, of Chelsea.
155.	Heath, of Boston.	191.	Black, of Taunton.
156.	Derby, of Charlestown.	192.	Hawley, of Sandisfield.
157.	Ryder, of Foxborough.	193.	Belding, of Northfield.
158.	Tarr, of Gloucester.	194.	Jones, of Boston.
159.	Woods, of Huntington.	195.	Capen, of Stoughton.
160.	Parker, of New Bedford.	196.	Woodbury, of Charlton.
161.	Patch, of Boston.	197.	Clark, of Montgomery.
162.	Stetson, of Quincy.	198.	Calley, of Saugus.
163.	Hildreth, of Worcester.	199.	Goddard, of Princeton.
164.	Splaine, of Boston.	200.	Baker, of Lunenburg.
165.	Wellington, of Worcester.	201.	Sparks, of Provincetown.
166.	Aldrich, of Prescott.	202.	Thayer, of North Bridgewater.
167.	Marden, of Lowell.	203.	Haynes, of Townsend.
168.	Allen, of Lynn.	204.	Briggs, of Amesbury.
169.	Whitman, of Billerica.	205.	Learned, of Pittsfield.
170.	Porter, of Beverly.	206.	Atherton, of Warwick.
		207.	Loughlin, of Lowell.

No.	Name.	No.	Name.
208.	Morse, of Cambridge.	225.	Perley, of Boxford.
209.	Wolcott, of Longmeadow.	226.	Mason, of Plymouth.
210.	Palmer, of Boston.	227.	Batchelder, of Holliston.
211.	Buck, of Southborough.	228.	Scannell, of Boston.
212.	Seaver, of Taunton.	229.	Berdge, of Lynn.
213.	Gove, of Randolph.	230.	Hanson, of Peabody.
214.	Sawtelle, of New Bedford.	231.	Ely, of Dearborn.
215.	Howard, of Northbridge.	232.	Buck, of Hopkinton.
216.	Davis, of Lawrence.	233.	Clark, of Boston.
218.	Sawyer, of Harvard.	234.	Titus, of Worcester.
219.	Parker, of Northborough.	235.	White, of Plymouth.
220.	Hurlburt, of Sudbury.	236.	Marion, of Burlington.
221.	Moore, of Concord.	237.	Salmon, of Boston.
222.	Shaw, of Middleborough.	238.	Hill, of Stoneham.
223.	Sweet, of Norton.		Desk. Crocker, of Boston.
242.	Cook, of Boston.		Desk. Waters, of Webster.

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CHARLES H. TAYLOR, Somerville, .	<i>Clerk.</i>
JOHN MORISSEY, Plymouth, . .	<i>Sergeant-at-Arms.</i>
REV. ROBT. G. SEYMOUR, Boston, .	<i>Chaplain.</i>
CHARLES E. HORNE, . . .	<i>Door-keeper.</i>
T. J. TUCKER, JR., . . .	<i>Assistant Door-keeper.</i>
O. F. MITCHELL, . . .	<i>Postmaster.</i>
H. B. THAYER, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
G. S. LEMOYNE, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
HERBERT MORISSEY, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
THOMAS PLUNKETT, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
W. H. GRAVES, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
E. M. ALEXANDER, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
CYRUS HALL, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
J. H. BREWSTER, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
G. C. CLAPP, . . .	<i>Messenger.</i>
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MONITORS.

FIRST DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. CHAMBERLIN, of Boston, and HILL, of Boston.
SECOND DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. EDWARDS, of Watertown, and GARDNER, of Hancock.
THIRD DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. HARDY, of Natick, and NOYES, of North Bridgewater.
FOURTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. BRITTON, of Wakefield, and BARDWELL, of Deerfield.
FIFTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. SHAW, of Palmer, and ROBINSON, of Sandwich.
SIXTH DIVISION, .	{ Messrs. WHITNEY, of Ashb'nh'm, and GRIFFIN, of Gloucester.

COMMITTEES.

ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Griggs,	.	.	.	.	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Bancroft,	.	.	.	.	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Giles,	.	.	.	.	<i>of Essex.</i>

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs. Nye,	.	.	.	.	<i>of the Island District.</i>
Clark,	.	.	.	.	<i>of Middlesex.</i>
Dwellely,	.	.	.	.	<i>of Norfolk and Plymouth.</i>

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Cogswell,	. . . . .	<i>of Yarmouth.</i>
Sanger,	. . . . .	<i>of Cambridge.</i>
Soule,	. . . . .	<i>of Springfield.</i>
John E. Fitzgerald,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>
Blunt,	. . . . .	<i>of Haverhill.</i>
Hammond,	. . . . .	<i>of Cambridge.</i>
Ely,	. . . . .	<i>of Dedham.</i>

ON MATTERS OF PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Messrs. Mason,	. . . . .	<i>of Plymouth.</i>
Keith,	. . . . .	<i>of Abington.</i>
Clark,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>
Titus,	. . . . .	<i>of Worcester.</i>
Loughlin,	. . . . .	<i>of Lowell.</i>
Judd,	. . . . .	<i>of Lee.</i>
Cook,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>

ON FINANCE.

Messrs. Phillips,	. . . . .	<i>of Salem.</i>
Benton,	. . . . .	<i>of Brookline.</i>
Patch,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>
Jenkins,	. . . . .	<i>of Abington.</i>
Learned,	. . . . .	<i>of Pittsfield.</i>
Sanford,	. . . . .	<i>of Attleborough.</i>
Chapin,	. . . . .	<i>of Holyoke.</i>

ON ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Bigelow,	. . . . .	<i>of Marlborough.</i>
Ingalls,	. . . . .	<i>of Marblehead.</i>
Hawley,	. . . . .	<i>of Sandisfield.</i>
Regan,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>
Copeland,	. . . . .	<i>of Easton.</i>
Atherton,	. . . . .	<i>of Warwick.</i>
Bonner,	. . . . .	<i>of Boston.</i>

ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs. Crocker,	<i>of Boston.</i>
Studley,	<i>of Charlestown.</i>
Briggs,	<i>of Amesbury.</i>
Phillips,	<i>of Hanson.</i>
Morton,	<i>of Boston.</i>
Fletcher,	<i>of Littleton.</i>
Aldrich,	<i>of Prescott.</i>

ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Waters,	<i>of Webster.</i>
Sanborn,	<i>of Salem.</i>
Buck,	<i>of Hopkinton.</i>
Packard,	<i>of Goshen.</i>
Morgan,	<i>of Brimfield.</i>
Dean,	<i>of Haverhill.</i>
Gove,	<i>of Randolph.</i>

ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

Messrs. Higgins,	<i>of Orleans.</i>
Field,	<i>of Leverett.</i>
Hollis,	<i>of Brighton.</i>
Truesdell,	<i>of West Stockbridge</i>
Dyer,	<i>of Weymouth.</i>
Sweet,	<i>of Norton.</i>
Woods,	<i>of Huntington.</i>

ON THE PAY ROLL.

Messrs. Howes,	<i>of Dennis.</i>
Fisher,	<i>of Franklin.</i>
Marion,	<i>of Burlington.</i>
Stewart,	<i>of Colrain.</i>
Shaw,	<i>of Middleborough.</i>
Morrill,	<i>of Salisbury.</i>
T. F. Fitzgerald,	<i>of Boston.</i>

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs. Salmon,	<i>of Boston.</i>
Walker,	<i>of Templeton.</i>
Coney,	<i>of North Reading.</i>
Shumway,	<i>of Dover.</i>
Humphrey,	<i>of Marblehead.</i>
Clark,	<i>of Montgomery.</i>
Woodbury,	<i>of Charlton.</i>

ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Messrs. White,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Windsor.
Haynes,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Townsend.
Heath,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Douglas.
Wolcott,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Longmeadow.
Buck,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Southborough.
Capen,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Stoughton.
Crittenden,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Hawley.

ON PRINTING.

Messrs. Hill,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Boston.
Burnett,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Belchertown.
McCleave,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Nantucket.
Cronin,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Boston.
Sawtelle,	.	.	.	.	.	. of New Bedford.
Bement,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Buckland.
Scannell,	.	.	.	.	.	. of Boston.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Woods, of Hampshire, and
Dwelley, of Norfolk and Plymouth.

Of the House.—Messrs. Moore, of Concord,
Perley, of Boxford,
Belding, of Northfield,
Davis, of Cohasset, and
Mayhew, of Tisbury.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Stickney, of Bristol, and
Giles, of Essex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Couch, of Newburyport,
Holmes, of Fall River,
Cummings, of Woburn,
Evans, of Everett, and
Gleason, of New Braintree.

ON CLAIMS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Johnson, of Worcester, and
Parsons, of Plymouth.

Of the House.—Messrs. Dudley, of Northampton,
Goddard, of Petersham,
Morse, of Cambridge,
Talbot, of Dighton, and
Perkins, of Ipswich.

ON EDUCATION.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Learnard, of Suffolk, and
Washburn, of Suffolk.

Of the House.—Messrs. Sanger, of Danvers,
Packard, of Boston,
Field, of Leominster,
Marden, of Lowell, and
Billings, of Sharon.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Mess^{rs} the Senate.—Messrs. Torrey, of Worcester, and
Lawrence, of Middlesex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Gilbert, of Gloucester,
Sparks, of Provincetown,
Taylor, of Boston,
Holmes, of Bridgewater, and
Smith, of Cambridge.

ON THE FISHERIES.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Woodwell, of Essex, and
Nye, of the Island District.

Of the House.—Messrs. Whitfield, of Fairhaven,
Bailey, of Kingston,
Skinner, of Milford,
Smith, of Boston, and
Peirce, of Arlington.

ON HARBORS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Johnson, of Suffolk,
Washburn, of Suffolk,
Nye, of the Island District.

Of the House.—Messrs. Hayes, of Boston,
Fitz, of Chelsea,
Seaver, of West Roxbury,
Creesy, of Salem,
Sprague, of Framingham,
Wilson, of Boston,
Wing, of Dartmouth, and
Cushing, of Hingham.

ON THE HOOSAC TUNNEL, AND TROY AND GREENFIELD
RAILROAD.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Johnson, of Suffolk,
Woods, of Hampshire, and
Learned, of Berkshire.

Of the House.—Messrs. Plunkett, of Adams,
White, of Plymouth,
Osborn, of Fall River,

Of the House.—Messrs. Granger, of Boston,
Fletcher, of Chelsea,
Whitman, of Billerica,
Hill, of Stoneham, and
Lancaster, of Haverhill.

ON HORSE RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Brown, of Bristol,
French, of Norfolk, and
Baird, of Berkshire and Hampshire.

Of the House.—Messrs. Palmer, of Boston,
Sargent, of Lowell,
Read, of Westford,
Darby, of Adams,
Heath, of Boston,
French, of Springfield,
Samson, of Charlestown, and
Winslow, of Worcester.

ON THE LIBRARY.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Woods, of Hampshire,
Lawrence, of Middlesex, and
Packard, of Hampden.

Of the House.—Messrs. Howard, of Northbridge,
Goddard, of Princeton, and
Sawyer, of Harvard.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Wright, of Middlesex, and
French, of Norfolk.

Of the House.—Messrs. Ladd, of Springfield,
Johnson, of Lowell,
Harlow, of Shrewsbury,
Ryder, of Foxborough, and
Bigelow, of Boston.

ON MANUFACTURES.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Clark, of Middlesex, and
Whiting, of Hampden.

Of the House.—Messrs. Bagg, of West Springfield,
Davis, of Lawrence,
Thayer, of North Bridgewater,
Wallace, of Fitchburg, and
Porter, of Braintree.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Fuller, of Middlesex,
Woodwell, of Essex, and
Todd, of Franklin.

Of the House.—Messrs. Bailey, of Charlestown,
Phelps, of Springfield,
Knight, of Boston,
Blankinship, of Marion,
Roberts, of Waltham,
Cummings, of Woburn,
Bigelow, of Marlborough, and
Foss, of Methuen.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Wright of Middlesex, and
Thompson, of Worcester.

Of the House.—Messrs. Hoyt, of Athol,
Carruth, of Chelsea,
Splaine, of Boston,
Porter, of Beverly, and
Derby, of Charlestown.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Coe, of Bristol, and
Giles, of Essex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Cross, of West Boylston,
Snow, of Brewster,
Ide, of Medway,
Allen, of Hamilton, and
Batchelder, of Holliston.

ON PRISONS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Potter, of Middlesex,
Coe, of Bristol, and
Thompson, of Worcester,

Of the House.—Messrs. Winslow, of Newton,
 Jones, of Boston,
 Dewey, of Egremont,
 Stacy, of Lynn,
 Blake, of Milford,
 Bonney, of Hadley,
 Carpenter, of Southbridge, and
 Black, of Taunton.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Fuller, of Middlesex, and
 Griggs, of Worcester.

Of the House.—Messrs. Stedman, of Boston,
 Breed, of Lynn,
 Gates, of Worcester,
 Stone, of Wellfleet, and
 Toland, of Boston.

ON PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Bancroft, of Worcester, and
 Packard, of Hampden.

Of the House.—Messrs. Currier, of Newburyport,
 Dean, of Freetown,
 Hatch, of Marshfield,
 Frost, of Boston, and
 Hildreth, of Worcester.

ON RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Carpenter, of Norfolk,
 Baker, of the Cape District, and
 Wallace, of Middlesex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Codman, of Boston,
 Fairbanks, of Fall River,
 Barker, of Pittsfield,
 Bacon, of Lawrence,
 Watson, of Lowell,
 Chisholm, of New Bedford,
 Wellington, of Worcester, and
 Baker, of Lunenburg.

ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Lobdell, of Plymouth, and
Todd, of Franklin.

Of the House.—Messrs. Abbott, of Malden,
Clark, of Newburyport,
Norton, of Westfield,
Sears of Barnstable, and
Brownell, of Westport.

ON THE STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Parsons, of Plymouth, and
Banister, of Suffolk.

Of the House.—Messrs. Tarr, of Gloucester,
Kentfield, of Chicopee,
Wiley, of Charlestown,
Berry of North Andover, and
Clatur, of Boston.

ON TOWNS.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Griffin, of Suffolk, and
Morse, of Middlesex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Hayes, of Medford,
Nowell, of Boston,
Kendrick, of Worcester,
Ladd, of Sturbridge, and
Purrlington, of Mattapoissett.

ON WATER-SUPPLY AND DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Learned, of Berkshire,
Lobdell, of Plymouth, and
Whittle, of Essex.

Of the House.—Messrs. McDaniel, of Cambridge,
Currier, of Newburyport,
Shattuck, of Boston,
Studley, of Charlestown,
Titus, of Worcester,
Waters, of Webster,
Bardwell, of Deerfield, and
Vinal, of Somerville.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEES,

On the Several Portions of the Governor's Address.

ON THE LABOR QUESTION.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Griffin, of Suffolk,
Packard, of Hampden, and
Thompson, of Worcester.

Of the House.—Messrs. Berdge, of Lynn,
Griffin, of Gloucester,
Bowker, of Boston,
Stetson, of Quincy,
Capen, of Stoughton,
Parker, of Northborough,
Scott, of Blackstone, and
Parker, of New Bedford.

ON THE LIQUOR LAW.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Coe, of Bristol,
Bancroft, of Worcester, and
Merrill, of Suffolk.

Of the House.—Messrs. Hanson, of Peabody,
Hall, of New Bedford,
Bradley, of Rockport,
Hull, of Boston,
Saunders, of Pepperell.
Bartholmesz, of Boston,
Hunt, of Weymouth, and
Morse, of Millbury.

Raised by Order of the Two Branches.

ON FEMALE SUFFRAGE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Parsons, of Plymouth,
Griggs, of Worcester, and
Woods, of Hampshire.

Of the House.—Messrs. Stone, of West Brookfield,
Hopkins, of Boston,
Allen, of Lynn,
Hayden, of Boston,
Hurlbut, of Sudbury,
Hutchinson, of Boston,
Burt, of Amherst, and
Seaver, of Taunton.

ON STATE POLICE.

Of the Senate.—Messrs. Morse, of Middlesex, and
Harmon, of Essex.

Of the House.—Messrs. Marden, of Lowell,
Mason, of Plymouth,
Sanger, of Danvers,
Soule, of Springfield, and
Haynes, of Townsend.

REPORTERS.

IN THE SENATE.

WM. S. ROBINSON,	}	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
EDWIN D. WHITE,		
RICHARD I. ATWILL,	}	<i>Boston Post.</i> <i>Boston Globe.</i>
J. STUART BANFIELD,		
WM. H. ESTEY,		<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
EDWARD P. MITCHELL,		<i>Boston Herald.</i>
WM. H. BACKUS,		<i>Boston Advertiser.</i>
WM. B. SMART,		<i>Boston Times.</i>
		<i>Boston Transcript.</i>

IN THE HOUSE.

THOMAS BRADLEY,	<i>Boston Herald.</i>
WILLIAM B. SMART,	<i>Boston Post.</i>
C. B. TILLINGHAST,	<i>Boston Journal.</i>
WALTER G. MAKER,	<i>Boston Advertiser.</i>
EDGAR W. DAVIES,	<i>Boston Traveller.</i>
FRED. P. BACON,	<i>Boston Globe.</i>
FRED. P. POWERS,	<i>Boston Times.</i>

ASSIGNMENT OF COMMITTEE ROOMS.

E A S T W I N G .

RIGHT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

President of the Senate and Clerk of the Senate.

(Rear of the Senate Chamber.)

No. 1. Clerk of the House.

2. Committee on Mercantile Affairs.

2. Committee on Insurance.

3. Committee on Public Lands.

3. Committee on the Fisheries.

4. Committee on Harbors.

4. Committee on Water-Supply and Drainage.

5. Committee on the Judiciary. *(Senate.)*

6. Committee on Roads and Bridges.

6. Committee on County Estimates.

7. Committee on Parishes and Religious Societies.

Committee on the Library.

(In the Library.)

Committee on Finance.

Committee on Expenditures.

Committee on the State House.

(Sergeant-at-Arms' Office.)

Committee on the Labor Question.

Committee on Towns.

(In "Blue Room.")

W E S T W I N G .

LEFT, ON ENTERING FROM BEACON STREET.

No. 8. Committee on the Judiciary. *(House.)*

9. Committee on Probate and Chancery. *(House.)*

10. Committee on Railways.

11. Committee on the Pay Roll.

11. Committee on Leave of Absence.
11. Committee on Printing. (*Senate and House.*)
12. Committee on Education.
12. Committee on Probate and Chancery. (*Senate.*)
13. Committee on Banks and Banking.
14. Committee on Horse Railways.
14. Committee on Elections.
15. Committee on Public Charitable Institutions.
16. Committee on Manufactures.
18. Committee on Claims.
Committee on Agriculture.
Committee on Hoosac Tunnel and Troy & Greenfield R. R.
(*In Room opposite Secretary of State's Office.*)
Committee on Prisons.
Committee on Military Affairs.
(*In Room opposite Adjutant-General's Office.*)
Committee on Liquor Laws.
Committee on Woman Suffrage.
(*In "Green Room."*)

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

STATE LIBRARY.

The first section of the fifth chapter of the General Statutes provides that there shall be a State Library kept in the State House, for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives, and such other officers of the Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use the same.

The Library is in the second story of the enlargement.

REGULATIONS.

The Library is open during the Session of Legislature, each day, without intermission, from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except on Saturday P.M., when it is closed at 1 o'clock, for sweeping, dusting, &c.

All persons may use the Library for consultation or reference.

Members of the Legislature may enter any alcove, and consult or peruse any book at their pleasure.

Members may take any of the miscellaneous books to their lodgings, and retain them for a reasonable time.

The Statutes, Law Reports, State Papers, Journals, Dictionaries, Encyclopædias, &c., &c., may be taken to any part of the State House, but are not to be removed from it except in special cases.

Any member wishing to have access to any or all parts of the Library, can be furnished with a key which will open every alcove, on application to one of the Assistants, the key to be returned before leaving the Library-room.

Members taking books from the shelves are requested to be particularly careful to return them to their proper places, or to leave them on the tables, to be replaced by the attendants.

No book is to be taken by a member from the Library-room without its being charged to him.

Books used at a hearing before a committee are to be charged to some member of the committee, or of the Legislature, and not to counsel or parties in the case pending.

Notice to Members of the General Court. 345

Any member having special occasion to use the Library in the evening, or at any hour after it is closed, can have access to it through one of the watchmen in charge of the building.

OFFICERS.

George O. Shattuck, J. M. Manning and Edwin P. Whipple, of Boston, *Trustees*. Joseph White, *Librarian, ex officio*. Samuel C. Jackson, *Acting Librarian*. Miss C. R. Jackson, Miss E. M. Sawyer, *Assistants*.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for use of the members of the Legislature. It is in the basement of the State House, in the rear.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House, and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6, of the Act of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

CONSTABLES OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

GEORGE W. BOYNTON, *Chief Constable.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

Raymond Ellington,	Provincetown.
Isaiah C. Inman,	Dennis.
Benjamin H. Matthews,	Yarmouth.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Joel A. Hunter,	Adams.
William McKay,	Adams.
Austin W. Kellogg,	Pittsfield.
Moses H. Pease,	Lee.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Robert Crossman,	Taunton.
David Dean,	Fall River.
George Dunham,	New Bedford.

DUKES COUNTY.

Jason L. Dexter,	Edgartown.
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ESSEX COUNTY.

Gustavus Andrews, <i>Clerk</i> ,	Lynn.
Melvin Beal,	Lawrence.
William C. Bowler,	Marblehead.
John F. Browne,	Lynn.
Edward P. Howe,	Haverhill.
Richard C. Hale,	Newburyport.
Joseph A. Moore,	Gloucester.
Benjamin B. Roberts,	Lawrence.
John E. Smith,	Lynn.

Samuel W. Tuck,	Newburyport.
William H. Tozer,	Ipswich.
Chase Philbrick,	Salem.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

George A. Bates,	Shelburne.
George H. Phelps,	Northfield.
Hugh B. Miller,	Colrain.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Harvey H. Billings,	Springfield.
Stephen C. Couch,	Springfield.
George A. Randall,	Springfield.
Patrick H. Casey,	Holyoke.
Frank J. Borlen,	Holyoke.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

William E. Lewis,	Ware.
Elijah N. Sampson,	Northampton.
Aaron Barton,	Northampton.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Pembroke S. Rich,	Ayer.
William H. Gertz,	Cambridge.
George N. Bramhall,	Cambridge.
Joseph Neenan,	Cambridge.
Edward E. Souther,	Charlestown.
Charles A. Cannon,	Charlestown.
Benj. F. Baker,	Hopkinton.
George H. Morse,	Lowell.
Albert Pinder,	Lowell.
Francis Hinckley,	Maplewood.
Micah B. Priest,	Marborough.
William N. Tyler,	Melrose.
Josiah A. Bean,	Natick.
Hosea C. Hoyt,	Newton Up. Falls.
Charles A. Davis,	Somerville.
John E. Tidd,	Woburn.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

Andrew J. Garey,	East Weymouth.
Isaac Porter,	Braintree.
Benj. P. Eldridge (on duty in Brookline), .	Neponset.
Christopher T. Bailey,	Dedham.
Lewis R. Whittaker,	Franklin.
Napoleon B. Furnald,	Quincy.
Kilburn R. Clifford,	Stoughton.
Charles W. Hastings, <i>Clerk</i> ,	South Weymouth.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

George G. Pratt,	Abington.
Uriah McCoy,	East Bridgewater.
William S. McFarlin,	Wareham.
James B. Collingwood,	Plymouth.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Thomas P. Bagley,	Boston.
Daniel C. Jones,	Boston.
William K. Jones,	Boston.
Hollis C. Pinkham,	Chelsea.
Francis M. Smith,	Boston.
James P. Wade,	Chelsea.
John S. Tobey,	Chelsea.
Frederic A. Marsh,	Boston.
George F. Raymond,	South Boston.
John Tewksbury,	Boston.
William M. Strachan,	Chelsea.
James H. McGuire,	Boston.
George G. Trull,	Cambridgeport.
Michael Meade,	South Boston.
Daniel Noonan,	Boston.
John A. Daly,	Boston.
John E. Gilman,	Boston.
Richard F. Andrews,	Boston Highlands.
Clark Waters,	South Boston.
Edward L. Noyes,	Somerville.
Samuel A. Waterman,	Boston Highlands.

John Green,	Chelsea.
Charles F. Hammond,	South Weymouth.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

Harrison H. Comings,	Worcester.
Abijah Brown,	Clinton.
Henry S. Hitchcock,	Fitchburg.
Augustus W. Keene,	Milford.
Samuel J. Fletcher,	Northbridge.
Charles W. Davis,	Templeton.
Solomon Shumway,	Webster.
Horace W. Bush,	West Brookfield.
James M. Drennan,	Worcester.

SOLDIERS' MESSENGER CORPS,

*For the delivery of Messages, Letters, Small Packages, Circulars,
&c., in this City and its immediate vicinity.*

Stations.

1. Front of Merchants' Exchange, State Street.
2. Corner of Water and Washington Streets.
3. Pemberton Square.
4. Clarendon House.
5. Liberty Square.
6. Corner of Milk and Washington Streets.
7. Corner of Summer and Washington Streets, and corner of
West and Washington Streets.
8. Corner of Arlington and Boylston Streets, and Providence
Depot.
9. Worcester Depot.
10. Southwest corner of Court and Washington Streets, Old State
House.
11. Corner of Winter and Tremont Streets.
12. Front of Mechanics' Bank, State Street.
13. State House.
14. Merchants' Row, corner of State Street.
15. Commonwealth Hotel.
16. Corner of Arlington and Beacon Streets.
17. Corner of Franklin and Washington Streets.
18. Corner of Lindall and Congress Streets.
19. Opposite Horticultural Building, Tremont Street.
20. Corner of Charles and Chestnut Streets.
21. Scollay's Square.
22. Athenæum Building, Beacon Street.
23. Front of Boylston Market, on Washington Street.
24. Front of the Parker House, on School Street.

*Tariff.**

To any point in Boston, north of Dover Street, and east of Berkeley Street,	15 cents.
To any point in Boston, north of Dover Street, and east of Berkeley Street, with return letter or parcel,	25 cents.
To any point in Boston, south of Dover Street (old city limits), and west of Berkeley Street,	20 cents.
To any point in Boston, south of Dover Street (old city limits), and west of Berkeley Street, with return letter or parcel,	30 cents.
To East or South Boston, Charlestown, Cambridge, Highlands, or any point out of Boston proper, per hour,	25 cents.

Circulars delivered according to agreement.

Extra messengers, to be paid by the day, may be had at the Superintendent's office.

Complaints from any cause whatever, made to the Superintendent, at his office, 24 Pemberton Square, will secure prompt attention.

D. O. BALCOM, *Superintendent.*

* Messengers No. 4 and 15 have cards with printed tariff for their stations.

THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4th, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet, and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the Bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855 and 1856.

Under a Resolve of 1866, a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the Committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations, at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that

year, the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same Resolve to expend \$150,000, and by a subsequent Resolve \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the 2d day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department are concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet—a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic feet.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall, and its finish, as also that of the Senate Chamber, were much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green-room," which was directly above. A new "green-room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet

and finished in panels, and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Beside the space occupied by the heating and ventilating apparatus and two large fire-proof rooms, there are now in this story, in the old part, twelve good rooms. Openings are made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mt. Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam, generated in three boilers located in an underground room outside of the walls, between the west wing and Hancock Avenue. Warm, fresh hydrated air, for ventilation, is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine, and the same engine runs an exhaust fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The Legislature of 1833 made provision for re-seating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the Legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

The Battle Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the rebellion, were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occa-

sion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq., architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number—194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the northwest angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags in the Washington Statue recess, and the artillery and battery flags in the northeastern niche. In the statue recess, the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

The Statue of Washington,

By CHANTRY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area near the statue are *fac similes* of certain Memorial Stones of the ancestors of Washington, from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, February 22, 1861.

The Statue of Webster,

By POWERS, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859 by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

The Statue of Mann,

By MISS STEBBINS, was erected in 1865.

The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By THOMAS BALL, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1871.

Lincoln and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln and Senator Sumner have recently been placed in niches in the Doric Hall.

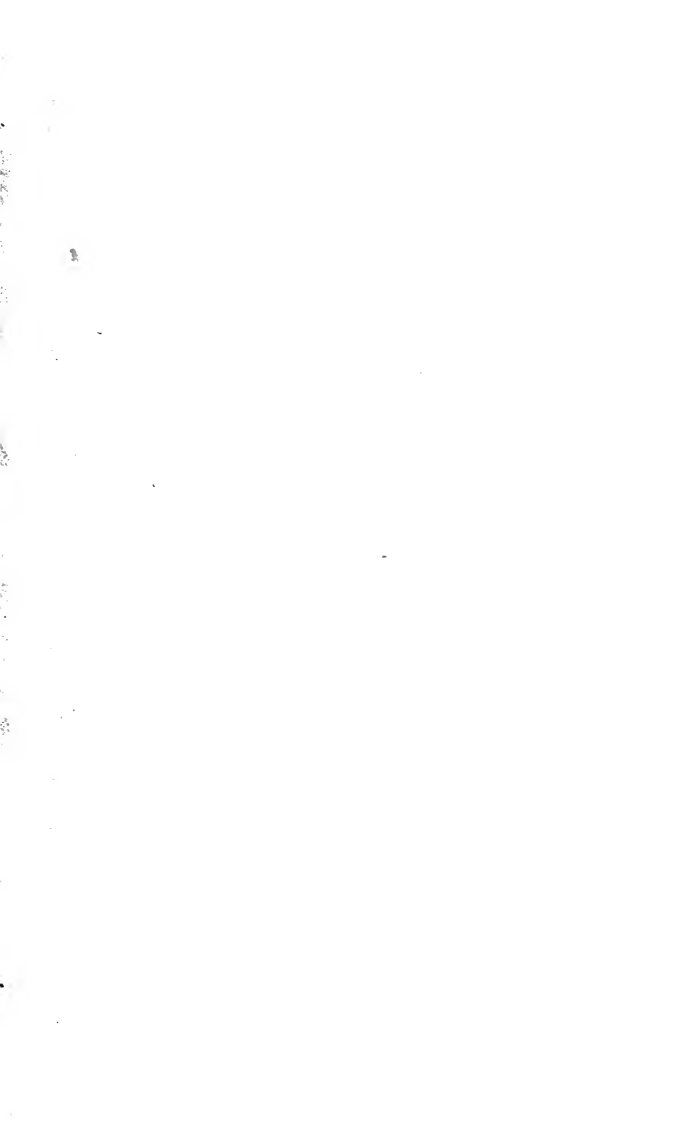
Wilson and Boutwell.

Busts of Senator Wilson and Mr. Secretary Boutwell have recently been placed in the Library.

CALENDAR.

1873	Sund.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.	1873	Sund.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Satur.
Jan.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4	July	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	26	27	28	29	30	31	...	Aug.	27	28	29	30	31	...	...
Feb.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1		...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	23	24	25	26	27	28	...		24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Mar.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Sept.	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...	Oct.	28	29	30	...	...	...	...
April	...	...	1	2	3	4	5		...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	27	28	29	30	...	...	...		26	27	28	29	30	31	...
May	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	Nov.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		30	...	...	...	...	...	...
June	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Dec.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	29	30		28	29	30	31





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